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EATHER — PARIS: Friday, fair. Temp. 13-28 (55-82). fair. LONDON: Friday, cloudy. Temp. 12-17 (54-63). cloudy. CHANNEL: Moderate. ROME: Friday, fair. 25 (67-77). NEW YORK: Friday, cloudy, possible rain. 25 (66-77).

DDITIONAL WEATHER — COMICS PAGE

Abu Dhabi	4.50 Dirh	Greece	25 Drs.	Netherlands	1.75 Fls.
Algeria	3.00 Din.	India	Rs 9	Nigeria	70 K.
Austria	12 S.	Iran	70 Rials	Norway	3.25 N.Kr.
Bahrain	0.400 Din	Israel	1.£22.00	Oman	0.425 Rial
Belgium	23 B.Fr	Italy	500 Lire	Portugal	25 Esc.
Cyprus	300 Mills	Jordan	300 Fils	Qatar	4.00 Rials
Denmark	3.75 D.Kr.	Kenya	Shs. 8.00	Saudi Arabia	3.50 Rials
Dubai	4.50 Dirh.	Kuwait	300 Fils	Spain	50 Ptas.
Egypt	50 P.	Lebanon	£2.75	Sweden	3.00 S.Kr.
Eire	22 P.	Libya	LDin. 0.25	Switzerland	1.70 S.Fr.
Finland	3.00 F.M.	Luxembourg	23 L.Fr.	Tunisia	3.25 Din
France	3 F.	Madeira	27.5 Esc.	Turkey	T.L. 37.50
Germany	1.50 D.M.	Malta	22 Cents	U.S. Mil. (Eur.)	$0.35
Great Britain	20 P.	Morocco	3.00 Dr.	Yugoslavia	22 D.

30,042 *R PARIS, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1979 Established 1887



Associated Press

resident Carter wipes his brow at an Ohio meeting.

Ohio Crowds Friendlier

...nnedy Appeal Confronts ...rter Visit to Connecticut

BENVILLE, Ohio, Sept. 13 — President Carter flew to ngland yesterday, into the Kennedy country, and was y confronted with repeated rs of the programs and po- ppeal of the senator from usetts.

pecter of a possible presi- challenge from Sen. Edward y followed the president a morning of politicking in ticut before he flew to the ning country of Eastern

g a session with senior citi- Hartford, the president t necessary to mention his l rival five times in defend- own plan for a phased intro- of national health insur- ance the more immediate prehensive plan favored by nedy.

al of the questioners chal- the Carter plan and made it in their questions that they the Kennedy approach.

Friendlier Crowds

crowds were enthusiastic in however, and only one Kennedy" sign could be ong the *many* welcoming ident to this steel-and-coal the Ohio River.

Hartford, Mr. Carter an- d that the latest figures that the United States have adequate supplies of eating fuel for the coming He said that heating oil would reach the declared 240 million barrels by Octo- d that the United States is y producing more home n it was at this time last

resident praised last week's ement by Texaco that it old the line on home heat- prices and said he had asked 27 major oil companies to a similarly responsible by freezing prices and ex- credit to hard-pressed cus- There was no immediate re- the companies' response.

Carter also disclosed details eviously announced energy e program, designed to cushion the impact of higher fuel costs on low-income households. He said that $1.6 billion in aid would be provided under the program this winter and $2.4 billion a year thereafter.

...ian Admits ...napping of ...no Heiress

VA, Sept. 12 (Reuters) — ian laborer admitted in day that he helped to kid- d heiress Graziella Ortiz- rom her Geneva home two o.

Antonio Cataldo, 24, denied had planned the abduction he helped to hold the girl in nine apartment during the negotiations. She was re- ter 11 days for a ransom of on.

ella, now 7, is not testifying ial. Her father, Jorge Ortiz- the nephew of Bolivian tin Antenor Patino, said that d prefer to see the defend- mitted than to oblige Gra- face her kidnapper again.

Cataldo, who was arrested in France, faces a penalty ars in prison.

Tehran Moves Closer To Naming Ayatollah Its Supreme Leader

TEHRAN, Sept. 13 (Reuters) — Iran's council of constitutional experts yesterday approved a clause to the constitution that apparently would pave the way for Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini to be named the leader of a future theocratic state.

The clause said that the nation's supreme religious leader would act as the guardian of the nation's affairs in the absence of the Shiite sect's 12th imam, who disappeared 1,100 years ago and who Shiites believe will return someday.

The clause said, "In the absence of the Imam Zaman [12th imam], guardianship of the affairs and leadership of the nation rests in the hands of the honest, efficient and aware theologian whose leadership has been accepted and recognized by the majority of the people." Ayatollah Khomeini currently is recognized as the supreme Iranian religious leader.

If such a man were not available, a council of Islamic legal experts would take over his functions, the clause said. The clause is linked to the Shiite concept of *velayate faghih* (government of theologians), which often was expounded in lectures by Ayatollah Khomeini during his exile.

The clause has been introduced into Iran's draft constitution since the council of experts began its work last month.

A recent updated version of the draft charter contained a separate clause, still to be approved, under which the country's spiritual leader would have the power to dismiss or appoint the president in emergencies. He also would have the right to call referendums and approve candidates for the presidency.

One of the few dissenting voices in yesterday's debate on the clause approving the appointment of a supreme leader was Rahmatolah Moghadam Maragheh. He said: "If you are going to give the powers of government to a specific group by using the power of Islam, this will not be acceptable to society."

Mr. Maragheh, one of the few secular members of the council, said that he accepted the leadership of Ayatollah Khomeini, but added: "How can we be sure that in the future we will have a leader like Imam Khomeini?"

Meanwhile nine persons were executed today, according to newspaper and radio reports.

Firing Squads

The newspaper Kayhan reported the execution of four convicted heroin smugglers in Hamadan province. In Gonbad-e Kavus, a convicted heroin smuggler and a man convicted of sodomy were executed by firing squads.

The state radio said that two men were executed in the Kurdish city of Sanandaj on the orders of the chief Islamic judge, Sheikh Sadeq Khalkhali, for murder and the oppression of local residents.

An Iraqi Kurd was executed in Baneh for taking part in the Kurdish rebellion, Kayhan said. There was no news of six Iraqi nationals, also believed to be Kurds, who reportedly were sent to Tehran for a final decision on their fate after receiving death sentences from Sheikh Khalkhali.

Izvestia Praises Iran

MOSCOW, Sept. 13 (Reuters) — Izvestia today praised Iran's Islamic revolution, a week after one of the newspaper's senior commentators wrote it off as a failure.

Tehran correspondent A. Akhmedzyanov described Iran's policies as "anti-imperialist" and said that they reflected the aspirations of the people and had received broad support worldwide.

His report contrasted strongly with an article last week by Alexander Bovin in the newspaper's magazine Nedelya. He said that political freedoms had been suppressed and that Iran faced economic chaos. He added that the hopes that the revolution would bring a better life had been replaced by "insecurity and fear, uncertainty and disappointment."

The article today, which did not refer to the actions against leftist organizations and the fighting with the Kurdish and other minorities, said that the Soviet Union had come out in support of the Iranian revolution.



Associated Press

Rescuers inspect the wreckage of two trains after a collision in Yugoslavia.

57 Die, 100 Hurt in Yugoslav Rail Crash

STALAC, Yugoslavia, Sept. 13 (Reuters) — At least 57 persons were killed today and more than 100 injured when a freight train smashed into an express packed with army recruits near this town 180 kilometers south of Belgrade, officials said.

They said that the search for more dead and injured was still going on, with rescue teams using acetylene torches to cut through the tangled steel wreckage.

A judge investigating the early-morning crash said that the freight train went through a red signal just before the collision. The engineer of the express said that the freight train literally sliced through his convoy.

Officials did not yet know whether any foreigners were on the express, which was more than an hour behind schedule when it arrived at Stalac en route to Skoplje.

Muzorewa Threatens Early End To Talks

By James R. Peipert

LONDON, Sept. 13 (AP) — Zimbabwe Rhodesia's first black prime minister today made clear that he is unhappy with the course of the constitutional conference here and indicated he might leave before any discussion of a new administration involving guerrilla chiefs.

On the fourth day of the conference, Prime Minister Abel Muzorewa called a news conference to denounce the guerrilla delegation as "bloodthirsty murderers."

Bishop Muzorewa, informed sources said, also sent a formal note to the conference chairman, British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington, saying that his delegation "reserves our position" against discussing anything except a new constitution.

Meanwhile, chances of rapid progress on the constitution, the least explosive issue, dimmed as the Patriotic Front guerrilla alliance announced it was putting forward its own proposals for debate alongside a British draft.

Delegates met for only 35 minutes today; they will convene again tomorrow afternoon. They have met for a total of only six hours since Lord Carrington opened the talks Monday.

"I came here to discuss a constitution," Bishop Muzorewa told the news conference. He said in answer to a question that it would be "quite logical" for him to leave after the constitutional debate.

The bishop is upset that Lord Carrington agreed to a guerrilla demand that the conference also discuss their top priority of whose forces will comprise and control the army and police in any transition period toward British-granted independence.

The continued rumblings over the agenda underlined the directly conflicting views of the prime minister and the Patriotic Front over what the conference should accomplish.

Bishop Muzorewa wants Britain to lead the Western world into recognizing his black-led government — the result of an "internal settlement" between the former white-minority administration of Ian Smith and moderate black leaders — and lift 14 years of trade sanctions.

Guerrilla Aims

The Patriotic Front wants the conference to replace Bishop Muzorewa, whom it regards as a traitor serving white-minority interests, with a new transition administration, which they would dominate, and set up a new national army based on their own Communist-armed forces.

The bishop argued today that his government was fairly elected by universal suffrage. He added, "anyone who thinks or tries to persuade others they are still fighting for freedom from colonial rule by a white minority . . . is suffering from delusions bordering on insanity."

Delay in recognizing Zimbabwe Rhodesia by Britain and the rest of the world, Bishop Muzorewa said, is costing hundreds of lives and increasing the danger of intervention in the area by the Russians, Cubans and East Germans, who are "openly and actively assisting the Patriotic Front."

The guerrillas, who have been fighting seven years to topple first Mr. Smith and now Bishop Muzorewa, "are bloodthirsty murderers intent only on genocide and the subjugation of seven million people," the bishop said. "They occupy permanently not one square inch of Zimbabwe Rhodesia."

Turkey Still Considering U-2 Overflights by U.S.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (WP) — Turkey may yet allow the United States to fly U-2 reconnaissance planes through its airspace in order to monitor Soviet compliance with the strategic arms limitation treaty, a senior Turkish diplomat here said yesterday.

In an effort to dispel a general impression in Washington that Turkey would resist the overflights, the official said the flights would likely be approved if the United States could assure Turkey the Soviet Union would go along with them — something the Russians so far have not been willing to do.

Turkish reluctance concerning the flights appeared to deepen last June, when Turkey's top military commander, upset by the refusal of the U.S. House of Representatives to endorse a $50 million grant to Turkey, was quoted as saying his country would not permit the United States to fly the U-2 planes over Turkey.

The Turkish official also sought yesterday to disprove earlier reports that Turkey had placed a price tag on the use of its airspace.

The remarks clearly left doors open for an accord on the issue, although it was not the first time the Turks spelled out their conditions.

Since the loss of U.S. intelligence-gathering posts in Iran, the use of the high-altitude U-2 planes

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)

First Speech-Making Since November

Dissidents Hold Rally in Peking Square

PEKING, Sept. 13 (UPI) — Young dissidents today spoke for more than two hours at a rare and apparently unauthorized meeting in Tienanmen Square.

One of the eight members of the just formed "Association for the Study of Scientific and Democratic Socialism" said in an interview later that the meeting indicated democracy at work in China.

"A year ago we could not have done this," said Chang Xifeng, 30. "We will meet again in 10 days."

The morning meeting was advertised in a poster plastered on "Democracy Wall" yesterday, a short distance from the square in the heart of Peking, where hundreds of people gathered to listen.

The speakers did not attack Communist Party policy as such. They praised the late Chairman Mao Tse-tung as the father of the revolution, although they criticized some of his later policies.

But one youth condemned "the privileged status of many people compared with the masses," while another charged that China practiced "a combination of capitalism and feudalism because many officials are appointed to their jobs for life and not elected."

The only interference came at the start of the meeting. Leaflets carried by one youth were seized by military personnel, who shouted "You can't do this." Another youth who tried to retrieve the documents was grabbed and led away.

China Aide in Belgrade

BELGRADE, Sept. 13 (AP) — Chinese Deputy Premier Wang Renzhong, who is in charge of agriculture in his country, arrived here today for a 12-day visit on the invitation of the Yugoslav government.

Mr. Chang said the association's leader, who put up the poster, "disappeared yesterday and did not come here today," and was presumed to be under arrest.

Meanwhile, China reorganized its government structure today, adding three new ministries to the Cabinet, including a Justice Ministry to supervise the newly guaranteed civil rights that go into effect next year.

Ex-Associate of Chou

The Chinese news agency also announced that former Foreign Minister Ji Pengfei had been promoted to the rank of deputy premier.

Mr. Ji, 70, a long-time associate of the late Premier Chou En-lai, played a role in the normalization of Chinese-U.S. relations in 1971. He was appointed foreign minister just before the historic visit of former President Richard Nixon in 1972.

The dissidents' meeting today marked the first unauthorized speech-making since November, when crowds of youths gathered in Tienanmen Square to demand democratic freedoms. Such meetings and the fixing of posters on Democracy Wall stopped early this year. This month, the posters have reappeared.

Rush for Pamphlets

After the army men left, the youths tossed the remaining pamphlets into the air. Eager crowds pushed to grab them, while a man handing out free official newspapers was ignored.

"Foreigners come here and see the new Peking Hotel, a symbol of opulence, and prosperity in the store windows," cried one youth, his voice hoarse from speaking. "But some people still suffer from hunger and are without clothing."

The crowd included dozens of old, poor persons who have staged a sit-in outside the nearby party Central Committee headquarters on and off for weeks. They seek the return of jobs, money and housing they lost during Mao's Cultural Revolution.

U.S. Suspects Soviet Force Trains Cubans for Africa

By Bernard Gwertzman

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (NYT) — The administration is considering whether the reported Soviet combat brigade in Cuba may have the mission of training Cuban forces for action in Africa, State Department officials said yesterday.

Even though the possibility of the training function is only one of several theories being discussed, the fact that it is under consideration suggests a possible modification in the administration's emphasis that the force of 2,000 to 3,000 soldiers was strictly a combat unit.

Intelligence officials said the United States learned from the monitoring of Soviet radio communications a year ago that a combat force designated as a "brigade" was in Cuba, but did not pursue the matter. The officials said indications of the presence of a brigade were first received in 1975 and 1976 and had been ignored in higher echelons of the government.

Since Pravda, the Soviet Communist Party daily, was so categorical on Tuesday in asserting that Soviet military personnel were in Cuba solely for training purposes, the administration has undertaken to see whether this can be reconciled with the evidence, officials said.

With talks continuing between Secretary of State Cyrus Vance and Soviet Ambassador Anatoly Dobrynin over the status of the brigade in Cuba, the administration is focusing increasingly on the mission of the Soviet forces.

State Department officials said there was no disagreement within the administration that the Soviet force consists of two rifle companies, one rocket artillery company, and one tank company.

Some military experts, the official said, have raised the possibility that the force for some years has been a combat brigade with a training mission.

The official said the 40,000 Cuban troops deployed in Africa, mostly in Angola and Ethiopia, were organized in units similar to the Soviet brigade. There are said to be no other Soviet brigade-type units except in East Berlin, in Mongolia and in Kamchatka Province in the Soviet Far East.

If indeed the Soviet force turns out to have had a training mission — and that is not definite, the official said — then the administration may find itself facing a problem in the Senate.

From the time the existence of the brigade was first disclosed last week, the administration has described it as a "combat unit." In the process, as officials now acknowledge, the administration may have created for itself a semantic as well as a political problem of defining what constitutes a combat unit.

The question is whether a unit organized as a brigade could not also be used as a training group and whether, in this case, this is not the organizational approach followed by the Soviet Union.

Having emphasized the combat nature of the brigade, the administration would now face a problem in persuading the Senate that the unit has a training role.

Sen. Frank Church, D-Idaho, chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, for instance, has said that unless the combat brigade was removed, the strategic arms treaty would not be approved by the Senate. It is doubtful that Sen. Church would accept an explanation that the force simply had a training mission.

Mr. Vance met with Mr. Dobrynin for two hours yesterday at the State Department to continue their discussions, begun Monday. During the day, Mr. Vance went twice to Capitol Hill, to brief Rep. Clement Zablocki, D-Wis., chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee, in the morning, and Sen. John Stennis, D-Miss., chairman of the Armed Services Committee, in the afternoon.

The administration has carefully avoided stating what it wants the Soviet Union to do about the brigade in Cuba. President Carter and Mr. Vance have limited themselves to saying that the status quo is unacceptable.

Israeli General Censors Slaying Incident

By Dial Torgerson

LONDON, Sept. 13 — The Israeli Army has suppressed the full story of a young lieutenant's slaying of four Arab civilians last year in Lebanon on grounds that the record of his trial is covered by the rules of censorship.

In Israel, the press has been told to report only what the army chief of staff will say on the subject, and a member of the Knesset (parliament) has accused the chief of staff of lying.

Despite the official censorship, the incident is widely known and discussed in Israel. An unofficial account has been distributed internally and mailed overseas. A copy made available here says that:

● In 1978, after the Israeli Army invaded southern Lebanon, Lt. Daniel Pinto, about 20, the acting commander of an infantry company, tortured and killed by strangulation four Lebanese peasants. Two enlisted men who helped him were sworn to secrecy. The peasants' bodies, bound hand and foot, were dumped into a well.

● Lt. Pinto told another officer about the incident and when that officer learned that one of the two enlisted men was to be named "outstanding soldier" by the president of Israel, he told his superiors about it. Two of the bodies, showing signs of torture and no bullet wounds, were removed from the well. Attempts to recover the other two were called off when it appeared that the well was about to cave in.

Soldier Accused in Torture-Deaths Of 4 Civilians in Raid on Lebanon

● Late last summer a court-martial convicted Lt. Pinto on two counts of murder, reduced him to the rank of private and sentenced him to 12 years in prison. In January, on appeal, a second military court reduced the sentence to eight years. Then, in June, the case went for automatic review to the chief of staff, Lt. Gen. Rafael Eitan, who reduced the sentence to two years.

Two leftist members of opposition parties brought the matter up in the Knesset. One of them published an unofficial version in an open memo to members of parliament and there was a wave of criticism in the local press — obliquely phrased — against Gen. Eitan and the military.

Gen. Eitan was a tough, popular field commander before he was named chief of staff in April 1978. But the undercurrent of criticism against him suggests that he believes that killing Arabs is a negligible crime, Hannah Zemer wrote in the Israeli daily Davar:

Published Version

"I cannot comprehend how a chief of staff could make light of these kinds of acts. If these are his personal mores, it is sad.

Much of the criticism in the Pinto case centered on the use of censorship to prevent publication of the court's findings while allowing papers to print the version given by the defendant at his trial and recounted by the defendant's mother. Gen. Eitan, in an interview with a Tel Aviv newspaper in July, agreed with the Pinto version.

According to this account, Lt. Pinto broke into a house where two suspected terrorists were hiding and when they attacked him, he shot them, then found documents on them identifying them as terrorists.

Sources who have seen secret army reports say that the victims' bodies bore no gunshot wounds and that their feet and hands were tied. In many respects, their reports support the account offered by Uri Avneri, the Knesset member who [illegible] says, in part:

[illegible]ew, the chief of [illegible]'s version, which [illegible]stances had found [illegible]e, and presented it [illegible]oven truth. He did [illegible]owing that censor- [illegible]der his command, [illegible]publication of any [illegible] other [illegible]

"There [illegible]olutely no doubt. I am sorry to [illegible] that the chief of staff lied deliberately, knowing that every word he was pronouncing was a total lie."

Gen. Eitan's reduction of Lt. Pinto's sentence was brought to the Knesset's attention by a civil rights activist, Shulamit Aloni, and became the basis of a no-confidence vote initiated by Mr. Avneri and his Sheli Party. Prime Minister Menachem Begin's government easily defeated the move.

Not long after Mr. Aloni raised the matter in the Knesset, a group of enlisted men from Lt. Pinto's unit demonstrated on his behalf outside of army headquarters. Afterward, some of them talked with onlookers before the army warned them to stop. They gave this account:

Lt. Pinto's company approached the village of Ein Ba'al in southern Lebanon during the March, 1978, invasion, fired on the village and then advanced when white flags appeared. As the troops moved in, a sniper killed the company commander. Pinto, a platoon commander, was promoted to temporary company commander. About two weeks later, he tried to find out from "terrorist suspects" who had killed his company commander and it was then that the deaths occurred.

Mr. Avneri's version is that Lt. Pinto tied the four men in separate rooms "and tortured his victims cruelly for hours, in a number of different ways; at the end, he murdered them by strangulation, using his hands and a nylon cord."

© Los Angeles Times

Los Angeles Smothered in Smog For 7th Day; 'Hazard' Declared

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 13 — Eye-searing, throat-burning smog smothered Los Angeles in a bourbon-colored blanket today, sending scores of persons to hospitals with respiratory trouble and forcing many commuters to join car pools.

Meteorologists predicted that the yellow-brown haze would continue in the area for at least the next three days. Doctors advised even healthy adults to stay indoors. Motorists were urged to stay off the streets.

The air was classified as "hazardous" for the second day and officials called a second-stage smog alert for the seventh straight day. That made it the worst bout of smog in the area in 17 years, surpassing the six days of second-stage smog in Pasadena, 20 miles northeast of central Los Angeles, in 1962.

Hospitals in the San Gabriel and San Fernando valleys reported increases of up to 50 percent in the number of patients treated for chronic lung diseases such as asthma and emphysema, which are severely aggravated by smog.

Sixty-five smog-control inspectors crisscrossed the area looking for businesses failing to meet abatement plans. Most of the company plans closed parking lots to cars carrying fewer than three persons.

That forced commuters into car pools, because Southern California Rapid Transit District buses have been idled by a strike since Aug. 26.

The inspectors also searched for plants violating a mandatory 20-percent reduction in industrial emissions. Smoke in the air was increased by brush fires burning more than 3,500 acres in Los Angeles County.

© Los Angeles Times

Egypt, Israel Impose Direction Of Peace Negotiations on U.S.

By William Claiborne and Edward Cody

JERUSALEM, Sept. 13 (WP) — For the second time in a month, Israel and Egypt have bypassed U.S. leadership and have come together on their own to forge a common policy on the direction and pace of Middle East peace negotiations.

The independent policymaking by President Anwar Sadat and Prime Minister Menachem Begin dramatizes the extraordinary change in climate that has taken place since Mr. Sadat made his historic trip to Jerusalem in November, 1977, and the two countries signed a peace treaty last March.

The United States, which Mr. Sadat often has said holds 99 percent of the cards in the Middle East, remains an essential partner in the process set up at Camp David, Md., and in the peace treaty. But events in the last month show that Mr. Sadat and Mr. Begin, having drawn together personally in eight face-to-face meetings, are increasingly dealing their own hands.

The evolution represents a clear political victory for Mr. Begin, whose government frequently has expressed fears that the United States would take Egypt's side as the negotiations progressed and try to pressure Israel into concessions on West Bank autonomy and relations with Palestinians.

Dramatic Sign

This is all the more true because most of the harmony in Egyptian-Israeli stands on the negotiations grows from Mr. Sadat's repeated willingness to put off Egypt's concept of what Palestinian autonomy means in favor of progress on bilateral relations with Israel.

The first dramatic sign of how the two former enemies were learning to work together came a month ago, when Mr. Sadat added his voice to Mr. Begin's in condemning a U.S. attempt to draw Palestinians into the talks by introducing a new UN resolution including the mention of Palestinian rights. Israeli officials quickly pointed out that for the first time Jerusalem and Cairo had together prevailed over Washington.

Now, as special U.S. envoy Robert Strauss flew home today from a five-day trip to Egypt and Israel, it was apparent that Mr. Sadat and Mr. Begin are once again imposing their own independently arrived at ideas on the United States.

The two leaders, during their Haifa summit last week, reached a common view that the autonomy talks should remain strictly within the narrow format of the Camp David accords and that their ministerial negotiating teams should be relieved of pressure to produce swift success.

The emphasis instead has shifted to lower-level working groups that are being asked to meet more frequently to clear out the legal underbrush and reduce points of disagreement to the major ones requiring political decisions from Mr. Begin and Mr. Sadat.

Mr. Strauss, Mr. Begin and Mr. Sadat all denied this week that this means a slowdown in the talks. But it nevertheless was obvious that the result will be to postpone the inevitible crisis over major issues such as East Jerusalem and the extent to Palestinian autonomy.

Mr. Strauss has said he intends to get more closely involved in these technical talks and spend more time in the Middle East to get the negotiations "in second gear." But the new approach seems to ignore the assertion of at least some U.S. policymakers that a bold stroke, such as last month's abortive resolution, is necessary to get cooperation from the Palestinians, who until now have shunned the talks completely.

During his five days in the area, Mr. Strauss made it clear that he agrees with the approach adopted by Mr. Sadat and Mr. Begin. The tough issues "are not not ready to be cracked," he said, pointing toward the first of the year as a loosely-defined target for progress on what he termed the "explosive issues." Under the March 26 peace treaty, elections for the self-rule authority are to be organized by the end of May.

Arab Opposition

Mr. Strauss has underlined the significance of demonstrating to Mr. Sadat's Arab foes the smooth performance so far of Israel and Egypt in complying with bilateral provisions of the treaty. Evidence of such benefits to Egypt, Mr. Strauss said, will create a climate in which Palestinians and their Arab backers will find it more difficult to sustain their opposition to the peace process.

Washington's final policy on these matters apparently has not been fully defined, however, and Mr. Strauss may have to take into account the possibility of different priorities from Secretary of State Cyrus Vance and Zbigniew Brzezinski, President Carter's foreign policy adviser.

Some U.S. diplomats in Arab countries whose leaders oppose the Camp David process are known to be warning Washington that it would harm U.S. interests in the Middle East in the long run to ignore the concerns of these countries.

Particularly delicate is the apparent connection being made in Saudi Arabia between progress toward meeting Palestinian demands and guarantees of high oil production rates to ease the tight energy market.

Mr. Sadat has told Mr. Strauss that he no longer feels worried about Saudi or other Arab opposition to his peace policies because, in his view, the rejectionist alliance ranged against him has lost its momentum.

A constant source of worry these days to Israeli leaders is the prospect of another energy crisis in the United States coinciding with the moment Egypt and Israel finally come to grip with the crucial issues of Palestinian autonomy.

Since Israel has pending in the United States aid requests reportedly totaling $3.4 billion, it is not difficult for most Israelis to imagine what kind of pressure would be applied on Mr. Begin to make concessions in the autonomy negotiations.

Correction

A United Press International photograph that was published in Tuesday's editions of the International Herald Tribune incorrectly identified Silas Mundawarara as he Rev. Ndabaningi Sithole.

Turkey Sets Flight Terms

(Continued from Page 1)

along Turkey's border with the Soviet Union has been seen as one of the principal ways of verifying Soviet compliance with SALT-2. Verification of the highly technical provisions of the treaty is a sensitive issue in the Senate debate on ratification.

But the Turks have been touchy about U-2 flights since CIA pilot Gary Powers, shot down in 1960 during a spy flight over the Soviet Union, revealed he had taken off from a U.S. base in Turkey. The incident strained relations between Turkey and the Soviet Union.

Meanwhile, U.S. intelligence experts have continued to consider a variety of means of monitoring the Soviet Union. A State Department official said yesterday that U-2 flights "were still a possibility," although the United States is expected to rely on several surveillance methods.

The Turkish official termed the U-2 flights still "a very sensitive" matter. He said the United States would have to provide Turkey with "precise information" showing that the proposed flights are "in line with the letter and spirit" of SALT before the Turkish government could approve them.

And, said the official, the United States must assure that the Soviet Union agrees with that assessment.

U.S. officials maintain the proposed overflights are entirely in accord with SALT provisions on verification, but have been unable to give Turkey written assurances the flights are acceptable to Moscow.



Associated Press

Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat and Premier Adolfo Suarez embrace before starting talks in Madrid yesterday.

Arafat Has Meeting With Suarez On First Day of Visit to Madrid

MADRID, Sept. 13 (UPI) — Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat arrived here today for a three-day visit proposed by his Palestine Liberation Organization.

He began talks immediately with Premier Adolfo Suarez and is also scheduled to meet with Foreign Minister Marcelino Oreja and other Spanish political figures, including Santiago Carrillo, secretary-general of the Communist Party, and Socialist leader Felipe Gonzalez. But he will not be received by King Juan Carlos.

Spanish officials called the Arafat visit, his first to Spain, "very important" and placed it "within the framework of Spain's advanced contacts with the Arab world." They expressed hope the visit would mark a "step forward" in relations between Europe and the Arab nations.

Madrid's Israeli community, expressing "disgust" over the visit, scheduled a press conference for tomorrow to criticize Mr. Suarez's reception of the Palestinian leader.

Spain, the only Western nation that has never recognized Israel, supports the PLO's demand that a Middle East settlement must respect the rights of the Palestinian people.

2 Japanese Centrist Forces To Fight Ohira in Election

By Robert Trumbull

TOKYO, Sept. 13 (NYT) — With internal discord threatening the unity of the conservative forces backing Premier Masayoshi Ohira, two middle-of-the-road parties have teamed to fight his governing Liberal Democrats in the parliamentary election Oct. 7.

The Democratic Socialist Party and Komeito (clean government party), which between them hold 86 of the 511 seats in the House of Representatives, hope to gain a combined total of 100 seats in October. Such a showing would offer a possibility of challenging the Japan Socialist Party, which now has 116 seats but is believed to be slipping in public appeal, for the leadership of the opposition in the House.

The allied centrist groups hope eventually to be strong enough to participate in a coalition government with the Liberal Democrats, according to a leading supporter of Komeito, which has the backing of the powerful Soka Gakkai Buddhist sect. Such a development presupposes a steeper decline in Liberal Democratic fortunes than most political observers have predicted for the election next month.

The Democratic Socialists and Komeito, which are campaigning on similar reform platforms, adopted a joint agreement yesterday that carries their cooperation in previous elections to a much wider area. They pledged to join forces behind common candidates in 28 constituencies, and to refrain from competing with each other in 48 others.

Meanwhile, the Liberal Democrats appear to be stumbling in their drive to extend their current strength of 248 in the lower House to at least 271, the number needed to maintain what party leaders call a "stable majority." With 19 House seats vacant, the conservatives rule with a precarious majority of only four.

The difficulty stems from a strong backlash against Mr. Ohira's announced plan to raise income taxes and introduce a kind of sales tax if successful in the election. Political analysts estimate that Mr. Ohira's program, though aired in the vaguest of terms so far, would be bound fall hardest upon Japanese earning the equivalent of $15,000 to $20,000 a year, a range that covers the bulk of the middle class.

U.K. Coal Miners Demand Increase

LONDON, Sept. 13 (AP) — Britain's 250,000 miners, whose revolt over pay brought down Edward Heath's Conservative government more than five years ago, served warning on Margaret Thatcher's goverment today by demanding up to 65 percent pay increases in November.

It will be the second pay demand by miners this year. In March they accepted a 15-percent increase and if the National Coal Board grants their latest demand it would raise the pay of miners on coal faces to £140 (about $310) a week, making them by far Britain's highest-paid workers.

In addition, Joe Gormley, president of their union, said they would be demanding a four-day working week, a reduction of 20 percent.

Until Soviet-Cuban Issue Is Resolved

Senate Timetable on SALT Facing Delay

By Charles Mohr

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (NYT) — What had been a tight and finely adjusted timetable for guiding the strategic arms treaty through the Senate will now be extended by at least four weeks and possibly longer, congressional sources said yesterday.

This will give President Carter and his foreign policy advisers more time to negotiate a solution to the political problem posed by the presence of Soviet combat troops in Cuba, the sources said.

But other sources predicted that it might also cause a serious timing crunch that could make it difficult to obtain a vote on the controversial treaty this year.

Meanwhile, administration witnesses told the Senate Foreign Relations Committee that the so-called "racetrack" basing mode of the proposed MX intercontinental missile was "consistent" with the terms of the treaty signed with the Soviet Union and did not violate its prohibitions against deliberate concealment measures meant to impede verification of the agreement.

Soviet Objection

However, the chief U.S. treaty negotiator, Ambassador Ralph Earle 2d, also testified that Soviet officials had earlier objected to reported American plans to deploy the MX missiles, each of which will carry 10 nuclear warheads, between 1986 and 1989. Mr. Earle noted, however, that Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev had gone ahead and signed the treaty after raising the objection.

Sen Richard Stone, D-Fla., told Mr. Earle that it would be preferable to clarify the Soviet attitude toward the planned basing method of the 200 mobile missiles, warning that, otherwise, "you're going to be faced with an amendment" to the treaty in the Senate.

When any such amendment might be voted on during a full Senate debate of the treaty became less clear than ever when it was confirmed yesterday that the Foreign Relations Committee would "stretch out" its consideration of the treaty, apparently because of the unresolved issue of Soviet troops in Cuba.

Since midsummer the committee had planned to begin considering modifications to the treaty on Monday and to have sent the treaty and printed copies of the committee report to the full Senate by Sept. 25. Recently that date was adjusted to Oct. 2.

Final Hearings

However, an intensive schedule of final public and closed hearings on the treaty that had been scheduled to end today has been extended into October.

Some well-informed sources said that the committee was now aiming at reporting the treaty to the full Senate by Oct. 17 or Oct. 18.

A staff member of a senator who does not support the treaty called the new timetable less of a schedule than a formula for keeping the treaty from being voted on either in committee or in the full Senate while the Soviet troop issue was unresolved. There is a feeling by some senators — and a flat prediction by the Foreign Relations Committee chairman, Frank Church, D-Idaho — that the treaty cannot win approval by the Senate until the troop issue is resolved.

Robert Byrd of West Virginia, the Senate majority leader, has said that he thinks it possible that a vote on the treaty could be taken before the Thanksgiving recess, scheduled for Nov. 22, and that the Senate might then be able to adjourn for the year.

While some in the Senate thought Sen. Byrd might be right, several strongly disagreed. A committee member from the anti-treaty faction said there would be an "explosion" if any attempt were made to severely truncate the treaty debate and cram it into a three or four week period.

An official helping to plan treaty tactics said it seemed possible that a vote would come between Christmas and St. Patrick's Day," which could mean postponing the vote until Congress reconvenes next year.

A Senate leader said that if speeded up debate and a vote before Thanksgiving was possible, the Cuban problem were satisfactorily resolved, but until it is, "SALT 2 is in limbo."

Soviet Shipments Of Weapons to Yemen Reported

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (AP) — The Soviet Union has recently delivered arms to Yemen, which received about $383 million in emergency U.S. military aid last spring when it was attacked by Marxist Southern Yemen, according to U.S. intelligence sources.

Tons of rockets and ammunition were unloaded by a Soviet ship at the Yemeni port of Hodeida on Aug. 30 after a delegation from Yemen visited Moscow, the sources said.

Intelligence reports suggested that the Yemeni delegation discussed additional arms shipments from Russia, which in past years had supplied Yemen with tanks and planes that are now outmoded.

One source said that Yemen, which has been regarded as pro-Western, may soon reach a major new arms agreement with the Soviet Union that could involve three squadrons of MiG-21 fighters, T-62 tanks and other equipment.

Meanwhile, other U.S. intelligence reports said Yemen concluded a deal for 100 Polish-built T-55 tanks a few months ago.

Strikes Snarl Traffic, Close Offices in Italy

ROME, Sept. 13 (AP) — Strikes by railroad workers and 3.5 million public employees seeking cost-of-living wage increases snarled commuter traffic today, halted mail service and closed most government offices for the day.

The congestion resulted from a 24-hour rail strike and walkouts by some bus and tram drivers. In addition, hospital services were limited to emergencies, and policemen and gravediggers were almost the only public workers on the job.

Leave Hong Kong for Peking

China-Watchers Switch From Window to Door

By Linda Mathews

HONG KONG, Sept. 13 — After three decades as the West's window on China, Hong Kong is fast losing that distinction.

The U.S. State Department has begun to reduce its huge China-watching operation here and is shifting experienced analysts to the new U.S. Embassy in Peking. The embassy, its staff expanded by 50 percent since the Carter administration recognized China on New Year's Day, is slated to become the primary U.S. listening post; Hong Kong is being relegated to a backup position.

U.S. news organizations, long forced to monitor China from its perimeter, are also transferring their China-watchers to Peking. The two major U.S. wire services, Associated Press and United Press International, opened their Peking bureaus in April. Correspondents for four U.S. newspapers have just been admitted and are expected to be followed next year by other news organizations, including the radio and television networks.

The Chinese capital has also become an academic mecca. The same professors and graduate students who once flocked to Hong Kong's research centers to interview refugees from the mainland are now getting places in China's burgeoning scholarly exchange programs.

U.S. officials in Peking report that about 250 Americans will take up residence this fall in Chinese universities, either as teachers or students.

Many U.S. businessmen are also bypassing Hong Kong and heading straight for Peking. The largest transactions in the booming Chinese-American trade, including a $1 billion U.S. Steel deal and tentative agreements to build luxury hotels worth more than $500 million, were struck in Peking.

The shift of U.S. China-watchers and China-traders from Hong Kong to Peking is, to some extent, the natural byproduct of the new government-to-government relations.

But Chinese-American normalization also happened to coincide with the decisions of Mao Tse-tung's successors to open China's borders to all outsiders. During the last year the government of Premier Hua Guofeng has admitted an unprecedented number of foreign visitors, eased restrictions on the movements of foreigners and solicited joint business ventures with the world's multinational corporations. For tourists and businessmen alike, a visa that once required months of negotiation to secure can now be had in an afternoon.

China's relative openness, more than anything else, has eclipsed Hong Kong. "When you can go through the front door, having a window on China no longer seems so necessary," said a Hong Kong businessman who spends at least half of each month in China.

The lure of Peking is particularly strong these days because the pace and flow of Chinese politics is once again visible in the streets.

Working conditions in Peking have improved considerably, most foreigners. Peking-based journalists report a new cordiality and warmth in their once-stiff relations with Chinese officials. And Western-style comforts, from American whiskey and U.S. magazines to Australian lamb and beef, are now for sale in Peking. To supplement the small shipments of Coca-Cola imported from Hong Kong and sold for $1 a can, the Chinese have even begun to produce their own version of cola, called "Qingkele."

Powerful Lure

For U.S. journalists, the move of a Peking dateline was a powerful lure, drawing China-watchers both from Hong Kong and Tokyo.

Despite Peking's attractions, both scenic and sordid, not everyone is convinced that the shift of diplomats and journalists to Peking is wise. A vocal minority of China-watchers insists that it is still easier to find out more about what is going on inside China from the outside, in Hong Kong.

"In terms of information, both quality and volume, what's available in Hong Kong is vastly superior to what's available in China," said John Kamm, Hong Kong representative for the National Council on U.S.-China Trade.

Many news organizations agree with Mr. Kamm to some extent. The U.S. wire services and at least one U.S. newspaper are transferring correspondents from Hong Kong to Peking but are retaining offices and personnel in Hong Kong for backstopping purposes.

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Spanish Banker Said Killed by Basque Gunmen

BARACALDO, Spain, Sept. (UPI) — Hooded Basque guerri shot dead today the branch president of the Hispano-Americ bank in this industrial suburb Bilbao, police reported.

They said 47-year-old Mode Carriega Perez, who was taken hostage by the Basque separatist ganization ETA in a bank eight months ago, was killed as left his home for work. Police the ammunition found at the sc of the murder was similar to ammunition used by ETA.

Meanwhile, in the Fre Basque country, two youths ca ing submachine guns ambus and seriously wounded a Bas refugee resident in Biarritz to Police said 24-year-old Pedro zaran was in critical condition hospital.

Mr. Carriega Perez was a m ber of former Franco mini Manuel Fragas' Popular Alli party and ran unsuccessfully candidate in the March 1 gen elections.

On Jan. 27 this year, he was en hostage by an ETA comma unit that robbed his bank of 10 lion pesetas ($151,515). He wa leased unharmed later that day nearby town.

Capital Drug Charge Reduced in Singapo

SINGAPORE, Sept. 13 (Reut — A charge of drug traffick brought against an American w an, which carries a mandat death sentence, was reduced t lesser one of possession in c here today.

The defendant, Alene Callo Finley, 50, from Houston, was rested at Singapore airport Aug after 100 grams of heroin w found during a search prior to leaving for San Francisco.

Corsican Nationalis Claim Lyons Blasts

LYONS, Sept. 13 (AP) — Cor can nationalists claimed respo bility today for five powerful bo blasts during the night at bar travel and airlines agencies in city.

About $80,000 in damage caused to facades, windows parked cars, but there were no ri ries.

How you can profit from the German economy

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Pound Sterling	8.50	850.34	23.84	14,904.61	+ 1,652.8
Swiss Francs	104.11	10,411.47	90.48	56,567.51	+ 443.3
Belgian Francs	1,190.48	119,048	1,597.44	998,709	+ 738.9
French Francs	83.33	8,333.33	232.59	145,413.76	+ 1,645.0
Dutch Florins	90.48	9,047.62	109.78	68,633.74	+ 658.6
Italian Lire	14,865	1,486,547	44,763	27,985,537	+ 1,782.6
Austrian Schillings	619.05	61,904.94	733.08	458,316.85	+ 640.4
Japanese Yen	8,571	857,118	11,820	7,389,787	+ 762.2

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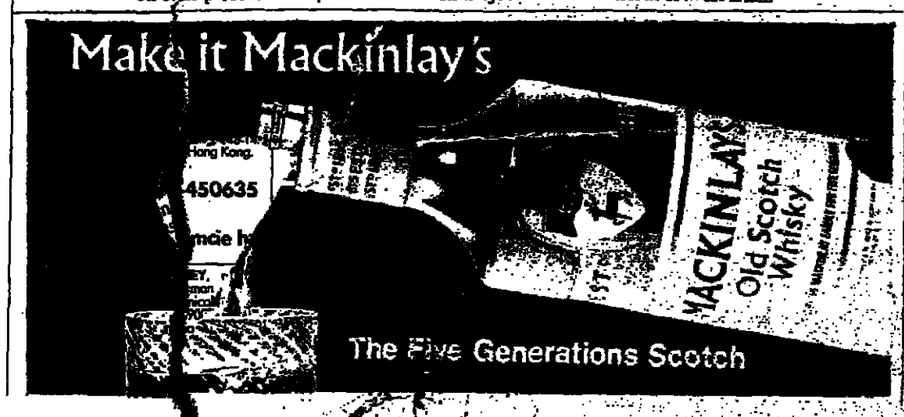
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ribe Investigation

S. Said to Doubt Veracity Carter Aide About Vesco

By Edward T. Pound

IINGTON, Sept. 13 (NYT) Justice Department has be- doubt the grand jury testi- a White House aide, Rich- rden, in a case involving Vesco after federal investi- ncluded that a close friend Harden repeatedly had lied , according to sources fa- ith the case.

friend, Spencer Lee 4th, least two polygraph tests the FBI last February and he sources said. Mr. Hard- timony before the grand s so close to Mr. Lee's the sources said, that pro- began to question Mr. veracity.

ee, an Albany, Ga., lawyer, ned by an intermediary for o, the fugitive financier, to e White House about Mr. legal problems. Both Mr. Mr. Harden acknowledged that they had discussed o's case at a Feb. 8, 1977, in Washington.

ding to the sources, Mr. nteered to take a lie detec- after a federal grand jury Justice Department began into allegations last year White House had been ap- *l in a scheme to fix Mr.* egal problems.

led After Charges

sco fled the United States decade ago after he was with bilking stockholders illions of dollars in an in- al swindle. According to tion made by R.L. Herr- eorgia businessman, Mr. mted to bribe Carter ad- ion officials to drop the charges and halt extradi- eedings against him.

rter administration decid- ne, 1977, to abandon at- extradite Mr. Vesco from a in favor of using diplo- *nnels to have him deport-* there is no evidence that n the administration had behalf of Mr. Vesco, who elieved to be living in the

arden, who testified last reportedly told the grand he talked Mr. Lee out of g to represent Mr. Vesco's when they met on Feb. 8, was also reported to have hat he met a few days lat- resident Carter so that he ef Mr. Carter on the Vesco and to tell him that Mr. pulling out of the deal.

e polygraph machine indi- t Mr. Lee was untruthful stated that Mr. Harden's n seeing the president was him that Mr. Lee was get- of the Vesco deal, the said. Further, they said, responses indicated that ed when he told the FBI ad informed Mr. Harden that he was pulling out.

Paid $10,000

ee previously acknowl- t he was paid $10,000 by intermediary to approach administration. And he dged that he had been substantially more money d get a "yes or no" answer White House on Mr. equest for a meeting. *tegation of attempted bri-*

bery was made by Herring, the Vesco intermediary who said that he contacted Mr. Lee because of Mr. Lee's connections with White House aides. Herring was convicted last October on criminal fraud and racketeering charges unrelated to the Vesco inquiry, and he has been indicted on charges of bankruptcy fraud.

According to Mr. Harden's previous public statements about the Feb. 8 meeting, he and Mr. Lee discussed the Vesco situation at a restaurant here. He said that he dissuaded Mr. Lee from continuing to represent Mr. Vesco's interests and that Mr. Lee asked him to explain to the president that Mr. Lee had decided to reject the Vesco deal. Mr. Harden said that they returned to Mr. Lee's hotel room and that Mr. Lee introduced him to Herring, who had accompanied Mr. Lee on the trip.

On Feb. 15, 1977, according to his account, Mr. Harden met with President Carter in the White House to brief the president about Mr. Lee's involvement with Mr. Vesco. Mr. Harden said that the president told him that Mr. Lee should meet with the attorney general if he believed that there was anything illegal involved and that any further discussions should be between Mr. Lee and the Justice Department.

According to Mr. Harden, the president then wrote in his presence a note to Griffin Bell, then the attorney general, to "please see Spencer Lee from Albany when he requests an appointment." Mr. Bell has said that he never received the note.

Heymann on Juror's Charges

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (WP) — The head of the Justice Department's criminal division said last night that the failure to explain a *three- to four-month delay in a* grand jury investigation early this year probably contributed to a grand jury foreman's charge that the department was covering up to protect aides to the president.

Philip Heymann told reporters said that it was "discourteous and a mistake" not to tell the grand jurors that the FBI was interviewing witnesses about the alleged scheme by Mr. Vesco to approach aides to President Carter. But Mr. *Heymann added that he was con-* vinced that there could be no cover-up of any major investigation in the Justice Department.

Ralph Ulmer, the foreman of the Vesco grand jury, tried to resign last month, claiming that the department had withheld information and delayed the grand jury process. His allegations seemed to gain some credence in light of reports that Mr. Heymann had told grand jurors that he doubted the truthfulness of Mr. Harden. Mr. Heymann has denied those reports.



United Press International

HOMECOMING — Lolita Lebron kneels on the grave of Pedro Albizu Campos in Puerto Rico. She arrived Thursday with three other Puerto Rican nationalists freed by presidential clemency after more than 25 years in jail. Their arrival coincided with the 88th anniversary of the birth of Mr. Albizu Campos, who was the leader of the 1950 Puerto Rican nationalist revolt.

Calls for Presidential Review

House Bars Renewal of Draft Registration

By Marjorie Hunter

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (NYT) — The House voted yesterday 259-155 against reviving Selective Service registration of all 18-year-old males for possible military service.

Instead, the House called for the president to study and report to Congress on whether registration should be resumed, whether women should be subject to registration and how to enable the armed forces to meet their manpower needs.

In rejecting registration, the House overturned the recommendation of its Armed Services Committee, which had proposed reviving Selective Service registration on Jan. 1, 1981, of all males who become 18 years old after next Dec. 31. By a 252-163 vote, the House rejected the committee's proposal before voting to delete registration from a military weapons bill.

President Carter has opposed the resumption of Selective Service registration, although a number of his military advisers have favored it, but his stand appears to have modified in recent months. On a trip to Kentucky this summer, he said that the nation might have to move to "standby registration" as a precautionary measure.

Despite the House action in rejecting registration, efforts may be made to push a registration bill through the Senate and House later *this year. Sen. Sam Nunn, D-Ga., is* sponsoring such a measure, and the Senate may take it up in the next few weeks. Furthermore, proponents of registration may attempt sometime this week to include a more limited form of registration in the pending bill on the House floor.

The emotional, four-hour debate over registration for the draft took place as the House began consideration of a $42.1-billion military weapons authorization bill. A similar bill, passed by the Senate last June, did not include a resumption of registration. House action on the weapons bill is expected to be concluded later this week.

The all-volunteer military forces began in 1973. Since then, the Selective Service System has operated on what the House Armed Services Committee calls "deep standby status," with only 100 full-time employees and about 750 Reserve and National Guard officers assigned on a part-time basis.

Contending that the all-volunteer military forces had failed to meet the nation's needs, the committee said that it was essential to resume *registration to strengthen the Selec-* tive Service System and provide a reservoir of manpower in the event of a military emergency.

The move to delete registration from the bill and substitute the presidential study of the matter was offered by Rep. Patricia Schroeder, D-Colo.

Earlier the House rejected by a 268-144 vote a proposal that a somewhat similar study be made by a 24-member commission composed *of nine House members*, nine senators and six nonmembers of Congress. The proposal was made by Rep. Robin Beard Jr., R-Tenn.

Opponents of the move to delete registration from the bill argued that they were not calling for an immediate resumption of the draft. Instead, they said, they were merely trying to get the Selective Service mechanism in place in the event that a draft was needed. Before a draft call-up could be resumed, they said, Congress would specifically have to authorize such action.

French Rail Walkout Curbs Train Services

PARIS, Sept. 13 (Reuters) — A strike by two trade unions was expected to halt 60 per cent of French train services today, officials said.

The action began late last night and will continue until Saturday morning. Officials said only a few international trains would be affected. It was the second strike in a month by railroad workers.

Protesters Clash With Paris Police

PARIS, Sept. 13 (Reuters) — Demonstrators led by French Socialist leader Francois Mitterrand clashed with police last night during a protest against a visit to France by Chilean Foreign Minister Hernan Cubillos.

The demonstration was held outside *the Foreign Ministry, where* Mr. Cubillos was conferring with Foreign Minister Jean Francois-Poncet.

Almost the entire Socialist Party leadership attended the protest meeting. Mr. Mitterrand said that Mr. Cubillos' four-day visit to France, exactly six years after the overthrow of President Salvador Allende, was "a scandal, . . . an insult to all those who died or have been tortured by a regime which has become the symbol of fascism, terrorism and torture."

An Agenda of Divisive Issues

Waldheim Sees a Tough Assembly Session

By Lee Lescaze

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Sept. 13 (WP) — The 34th General Assembly session that opens Tuesday promises to be one of the most difficult in the international organization's history, Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim said yesterday.

Problems over the Middle East, Indochina, disarmament, Cyprus and Southern Africa that have long divided the world will continue to provide flashpoints during three months of debates that will see a large number of important visitors. The Oct. 2 visit of Pope John Paul II will be one of the earliest and is expected to draw the largest crowds. At least a dozen national leaders have indicated that they will address the General Assembly, among them Cuban President Fidel Castro.

Palestine Liberation Organization leader Yassir Arafat also may decide to speak to the General Assembly, depending on the course of the Mideast debate.

The Palestinian issue, Mr. Waldheim said at a news conference, remains the crux of the Middle East problem. He indicated that he considers the U.S. contact with the PLO an obstacle to solving Mideast problems.

Andrew Young resigned as U.S. ambassador to the United Nations after violating that policy by meeting a PLO representative. Asked if the U.S. policy was a hindrance to peace efforts, Mr. Waldheim replied, "I think Andrew Young has given us the answer."

The secretary-general has proposed that an international conference on the Middle East with representatives of all concerned parties be convened in Geneva. In recent talks with world leaders, he said, "I got the idea that this was an idea which has considerable support."

The time is not yet right, however, he added. The Soviet Union told him that such a conference should not take place soon, he said, and *the United States opposes such a* conference because it supports the present negotiations over Palestinian autonomy under the framework of the Israeli-Egyptian peace agreement reached at Camp David.

On the other issues, Mr. Waldheim said:

- World leaders generally support SALT-2 and he hopes that its chances for U.S. Senate approval will not be damaged by the debate over Soviet combat troops in Cuba.
- The political and humanitarian problems of Cambodia are "one of the greatest challenges of the General Assembly." He stressed that the United Nations is pushing to increase shipments of food and medicine to Cambodia.
- He sees no improvement in the situation since he deplored a lack of political will among the world's nations seven months ago. Narrow national interests continue to be the basis for most nation's actions.
- He is encouraged that North and South Korea are in contact through United Nations intermediaries and said that the United Nations would do what it can to further those communications.

St. Lucia Approved

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Sept. 13 (UPI) — The Security Council yesterday unanimously recommended that the Caribbean island of St. Lucia be accepted as a member of the United Nations.

The General Assembly, in one of *its first official acts next week, is* certain to accept the Council's recommendation. St. Lucia will be the 152d member of the world body. The 238-square-mile former British dependency has a population of 100,000.

13 U.S. Marines Transferred for Drug Suspicions

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (WP) — The Marine Corps has transferred 13 enlisted men — five of whom work on the White House helicopters — because of suspicions that they smoked marijuana while off duty.

"It's strictly suspicion," said Lt. Col. Arthur Brill, a Marine Corps spokesman. "But suspicion in this case is good enough to warrant transfer."

The transfer of the men, in their late teens or early 20s, follows an investigation earlier this week by an internal security unit. Officials said yesterday the investigation, which "did not produce any conclusive evidence that any of the 13 used marijuana on or off duty," was sparked by a report by an informant.

The Marine Corps squadron at Quantico Marine Base, Va., ferries the president, his family and other VIPs including foreign heads of state on short flights around the country. "It's obvious what happens if they [the helicopters] are not *fit to fly," Col. Brill said. "You bet* your life it's a concern to us."

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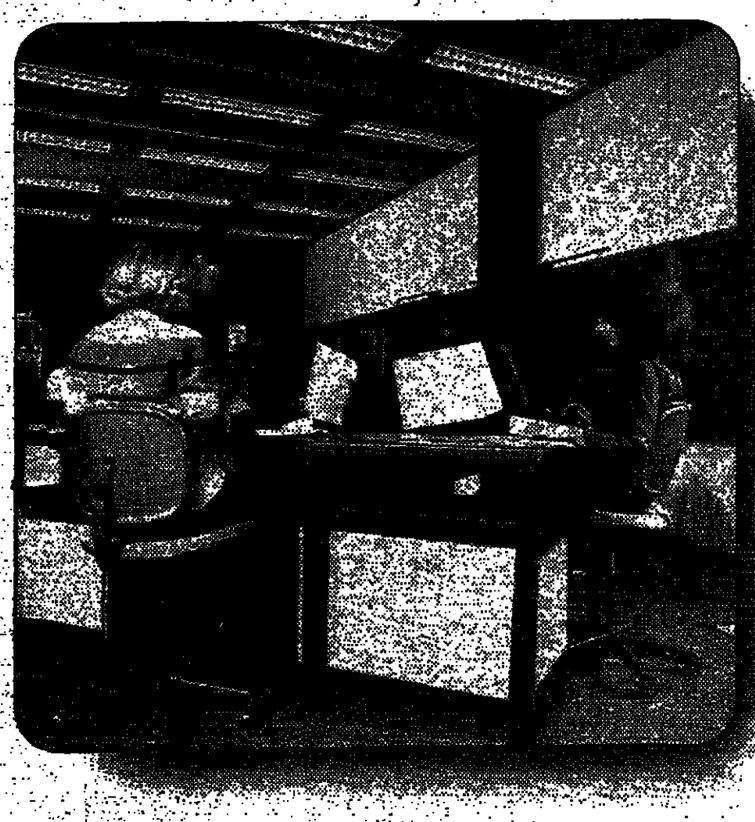
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ge Dissolves rdianship of is in Texas

TON, Sept. 13 (UPI) — a Family Court judge in the temporary guardian- 19-year-old's fetus has ap- paved the way for her to bortion.

William Bear last week the temporary guardian- the 10-week-old fetus of e" to Eileen Brady, identi- e suit as an anti-abortion-

merican Civil Liberties mediately took issue with nd will use it as a vehicle empt to have Texas' guar- law declared unconstitu-

etus is not a person, it's e to have a temporary ship," ACLU lawyer Horowitz said yesterday ce to the Supreme Court's 1973 abortion ruling giv- en freedom of choice in ivc matters.

As Part of Apartheid Policy

South Africa Declares 3d 'Black State'

By Caryle Murphy

THOYO-YA-NDOU, Venda, South Africa, Sept. 13 (WP) — As a four-colored flag emblazoned with a "V" was hoisted ceremoniously at midnight last night in the verdant and hilly northeast corner of South Africa, about half a million blacks became citizens of a new country.

The declaration of a sovereign, independent state of Venda is the latest step in the South African government's implementation of its apartheid policy.

It is a policy at the conclusion of which there will be "no black South Africans," as Cornelius Mulder, the former information minister, once put it. Seven homelands remain to undergo the metamorphosis into "independent black states."

The 449,000 Venda-speaking people of South Africa, whose forefathers arrived in this troubled part of the continent in the 12th century, have now joined the 4 million Xhosa speakers of Transkei and the 2 million Tswanas of Bophuthatswana as "foreign blacks," as far as the South African government is concerned.

Transkei and Bophuthatswana were declared independent in 1976 and 1977, respectively. No country other than South Africa recognizes their existence. None is likely to recognize Venda.

The only foreign delegation attending Venda's independence celebrations this week was from the Rhodesian government, which also is fighting for international recognition.

The dismemberment of South Africa into one white state and 10 independent black states — whose present boundaries comprise only 13 percent of South African territory and none of its urban and industrial centers — is the root political grievance of the majority of South Africa's 18 million blacks. They see it as a scheme to prevent the white minority of 4 million from losing its political and economic control over this industrializing country, which has been a unitary state since 1910.

South Africa is keenly aware that Venda occupies a strategic military position. As the closest "black state" to Mozambique and Zimbabwe Rhodesia, it could provide access and refuge for anti-government South African guerrillas.

The newly built air base at Madimo in Venda will continue to be used by the South African Air Force and a six-mile-wide border area between Venda and Zimbabwe Rhodesia is patrolled by South African soldiers to thwart infiltration.

The frustration of the blacks grows daily as they see the government pushing ahead with its apartheid plan despite their often-voiced opposition. In setting up these ethnically based autonomous regions, ruled by black political elites with newly acquired vested interests, Pretoria is creating allies against those who seek other political and economic changes, many blacks feel.

Prime Minister P.W. Botha has spoken of a "constellation" of such states whose details remain undeclared. The direction of his policy seems to be in that of a confederation, but that would be a phase to follow only after all 10 homelands are already "independent."

Mr. Botha also has established a committee to review the present boundaries of the homelands, which are now spread like Rorschach inkblots all over South Africa. The committee's report is due next March.

Homeland leaders have pleaded for more land or, at the very least, an integral territory. Venda, for example, is two separate blocks of land comprising a state nearly half the size of Lebanon.

Like his colleagues in the other homelands, Venda's president, Chief Patrick Mphephu, 53, calls to mind the emperor who wore no clothes. His territory's continuing economic dependence on South Africa makes independence more of a mirage than a reality.

South Africa will provide $36.3 million toward Chief Mphephu's first budget of $43.6 million. Although Venda is fertile, most of the people are subsistence farmers. It depends on South Africa for 50 percent of its food and all of its fuel.

In addition, the search for jobs draws 67 percent of the male work force to South Africa's urban areas. Venda could thus remain a source of "foreign" migratory labor for the white-dominated economy in South Africa.

A report by an Afrikaans university estimated that, to assure the sustained growth necessary for independence to be meaningful, Venda will need an investment of $117 million a year for the next 21 years — hardly a sum that Pretoria could provide.

Owen Condemns Apartheid Policy

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 13 (UPI) — David Owen, the former British foreign secretary, condemned South Africa's apartheid policy today and rejected the designation of independent black states within its borders.

Amid hisses and catcalls, Mr. Owen told students at Rand Afrikaans University that it was "not South Africa's right to decide someone's citizenship."

He said that Pretoria's policy of black homelands and independent black states reflected an authoritarian society. "It is not acceptable to the world and will not be accepted," said Mr. Owen, who served in the Labor government of former Prime Minister James Callaghan.

Senate Debate on Budget Stalled on Promised Cuts

By Art Pine

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (WP) — The Senate yesterday postponed its scheduled consideration of the fiscal 1980 budget until Monday after Democratic leaders failed to resolve a dispute among committee chairmen over how to make good on $4 billion in promised spending cuts.

Senate Democrats spent five fruitless hours behind closed doors, caucusing. Although Democratic leaders plan to caucus again today, the dispute could hold up the budget debate for days.

Meanwhile, the Budget Committee chairman, Edmund Muskie, D-Maine, said that he will oppose on the floor President Carter's request to increase fiscal 1980 defense spending 3 percent after inflation.

Mr. Carter announced Tuesday that he would request the full 3 percent increase as a gesture to Senate conservatives, who are demanding a 5 percent rise as the price for supporting the strategic arms limitation treaty.

Help for Carter

Ironically, Sen. Muskie's opposition ultimately could help the president, who is trying to appear as a middle-of-the-roader in the fray. The House Budget Committee chairman, Rep. Robert Giaimo, D-Conn., also opposes Mr. Carter's request.

The stalemate over the $4 billion in promised spending cuts underscored a major dilemma in congressional consideration of the budget. Although almost every senator wants to see the deficit lowered, no one wants to cut his pet programs.

The dispute arose because when Congress set its initial fiscal 1980 spending targets last spring, it based its figures partly on the assumption that individual committees would enact legislation that resulted in "savings" from 1979 levels.

The $23 billion deficit level approved then included calculations for $5.6 billion in reductions from current programs. However, the lawmakers actually have approved only a portion of these. Currently, they are some $4 billion behind.

The budget deficit already has grown to $28 billion in large part because of higher inflation and unemployment expenses. But if the "savings" issue is not resolved, it could rise to $32 billion — too high for most lawmakers.

The difficulty is that paring back spending now would require revisions in money bills by several powerful committee chairmen, including Finance Committee chief, Russell Long, D-La., and the Appropriations Committee head, Warren Magnuson, D-Wash.

Guatemala Head Denies Charges Of Repression

GUATEMALA CITY, Sept. 13 (UPI) — President Romeo Lucas Garcia yesterday called Amnesty International a "ghost organization" and rejected its charges that government repression took 2,000 lives in the past 16 months.

The president also denied that his government is a rightist military regime. He said he was backed by two political parties when he ran for president — one center-leftist and the other center-rightist and that two other generals were candidates.

"I ask this ghost organization, if it is well informed, why doesn't it give the names of the 2,000 victims. And if its information is true, why don't they say who killed them. Because if they know who it was they will know it wasn't the government," Mr. Lucas Garcia said.

The president said Amnesty International was trying "only to discredit" Guatemala's government to drive away tourists. He added that the country's hotels were full of tourists "which shows that a climate of security prevails."

UFW Sets Pacts With 6 Growers

SALINAS, Calif., Sept. 13 (UPI) — Six vegetable growers have reached agreement on contracts with the United Farm Workers union patterned after a pact signed last month with Sun Harvest Inc., the largest lettuce grower in the United States.

"We are very pleased," UFW chief negotiator Larry Cohen said yesterday after two days of talks. "We expect to have the bulk of the Salinas Valley industry wrapped up by Thursday."



Associated Press

MUSICAL INTERLUDE — A crowd gathers outside St. Paul's Cathedral in London on Thursday for a noontime concert. The music was supplied by the Central Band of the RAF.

Easing House-Passed Bill

Conferees Agree on Gasoline Ration Plan

By Warren Weaver Jr.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (NYT) — The congressional conference working to give President Carter standby gasoline rationing authority cleared a major hurdle yesterday, agreeing on machinery to permit the White House to put a plan into effect.

The agreement would give the president somewhat more flexibility than the House-passed rationing bill, which prohibits him from putting a plan into effect until the national shortage of petroleum reaches 20 percent. Mr. Carter has strongly objected to that restriction.

The Senate-House conferees, however, failed to resolve a long-standing dispute over Congressional participation in the prior drafting of the rationing plan. The House wants to make that strictly a presidential responsibility; the Senate contends that this plan should be subject to a one-house veto, to make it more responsive to Congressional sentiment.

Concurrent Resolution

Under the language adopted yesterday, if the president wanted to invoke rationing, but the gasoline and home-heating oil shortage was less than 20 percent, he could ask Congress for permission, in the form of a concurrent resolution approved by both houses.

Such a resolution would give Mr. Carter 60 days within which to invoke his rationing plan. If he failed to act within that period, he would have to seek permission again if he wanted rationing at a later date.

The conferees' agreement provided that, with a shortage of more than 20 percent, the president could put rationing into effect if neither house of Congress passed a resolution of disapproval.

Republicans on the conference have consistently sought to make it harder for the president to put a rationing plan into effect, assuming that he would be so disposed. But Sen. Bennett Johnston, D-La., said yesterday that the public wanted rationing more than Congress and Congress more than the president.

Synthetic Fuel Plants

On another energy front, the House Commerce Committee voted final approval, 20 to 7, of legislation creating an Energy Mobilization Board with power to override substantive state and Federal laws to accelerate construction of synthetic fuel plants.

Mr. Carter said earlier that he did not intend that the mobilization board would have such sweeping authority, but his chief domestic policy adviser, Stuart Eizenstat, voiced his support yesterday for the Commerce Committee measure, despite the president's views.

Interviewed in the corridor after the committee had acted, Mr. Eizenstat said: "We want as strong a bill as possible." He was apparently anticipating that the commerce panel's version of the "fast-track" legislation would be weakened on the House floor or in conference, or in both places.

What the White House really wants in the long run, Mr. Eizenstat said, is the bill it originally submitted to Congress, with the board empowered to override substantive law only with respect to plants already under construction.

Assassination Film Withdrawn in Spain

MADRID, Sept. 13 (AP) — A movie by Italian film director Gillo Pontecorvo about the assassination of Spain's premier in 1973 has been withdrawn from competition in the San Sebastian film festival, apparently for fear that it might spark new violence in the Basque region.

The festival committee said only that "Operation Ogre," scheduled for showing Saturday, had been withdrawn for technical reasons. The movie shows how a team of terrorists from the Basque separatist organization ETA tunneled under a Madrid street and placed an explosive charge that blew Premier Luis Carrero Blanco's car six stories into the air.

Joseph Frantz, 89, Dies; French Aviator in 1914

PARIS, Sept. 13 (AP) — Joseph Frantz, 89, who became the first French aviator to shoot down a German plane in 1914, died yesterday.

Mr. Frantz, president of the Association of Oldtime Flyers, was an officer of the Legion d'Honneur and a holder of the Croix de Guerre.

A native of Beaujeu in southeastern France, he was one of the early pioneers of aviation, becoming a pilot in 1911.

Stanislav Lyudkevich

MOSCOW, Sept. 13 (UPI) — Soviet composer Stanislav Lyudkevich, 100, has died Tass said yesterday.

He composed operas, symphonic cantatas, concertos and choral works, including "The Testament" (1934) and "Voices of the Carpathians" (1964).

Wilbur B. Ware

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 13 (AP) — Wilbur B. Ware, 56, a jazz bassist, died Sunday.

DEATH NOTICE

EDMONDS, CASTON COLES, on September 4, 1979, after a long illness in Florida. Beloved husband of the late Sheila, father of Helene. Captain of Mabrouka and Satyr. Private interment New York Sept. 7.

Mt. Etna Death Toll at 9; More Are Feared Buried

CATANIA, Sicily, Sept. 13 (AP) — The death toll from a lava explosion at Mount Etna rose to nine today and rescue workers feared that more bodies might still be buried under "rocks as big as houses" near the volcano's summit.

Three badly dismembered bodies were found near the main crater today. Six other bodies had been recovered after the volcanic explosion yesterday. All of the victims were Italian.

More than two dozen others were injured, including tourists from Britain, Spain and Switzerland. About half of the injured had limbs amputated by surgeons, and at least four were reported in critical condition after surgery.

'Just Disappeared'

A rescue official said that if there are more dead they may never be found "because from what we've seen so far, some victims must literally have been blown to pieces."

Franco Elmi, 35, an alpine guide, said that he saw a "huge fireball" land on a Land-Rover, leaving almost no trace of the vehicle. "There were about 30 tourists in our group, and we all began running toward the bus," he said. "But then another big rock hit a woman who was ahead of me, and the next minute, she was gone, just disappeared. It was horrible."

"After a sudden, shattering explosion, rocks as big as houses began falling all over the place," said Silvia Daloia, an Italian tourist who was waiting with her infant child for a cable car when the explosion occurred.

"Right in front of me there was a young couple with a child," she added. "I saw the man fall with his skull crushed. She was uninjured and tried to pick him up. When she understood there was nothing to be done, she grabbed the child in her arms and ran."

Another tourist, Silvana Peila, said that when her group had almost reached its bus "a small but sharp stone" hit a Swiss man and sliced off his left leg.

Precautions Questioned

Newspapers and a leading volcano expert questioned why authorities did not close the access to the 10,902-foot summit after the volcano began to pour out smoke Monday. Police said that there were more than 150 tourists on the lip of the main crater when the volcano, Europe's tallest and most active, began spewing ash, gas and fiery lava-filled rocks yesterday.

Prof. Romolo Romano, the director of Catania's Institute of Vulcanology, said that the explosion was not a new eruption of Etna but part of the volcano's normal, continuing activity following a week-long eruption last month.

"This kind of explosion can be expected from time to time and I think tourists should have been barred from the crater area," he said.

The death toll from yesterday's explosion is the worst at Mount Etna since an eruption in 1842 killed 10 tourists. The worst eruption occurred in 1669, when the city of Catania was devastated in four months of volcanic activity that killed tens of thousands of people.

6 Get Jail Terms In Neo-Nazi Acts In W. Germany

BUECKEBURG, West Germany, Sept. 13 (UPI) — A court today sentenced six West Germans accused of neo-Nazi terrorism to between 4 and 11 years in prison.

They were found guilty of bank robberies, assaults on the military and the planning of armed terrorist acts aimed at the destruction of the state.

The court said that Michael Kuehnen, 24, whom it described as the head of the National Socialist Action Front, had not taken an active part in the terrorist acts. He was sent to jail for four years for "enticement to racial hatred" and for spreading banned Nazi propaganda.

Mr. Kuehnen, a former Army lieutenant, had called Gary Lauck, a U.S. Nazi leader, to testify to the "nonviolent" character of the neo-Nazi movement. Mr. Lauck's organization in Nebraska produces more than 90 percent of the neo-Nazi propaganda spread in West Germany, according to a West German government study.

Mr. Kuehnen, who with his followers appeared during the trial in black attire modeled on the uniform of the Nazi SS troops, was "one of the most notorious [neo-Nazis] we have seen," the court said. His five followers received sentences ranging from 7 to 11 years.

Methodist Town in New Jersey Votes to Keep Sunday an 'Oasis'

OCEAN GROVE, N.J., Sept. 13 (AP) — Residents of this tiny religious enclave voted overwhelmingly this week in support of bans on liquor sales, driving and going to the beach on Sundays.

Also winning support, 857 to 724, was a proposal to ask the State Legislature to allow Ocean Grove to secede from Neptune Township, which surrounds the community.

The vote was a nonbinding opinion poll because the New Jersey Supreme Court in June stripped the town of its municipal powers, saying the church and local authorities were "inextricably intertwined."

After the ruling, Neptune Township took over municipal functions of Ocean Grove, which has 7,500 residents.

All the town's land is owned by the Ocean Grove Camp Meeting Association, which provides 99-year leases to homeowners. Only Methodists may serve on the board of trustees, the association's governing body.

Local groups have been trying to find ways to preserve the tranquility of the community. Yesterday's vote will help guide officials on how to proceed, said William Campbell, poll committee chairman for the Ocean Grove Businessmen, which sponsored the vote.

Helen Mae Hanna, a teacher at the Green Grove School and a leader of the Friends of Ocean Grove, said her group wants the town to remain the "oasis" it has always been.

Subsidy Criticized

EEC Faces New Dilemma Over Soviet Butter Sales

BRUSSELS, Sept. 13 (Reuters) — Butter sales to the Soviet Union are again the focus of a political dilemma for the Common Market and its controversial Common Agricultural Policy.

The latest incident in the long-running argument over the agricultural policy was sparked by a London newspaper report that the Soviet Union is preparing to buy up to 84,000 tons of fresh EEC butter in the coming winter. Agriculture Minister Peter Walker of Britain said that it was "crazy" that EEC taxpayers should subsidize butter for Russian consumers.

The Soviet Union is one of the few countries currently willing to buy EEC butter on such a scale, so it would seem advantageous to the Common Market to unload some of its surplus. But the problem is not that the Russians want the butter, but the price that they would pay for it.

They would be able to buy the butter at about 52 cents a pound — the current price on world markets — and not the EEC's guaranteed price of $1.69 a pound. That is what the EEC Commission pays for the surplus butter that it stores — currently 627,000 tons — to protect Common Market dairy farmers.

So the commission in effect would pay a subsidy of $1.17 a pound for butter for Russian consumers — at a cost of almost $200 million to the EEC budget, and thus to taxpayers in the nine Common Market countries.

Guarantees Increased

The Common Agricultural Policy, drawn up during the 1960s by the six original EEC members, was designed to guarantee prices for the farmers and to ensure that they received rising incomes. Under the influence of a strong farming lobby and the push of sharply rising inflation, the policy-makers in Brussels increased the amount of these guarantees steadily until this year.

Because of this practice, however, the EEC Commission, the community's administrative arm, is forced to subsidize agricultural exports for which the price on the world market is lower than the guaranteed EEC level.

Reacting to the rumored Soviet butter deal, Mr. Walker said that it would be deplorable if the Soviet Union were allowed to buy fresh EEC butter — and not the supplies that have been lying unwanted in the Common Market warehouses for up to two years.

"It is a bad policy when there is so much to be done that one pours money into seeing that the Russians can have guns and butter," he added, pinpointing the most sensitive issue: that the butter is going to a Communist country.

However, supporters of the Common Agricultural Policy — and there are many to be found in France, West Germany, Belgium and the Netherlands — argue that it at least makes economic sense to sell as much of the EEC's surpluses as possible to whoever wants to buy.

They argue that the Soviet Union bought 75,000 tons of subsic butter in the first five mont this year with no complaints Britain.

An additional 70,500 ton EEC butter was sold in the period to Iran, Poland and M terranean and African coun some of which might not re the political blessings of every government.

But British politicians, of ever political stance, have see whenever the subject of butter to the Russians has surfaced. Silkin, Mr. Walker's predecess agriculture minister, made political capital of the issue. Silkin, an avowed foe of B participation in the EEC, stre tilt the balance from the farm the consumer.

Subsidy for Britain

But the EEC has also been ing a hefty subsidy for butter by British consumers for the two years. Under the latest agreed upon in June, the pri butter in Britain fell by 14 c pound.

The other EEC countries have qualified for such a su but, since they traditionally sume less butter than the Br the demand for subsidies ther been less. This also helps to ex why the butter issue is more p cally sensitive in Britain than where in the Common Market.

Another reason for Britain's sitivity on the issue is that Zealand, traditionally a major plier to Britain, may have to re the amount of butter that it s to the EEC because of the co nity's chronic surplus.

Adding to the controversy i prospect of another Soviet dea cause the main trader said to b volved is Jean-Baptiste Doum Communist who heads the F trading house involved in a si butter deal in 1977.

About 50,000 tons of butte sold in that transaction, causin outcry that forced Roy Jen president of the EEC Commis to vow that the commission w step in to prevent any further stantial sales.

Poll Shows Drop In Giscard Rati

PARIS, Sept. 13 (AP) — popularity of President Valery card d'Estaing appears to be st ly declining with less than half sample group of French cit wanting him to run for a se seven-year term in 1981, acco to a poll published yesterday.

The poll taken for a grou provincial newspapers showed 47 percent of those queried wa the president to run again, pared with 57 percent in a si poll 18 months ago, and 52 pe in April. The latest poll shows percent against his running a percent undecided.

More than 80 percent of the sons polled believed that Mr. card d'Estaing would run for ond term in office.

ADVERTISEMENT

This is an invitation to all Iranians who support Shapour Bakhtiar's democratic aspirations for Iran, to join in a march, "Liberate Iran from Tyranny", that will take place on Sunday, 16th September, starting at 1:30 p.m. from Speakers Corner, Hyde Park, London. Your punctuality will help the organisers.

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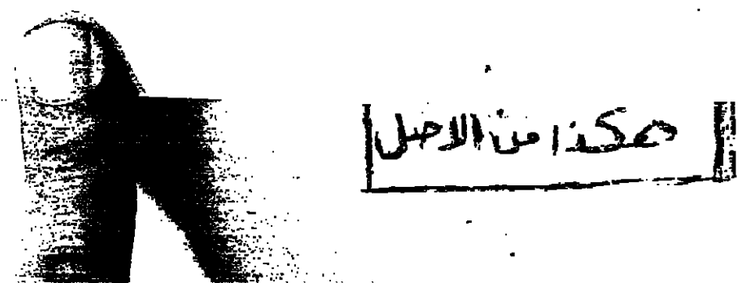


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Keystone

OFFICER — A policewoman directs traffic in Paris. She is one of about twenty women recently admitted into the police force with same status as male officers. Nearly Lyons earlier had started using policewomen.

Disease Hit 10 in Family Over 3 Generations

Inherited Trait Is Linked to a Cancer

By Harold M. Schmeck Jr.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13 (NYT) — An inherited genetic abnormality has been linked to a specific type of kidney cancer in a family in which 10 members were affected over three generations. The research was reported in The New England Journal of Medicine, which suggested in an editorial that the findings could be a step toward a catalogue of "cancer genes" of man.

The discovery provides a new and potentially important clue to the origin of at least some cancers. It has been known for many years that some forms of cancer are hereditary. This case, however, appears to be the first in which the specific genetic abnormality has been traced from generation to generation and permitted the identification of patients before they had any symptoms.

Cancer was diagnosed in three members of the family studied on the basis of the discovery even though none of them had had any hint that they had cancer. They had their cancers removed surgically before the malignancies were advanced to the point of producing any symptoms at all. These patients thus would appear to have some hope of permanent cure because of the early intervention made possible by the research.

For future members of this family the discovery of the inherited abnormality has given the hope of gauging the risk of developing the same kind of cancer later in life. This could be done by study of the chromosomes of the fetus still in the womb.

The editorial in the journal said that the report "provides us with the first example of a dominantly inherited chromosomal abberation that imposes a high risk of a specific cancer."

The abnormality found in all three generations of the family under study is a characteristic and presumably hereditary exchange of material between chromosomes number 3 and 8. A piece of chromosome containing genes from 8 was transferred to 3 and a piece from 3 turned up on 8.

The abnormal exchange seemed to occur on the chromosomes of all cells of the person's body. Human cells have 23 pairs of chromosomes that altogether constitute the genetic blueprint or store of hereditary information on which hereditary traits and tendencies are based. The genes, the basic units of heredity, are incorporated in the chromosomes.

Subject of Study

The exchange of material between chromosomes 3 and 8 suggests some specific abnormality on either or both of those chromosomes that produces an extraordinarily high risk of cancer. Whether the abnormality is something akin to the activation of a hypothetical "cancer gene" or the turning off of a protective gene is unknown, but might well be the subject of future study.

Dr. Robert Brown, head of the kidney unit of Beth Israel Hospital in Boston and one of the principal scientists involved in the study, said that the family members who carry this trait seem altogether to have an 87-percent risk of developing kidney cancer by the age of 59.

In contrast, the same general form of kidney cancer — renal carcinoma — will develop in about one of every 1,000 Americans by that age. Thus, the chromosomal abnormality in this family carries a very powerful risk of cancer. It does not follow, however, Dr. Brown said, that the same chromosomal exchange in other persons unrelated to the family would have the same risk. Chromosomal exchanges are not extraordinarily rare. The presumption in this case is that the danger resides in some specific feature, as yet not pinpointed, in the overall chromosomal exchange.

Unusually High Risks

Existence of the family with such an unusually high risk of cancer was discovered by scientists at Beth Israel, one of the teaching hospitals of Harvard Medical School. Collaborating in the effort were specialists at the Sidney Farber Cancer Institute in Boston and the National Cancer Institute in Bethesda, Md.

Authors of the report in addition to Dr. Brown are Drs. Andrew Cohen, Solomon Berg and Stephen Jacobs of Beth Israel, Dr. Frederick Li and David Marchetto of the Sidney Farber Institute and Dr. Shien Tsai of the National Cancer Institute.

"Many forms of human cancer tend to occur in families," said the report from the research team. But it added that published chromosomal studies of families with cancer have not, heretofore, identified specific inherited abnormalities of the chromosomes.

In the family that suffered from kidney cancer, the transfer of material was found in all 8 of the 10 patients whose chromosomes were studied and cancer was not found in any member of the family who lacked this specific abnormal exchange between chromosomes 3 and 8. Many of the kidney cancers in this family appeared in both kidneys, an unusual circumstance.

deric Strikes U.S. Coast h 130-mph Gusts; 2 Die

E, Ala., Sept. 13 (AP) — icane designated Frederic e Alabama coast early to- 130-mph winds, leaving sons dead, destroying nd knocking down trees er lines from Florida to . It was being called the rricane in the area in a

g was reported in down- obile and in nearby Pric- med National Guardsmen t in and Prichard police to fire two warning shots, ot to kill."

ic weakened and was led to a tropical storm, as l inland across Alabama heastern Mississippi with s of 60 mph. At noon the as centered just northeast loosa, Ala. It was moving of due north at 20 mph expected to turn more to east later today. Forecast- hat the greatest threat to- rom floods and tornadoes. eaths were reported as the Alabama, Louisiana, Mis- nd the Florida Panhandle, up 15-foot tides. A 4-year- as killed when winds blew family's mobile home in y, Ala., four miles south- fobile. An elderly woman rd died of a heart attack uers were unable to reach

Helicopter Tour

na Gov. Forrest James fobile and Baldwin coun- elicopter and said that he k the White House to de- n a disaster area. Damage ated at up to $100 million a and $50 million in Mis-

Mobile and Pascagoula, Miss., a smaller city to the west, bore the brunt of the hurricane which hit land at Dauphin Island. "I would say there is not a dwelling, business or any other building in Jackson County [Miss.] that does not have damage ranging from minor to total destruction," an official said.

A Prichard fireman said that looting began at daybreak, "as soon as they could see to steal."

Nearly half a million people had fled their homes as Frederic followed close to the path that Hurricane Camille took 10 years ago when it killed more than 250 persons.

Storm Damage

Florida Gov. Robert Graham said that he expected the damage in the area from Panama City to Pensacola to exceed the $95 million in damage caused by the recent passage of the hurricane designated David. Frederic destroyed 125 houses and mobile homes and blacked out the entire tip of the Florida Panhandle.

In Mobile, streets were nearly impassable and 160,000 homes were without electricity. A power company spokesman said that it would take several weeks to restore power fully.

Century-old oaks littered the city's boulevards, preventing firemen from fighting three reported blazes. Storefronts were blasted out, and an official said that a shopping center that housed several stores was "virtually blown away."

Eastern Airlines yesterday canceled flights to Pensacola, Mobile and New Orleans. Service was resumed to New Orleans today.

Watergate Role Called Disaster In Nixon Book

NEW YORK, Sept. 13 (AP) — Former President Richard Nixon says that history "will justifiably record" that his handling of Watergate was "an unmitigated disaster."

The statement is contained in a new introduction to be included in Mr. Nixon's 1962 book, "Six Crises," when it is reissued next month.

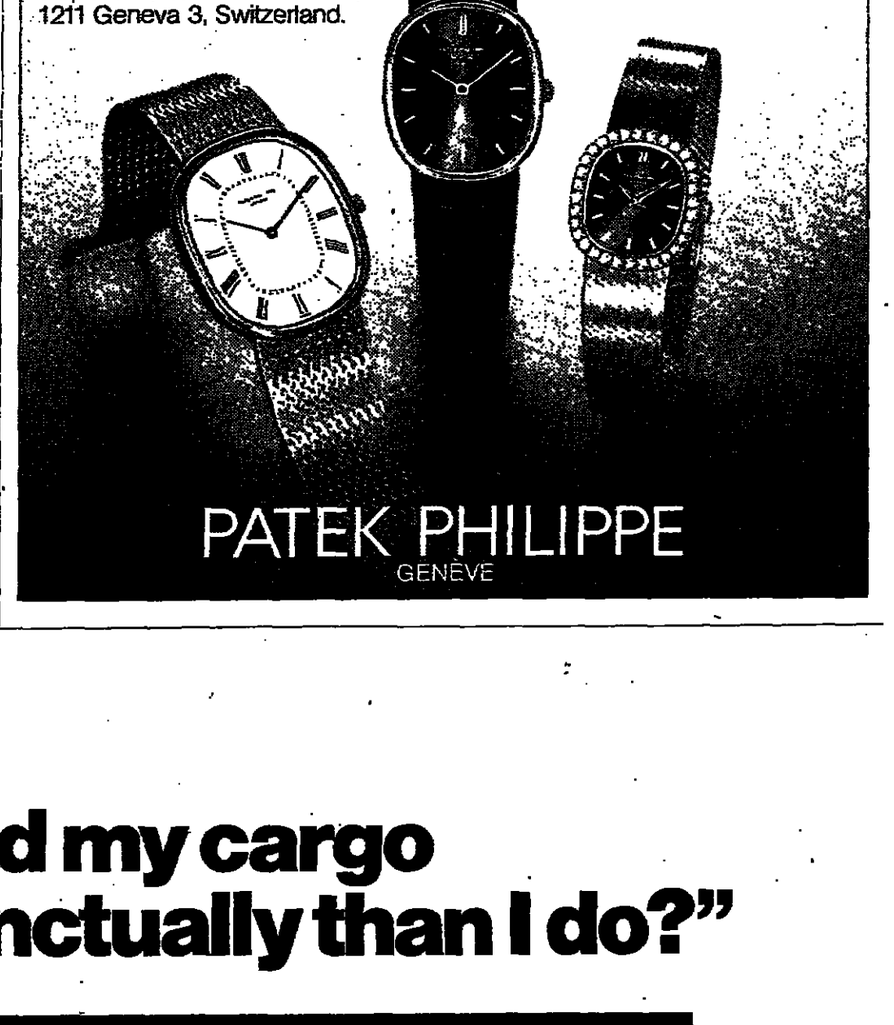
The New York Times, which obtained a copy of the introduction, reported that Mr. Nixon said that since he wrote the book he had "gone through another crisis, the Watergate ordeal, the longest lasting and by far the most grueling of all . . .

"History will justifiably record that my handling of the Watergate crisis was an unmitigated disaster," Mr. Nixon wrote. "After going through the six crises described in this volume, I failed to apply the lessons of the past to the problems of the present and the future.

"I trust that those who read this will not make that mistake," Mr. Nixon added.

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INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 6 Friday, September 14, 1979

Candidate Kennedy

A few days after Richard Nixon's election in 1968, many people in politics opened their mail to find a pale green button reading "EMK 1972." It turned out that the senator had nothing to do with the mailing. Still, it showed that some people were certainly eager for him to make the race even if he was not.

The presidential candidacy of Sen. Edward Kennedy, D-Mass., has been a phantom ship on the political seas ever since. When 1972 rolled around, and again in 1976, the senator was prominently mentioned as a Democratic candidate. Indeed, it is said that in Jimmy Carter's plan for 1976, a Kennedy candidacy was assumed.

Then, at the Democrats' midterm conference last December in Memphis, President Carter won respectful applause — but the senator won rousing cheers for his exhortation to "sail against the wind" of public opinion and fight deep cuts in social spending. Still, Kennedy continued to insist that he was not a candidate.

Now the senator acknowledges that he may run in 1980. Neither he nor the president have formally announced, but both are now likely to seek the Democratic nomination. It is far too early to assess their rival merits, but even that much clarity is welcome. It makes possible the discussion of two issues that have troubled us about the 1980 political mists so far.

Many have contended recently that it is somehow bad form to challenge an incumbent president for renomination. Even if just such challenges had not arisen in 1968 to Lyndon Johnson, that notion has always seemed a silly one. No other aspect of rough-and-tumble U.S. politics calls for such genteel protocol — and this one shouldn't either. The idea has been less a rule than a reflection of reality: incumbent presidents are generally strong enough that taking them on is not so much improper as unwise.

The issue now is not overweening ambition on the part of Sen. Kennedy, or Gov. Edmund (Jerry) Brown Jr. of California, or any other Democratic challenger. It is the president's perceived political weakness. Polls so long before an election are hardly dispositive but it must mean something when 7 people out of 10 give Carter a negative rating. Would a Kennedy candidacy risk splitting the party? Some observers think not; but even if it did, it's hard to see what's wrong with that. Party politics are — or ought to be — robust.

The second troubling issue is atmospheric. It is hard enough for a real incumbent with a real record to run against routine challengers with an easy infinity of airy declarations. It is much harder for Carter to contend with the aura that swathes noncandidate Kennedy. How much of it reflects tragedy and history?

How much of it derives from utopian and even contradictory hopes of dissatisfied voters that no candidate could ever fulfill? How much of it would survive rough primary battling?

With Kennedy moving closer to a decision, it becomes increasingly possible to cut through the sentiment, the history and the mysterioso and measure him as a real candidate. It becomes possible to ask what medicine he would have the nation take for inflation or energy or social justice. The phantom ship is nearing port.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

No Combat Troops

The talks held so far by Soviet and U.S. diplomats have left the impression that the two sides are aiming to resolve their disagreement over Soviet troops in Cuba in a rather prompt and quiet way. The Kremlin denied the other day that "organized Soviet combat units" have newly "arrived" in Cuba, contending that its military personnel have been on the island for 17 years and are only training Cubans. The United States is evidently inclined to accept this explanation, if U.S. intelligence determines on a continuing basis that the units found to be operating in a combat mode last month are no longer operating in that mode. That would mean at the least that, in the State Department spokesman's words, the units would be shorn of the "associated equipment" that makes them "functionally able" for combat. It also might mean clarifying, by verifiable agreement, a gray area that may exist between training and combat modes.

Moscow would save face by not having to admit that it either activated a brigade or took one out. Poorly placed to suddenly start objecting to an old training mission, Washington could claim it had foreclosed a politically disturbing combat presence.

If events actually are working out in this way, there will be loud objections. From the left, some Americans and many foreigners will say that the United States has no good reason dictating the form of the Soviet military presence in Cuba.

But in fact the United States has excellent reason. Everything about Cuba is politically and strategically touchy, and has been for Fidel Castro's 20 years in power. The discovery and subsequent general awareness of a Soviet brigade come at a moment of fresh volatility in the Caribbean and of serious instability in overall Soviet-U.S. relations and create a new and unsettling political fact. The United States need not apologize for a policy aimed at limiting new foreign military activity in its own back yard.

From the right, a good number of Americans are already suggesting that this is the time and place to draw the line against Soviet geopolitical expansion, and to compel Moscow to remove the troops. Some say this, by the way, ostensibly to help the administration ratify SALT, and others to kill SALT.

In fact, it is right and necessary to draw the line on a Soviet combat presence, however belatedly discovered and however currently innocuous. But is it sensible to take the long extra step of saying that the Soviet troops, even if shorn of combat capability, must be expelled? Acquiescence in continued Soviet training leaves intact the Cuban military activities supported by that mission. But neither the administration nor its critics have yet proposed a feasible and politically acceptable way to close them out.

The immediate problem is that of having found Soviet soldiers in a combat mode. This is what is unacceptable, and generally believed to be so. If the Russians return their men to a training mode — and surely U.S. intelligence, now that it's been alerted, can keep track — this affair can be put to rest. If the Russians don't, that is another story.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

International Opinion

EEC Budget: Tug-of-War

After combing through the European Commission's proposals for expenditure [of about $25 billion] next year, the Council of Ministers applied its ritual knife to reduce them [by $1.4 billion].

Although the Community budget remains relatively small, amounting to less than 3 percent of total national spending by the nine member countries, the 22 percent increase in funds originally requested by the Commission must seem excessive to finance ministers and taxpayers alike.

But the budget ministers should not be congratulated too hastily for displaying fiscal rectitude. Roughly half the increase proposed by the Commission was accounted for by the Common Agricultural Policy, which absorbs two-thirds of the total budget and over which the Commission itself can exert little control.

The cost of buying and storing surplus farm produce has been rising by an average of 20 percent annually and . . . this rate of growth seems unlikely to be much lower in the year to come . . .

This may be the last year in which the Council can indulge in the luxury of tinkering with the budget without tackling directly the root problem of the Common Agricultural Policy . . .

— From the Financial Times (London).

Nonaligned and Capitalist

Historically, it is understandable that the nonaligned states continually remind their erstwhile colonial masters of earlier errors and omissions. But it might turn out disadvantageous in practice to keep chivying the goose that lays the golden eggs.

All the high-sounding "isms" become wearisome even to their protagonists in time, to the largest, even more so. For they fail to disguise the fact that the nonaligned nations will be needing the advantages they derive from the hated capitalists for a long time yet.

But it would be wrong to give the nonaligned countries up in disgust. Far better to try and find practical and perhaps even "ideological" means of halting the drift of these states toward socialism.

— From the Neue Zuercher Zeitung (Zurich).

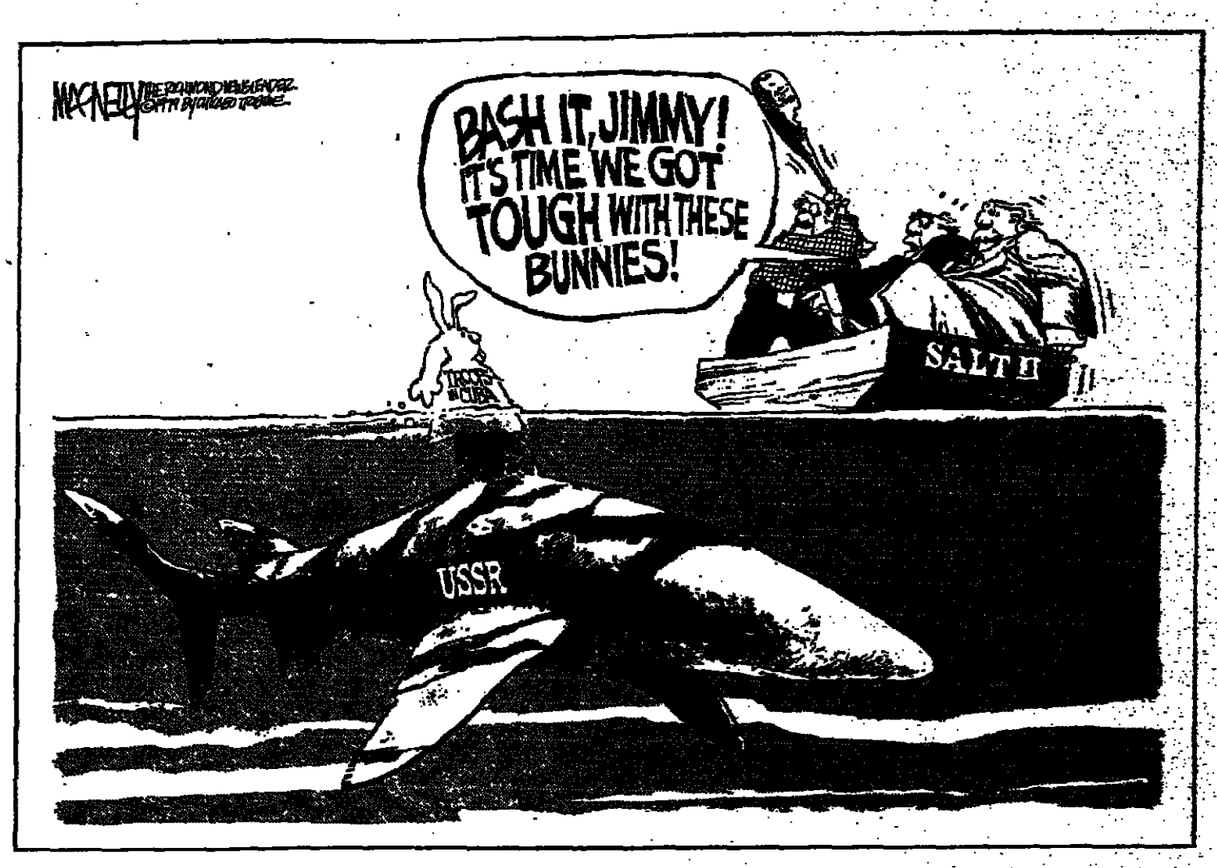
In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago
September 14, 1904

BERLIN — There are few fields of the Emperor Wilhelm II's activity in which he has secured as great a success as in his efforts to beautify Berlin. He has one great point in his favor, and that is that in the German capital he was not troubled much by historical landmarks and monuments of past ages, the doing away of which would have roused opposition. A century ago, Berlin contained a couple of hundred thousand inhabitants; today it has reached the 2 million mark. Under these circumstances, the greater part of the city is modern and constructed on modern lines. Nine-tenths of Berlin have as few historical associations as Chicago.

Fifty Years Ago
September 14, 1929

ROME — Standing at the end of a room in the Venice Palace, Benito Mussolini this morning delivered his speech to the Grand Assembly of the Fascist Party, numbering some 900 black shirts, who stood throughout. The arrival of the Duce was signaled by three trumpet calls. As the Duce began his address, a reverent silence fell upon the assembled Fascist executives. In his speech, Mussolini declared that Fascism cannot tolerate the idea of the indirect power of the Catholic Church. "The present regime," he continued, "has 9,000 watchers throughout the country, who are ready to report whether the clergy goes beyond its limits."



Bitter Soviet Reaction to Kissinger

By Leopold Unger

BRUSSELS — Nothing seemed to be extravagant: Caesar, John Paul II, Cassandra and others of equal notoriety were mentioned. Those who participated at the recent seminar on the future of NATO, sponsored here by Georgetown University's Center for Strategic and International Studies, had to delve deeply into their classical education to find the proper comparisons to qualify the address of the principal speaker, Henry Kissinger.

Soviet experts, who were allowed to attend only the press briefings of the Brussels conference, were far less enthusiastic. After thinking it over for a few days, they gave their own appreciation — in Russian, not in Latin — of Mr. Kissinger's efforts in Brussels.

According to Yuri Zhukov, Pravda's leading commentator, "Kissinger is intent on frightening U.S. and Western public opinion with the specter of a Soviet menace, and this for the only reason that he plans to run for the Senate."

Disappointed

The organ of the Soviet Communist Party was obviously disappointed. It noted that "Kissinger, who personally participated actively in the elaboration of the SALT-2 accords, can now be seen everywhere urging the Pentagon and the military-industrial complex to pursue the arms race."

As for Tass, it had a very simple explanation for Mr. Kissinger's attitude: "false propaganda." It also added, "Once Kissinger left the government, he appears to have left his discretion and good sense behind."

It may seem strange that Moscow should show such bitterness over Mr. Kissinger's declarations, which have upset no Western capital.

Eastern European reactions to the Brussels meeting may well mean that Mr. Kissinger's speech was presented to Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev in capsule form, under the title: Kissinger's Message to Europeans. And it dwelled only on the essential points:

- First, that during the 1980s, the balance of power between the United States and the Soviet Union may become unfavorable to the West.
- Second, that the dissuassive credibility of the U.S. nuclear umbrella will diminish.
- Third, that it would be naive to believe that the Soviet Union would not attempt to exploit its military superiority as a factor for political pressure.
- Fourth, NATO must be reinforced and every effort must be made to block the Soviet challenge.

No Cries of Joy

Paradoxically, this solemn proclamation of the Soviet Union's status as the leading strategic power, brought no cries of joy nor pride from Moscow. The Kremlin sees the Brussels "show" as an unsettling operation, made up of a personal and a political project.

The personal aspect is clear. According to the Kremlin, Mr. Kissinger and Gen. Alexander Haig, who came to Brussels, accompanied by a number of financial and economic personalities, exploited a meeting organized by a scientific institution to put themselves in the limelight as representing a new type of leadership for the United States.

"You can like Kissinger or not," an Eastern European observer confided, "but the demonstration of his calm lucidity, which did not fail to include hints of self-criticism (and that could only increase his credibility in Moscow) contrasts sharply with the confusion and disorder that now reign in Washington."

This new leadership has a program, Moscow believes. It first of all wants to shut the "strategic window, that is, to eliminate the West's potential vulnerability for the years following 1980.

This is a serious challenge to Moscow. The installation alone of the MX missile system, which can be considered to be one of the elements of the counterforce suggested by Mr. Kissinger, will cost about $33 billion.

Thus, with unusual alacrity, only 24 hours after a communique on the MX missiles, Tass violently assailed "the United States, which is now embarking on a new lap of the arms race."

The speed with which Moscow reacted came as no surprise since the Soviet Union already spends about 13 percent of its gross national product on defense. The policies endorsed by Mr. Kissinger in Brussels would force the Kremlin to increase still further its defense budget at a time when the Soviet economy is anything but healthy.

The Brussels meeting may well lead the Kremlin to re-examine a number of other annoying issues.

First, if Mr. Kissinger's policy were to be followed, the SALT-2 accords would not be ratified in their present form. The former secretary of state had already made his position known to the U.S. Congress. Now, he has found several leading Europeans — who originally had backed SALT-2 — to support his contentions. This is an alarming development for the Kremlin when U.S.-Soviet detente shows signs of extreme fragility, as in the Vlasova affair or that of the Soviet brigade in Cuba.

Furthermore, the Soviet reactions to the Brussels conference, indicate that Moscow knows that there is very little chance that Europeans would respond to anything like the "neutron bomb scandal." The plan to install neutron bombs in Europe was cut to ribbons equally by a superbly organized propaganda campaign managed by Moscow and by the irresolution of a vacilating and leaderless administration in Washington.

In other words, the Kremlin is beginning to get used to the idea of the deployment of U.S. Pershing missiles in Western Europe. The Pershings are the most credible reply to the installation of more than 100 SSXX missiles aimed by Moscow at targets on this side of the Elbe River.

"If you want Americans to stop asking themselves if they are ready to die for Paris or Amsterdam, first you have to make sure that there is no reason to ask that question," one of the members of the Brussels conference declared to a group of journalists.

The journalists must have included a number of Russians, for Pravda's reaction was immediate. Calling upon its traditional stock of remarks, it accused Gen. Haig, Mr. Kissinger and NATO Secretary-General Joseph Luns of having "made up the figures" concerning the deployment of Soviet forces in Europe and of having gone through "frightening calculations to justify the reinforcement of NATO, to upset the balance of forces between the United States and the Soviet Union and to ruin the spirit of the SALT-2 accords."

This type of argument is not likely to influence Western Europeans. Henri Simonet, the Belgian minister of foreign affairs, cautiously avoided using the word "hegemony" or "imperialism" when referring officially to Soviet foreign politics, and replaced it with the more neutral term "internationalism." Nevertheless, he made it clear that everything should be done to prevent "Soviet propaganda disseminated by well-meaning organizations" from delaying the debate on the Pershing missile.

Otherwise, the Belgian minister said, "it would mean the progressive Finlandization of Western Europe. And no one wants that."

While asking, "Does NATO exist?" Irving Kristol, editor of The Public Interest, who was one of the speakers at the Brussels seminar, quoted the following remark of Martin Wight: "It may be noted, as a melancholy law of coalitions, that they are designed to avert the last war . . ."

Fortunately for us, the Kremlin seems to feel that NATO has other purposes in mind.

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What Price Energy?

By Anthony Lewis

WASHINGTON — It is 1981. The Mobil Corporation announces plans for the country's biggest oil refinery, to be built on the New River in North Carolina.

A federal law passed by Congress and signed by President Ford in 1976 protects the New River in its natural state. North Carolina laws protect the valley. But the Energy Mobilization Board says the refinery is more important. And under the Energy Act of 1979, the president, on the board's recommendation, can override both state and federal law in order to build a critical energy facility.

President Reagan orders all contrary federal laws and local zoning and health regulations overriden. The way is clear for an immediate start on the New River refinery.

Fantastic?

A fantastic scenario? No. For the energy bill as it is now taking shape in Congress would allow future presidents to do exactly that: override democratic decisions, local and national, and put aside the interests of health, safety and the environment.

It is an astonishing concept: one utterly contrary to the traditions of U.S. federalism and constitutional democracy. Another amazing fact is that the idea is being supported by aides to Jimmy Carter, who has repeatedly said he is against any such presidential power.

On Aug. 2, President Carter said his proposal for an Energy Mobilization Board was designed to "cut out excessive delay" in the approval of energy projects, by removing procedural roadblocks. He said: "With the exception of any new requirements imposed when construction of a critical facility is under way, the board could not waive substantive environmental standards."

But the House Commerce Committee has worked up a bill that would let Presidents nullify state and federal substantive law that stands in the way of energy projects. And when members of the committee tried to cut back that sweeping authority with amendments, White House lobbyists fiercely and successfully opposed them. Key parts have been played by James C. Free, the Carter liaison man in the House, and Bertram Carp, deputy assistant to the president for domestic affairs and policy.

Public Health

Public health is a central question. For example, present technology for producing oil from oil shale leaves as a byproduct substantial quantities of arsenic. The bill as it now reads in the Commerce Committee would allow a future president to waive the Toxic Substances Control Act and allow an oil shale project to go ahead in, say, Colorado, even though there was no effective plan to keep arsenic from poisoning ground water in the area.

That example involves the overriding of a duly enacted federal statute. Even more surprising, in the U.S. constitutional system, would be allowing a president to sweep away state law. If a coal liquefaction plant were to be built in Montana, requiring immense quantities of water, would the people of Montana and nearby states be content to have the crucial and complicated issues of Western water law decided by Washington lawyers?

The powers granted by the pending energy bill worry, among other people, the three leading environmental officials in the Carter administration. Last week, Secretary of the Interior Cecil Andrus, Douglas Costle of the Environmental Protection Administration and Gus Speth of the Council of Environmental Quality sent a memo to the president expressing their concern at administration lobbying in favor of the bill as it stands.

"Such a posture is not only dangerous but unnecessary to achieve the 'fast track' legislation you outlined in your July 16 energy program," the memo said. It added that the position "undermines our credibility."

Tactics

The president said this week that he is still against including in the energy bill a general power to override substantive law, state or federal. Why, then, have his people fought amendments that would remove that unprecedented power from the bill? The House Commerce Committee has now approved the Energy Mobilization Board legislation with the broad-waiver authority included.

The answer heard around the administration is that the lobbying policy was "tactics." The president needs a "strong" bill, it is said. Whatever comes out of this first stage may be weakened later, especially in the Senate, so it is best to start with the "strongest" possible version.

But the tactical premise may be wrong. Senate energy leaders had been chary of any power to brush aside state and federal law. But now, after the White House failure to stand by the president's stated position, the senators are moving toward the same sweeping authority as the House bill.

The troubling possibility is that White House aides are prepared to soil President Carter's impressive record in defending the environment for a short-term political gain. The president wants to look "strong" and has made the energy bill his political test. But when it's all over, will he want to be remembered for having distorted U.S. constitutional tradition and opened the way for unaccountable damage to U.S. health and surroundings?

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Letters

Young's Actions

There are two major differences between the Israeli Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan's meeting with a "PLO representative" and that of Ambassador Andrew Young.

Firstly, Dayan did not meet a PLO representative as such, but a PLO supporter and so he did not breach Israeli government policy of not talking to the PLO. Secondly, Dayan did not initially lie about this meeting.

It is, however, to the credit of Young that he submitted his resignation on realizing that by his action he had compromised the integrity of the United States — and this counts, particularly with his country's allies.

PERCY S. GOURGEY.
London.

The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from readers. Short letters have a better chance of being published. All letters are subject to condensation for space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication. Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address. The Herald Tribune cannot acknowledge letters sent to the editor.

Reaction Stirred b Kennedy

By George F. Will

WASHINGTON — The day I dropped in on my sician to get the results of my at physical examination, I a seems, bursting with health poor fellow, sometimes turns and feels faint.

At least he does when I chievously tell him that Edwa Kennedy's national health calls for conscripting all plays into the Army and paving the cording to rank. "Yes," I "you'll be a corporal in 1981."

To my physician, and Carter, Kennedy is like the m the stair:

As I was going up the stair
I met a man who wasn't there
He wasn't there again today
I wish, I wish he'd stay away.

Kennedy is not going awa cause Carter has so completel control of his destiny, Kenne lost control of his, too.

Democrats are so nearly a in their desire not to renom Carter, Kennedy cannot cite of dividing the party" as a re or excuse, for not running. By ing his family's dispensation race, he has dissolved an excuse. Were he now to con Democrats to a Carter cand Kennedy might never again a as he appears today: as the n leader of the party.

The family dispensation, a stone tossed into the Demo pond, may not have been tir swamp Jerry Brown's dinghy, was sufficient to do so. Br foray into New Hampshire su ly seemed beside the point. T creased probability of a Ken candidacy also may affect chemistry of the compet among Republicans.

Kennedy does for Republ what Nixon did for Democrat stirs their competitive juices minding them of what they are why.

Kennedy is hardly unbea Politicians worry about camp that "peak too early." Kenn campaign may peak the instn becomes official. After that, h never again be, as he now is to people, less Ted Kennedy tha Kennedy." People will begin t tice his record.

The electorate is not qui conservative as it sometim sounds, but Kennedy is much liberal than he will try to ap Against Kennedy, the Republ have a grand chance to seize th cisive middle ground.

Republicans tend to regard *nominating process as an occ* for having fun. Republican fr know that sounds like a contr tion in terms, like Iranian disco casionally takes the form of n lowing niggling thoughts a electability to impinge on the nation process. But fear of K dy may cause Republicans to about helpful and unhelpful trasts.

Ronald Reagan may seem like a risk worth taking if the ocratic nominee is going to be ing youthful vigor from every On the other hand, Kennedy make youthful vigor seem a ous virtue.

John Connally, it is said, Kennedy to be the nominee sumably because Connally t Republicans will want to send most electric personality a Kennedy. But, to marry p Connally has the aura of son who knows how to be naugh he would not be able to tak advantage of the contrast Kennedy who, some people is exactly the sort of boy our ers warned us against.

George Bush, on the other seems, at least to those who not seen his better side, like t in the third grade you want sock in the eye because mother was forever praising h a perfect little gentleman. Howard Baker always seems verge of saying "Aw, shucks something equally wholesome

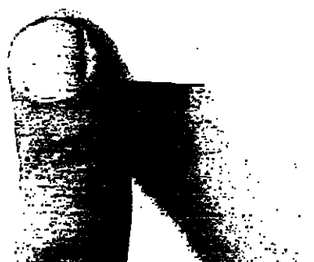
Sworn Off?

Bush has done well in the "ble primary" of 1979 — the c to enlist key supporters. Ba well positioned in the polls both seem to understand tha tics offers glittering prizes to with stout hearts and trim b When Baker flew off on his A campaign swing, his plane is s have carried lots of diet soda I knew Destiny had marked for favor when I saw his thi diet Dr. Pepper.

Kennedy is reported to sworn off ice cream. By no only thing that could disco Kennedy's supporters, and the pink of health back to th low cheeks of my physician, be the sight of Kennedy engu double-dip chocolate-chc chip ice cream cone. That constitute a Shermanesque ment of withdrawal.

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هكذا من الاصل

weekend

on Sunday, in Vienna page 8w

e the chefs dined on vacations page 9w

urf's up in Cornwall — beach party page 10w

Norman Mailer: The Life and the Legend

by James Atlas

s and alert as a ship's captain scanning the horizon, Norman Mailer trotted e podium of Sanders Theater at Harversity one evening this spring and his audience: bland, expectant undergneighborhood intellectuals and newveterans of the 1960s — a generation it in its maturity.

de before, also in Cambridge, Mass., eason of strikes on campus and riots d Square, he had addressed a very sort of crowd; boisterous, irreverent, e entertained, it was the sort of audiler loved, and he had responded to ts with the crude invective and drunko that invariably delight his followers. Sunday night, however, the whole as empty, and even the main floor sparsely populated. "I find myself noware of a certain shrinkage in my ," Mailer began. A single derisive erced the half-deserted hall, a poigof the combative hecklers who had ated his performances.

modest, dressed in a proper three-, Mailer read a mildly diverting story days on The Harvard Advocate, an luate magazine. The audience was e speaker adopted another strategy. ways fancied himself an orator of conpower — a self-estimate disproved on ble talk shows and other public occand now was the time to call forth that nd arouse his desultory auditors. ng on karma, technology and the Cenigence Agency in elaborate, convolutces that one thought would never end, ed precariously between eloquence nse. "The mood is beginning to recall in Hitchcock's 'Thirty-Nine steps,'" where Mr. Memory keeps on talking what."

he had exhausted his rhetorical gamely acknowledging, after an ble pause, "We've come to our first Mailer pressed on, but some two hours nally conceded defeat and bade goodthe handful of loyalists who had re- the end.

urage to be a fool half the time if that ce of being more than a fool for the f," observed literary critic Richard as made Norman Mailer's career a event. By creating a personality re- to any situation, he has fashioned own legend the material of his art, oth its subject and its animating force. nd the work are one. Or, as he puts it, de an ass of myself so many times I der if I am one."

nerican public has certainly had ample ity to decide the matter for itself. "His tudity seemed to derive from being Mailer confessed in "The Prisoner of ." he has willingly sought that exposure than three decades now. Where J.D. retreated to a remote New England hen he could no longer write, Mailer ayor of New York City; where John nd William Styron settled in bucolic circumvent the perils of literary fame, ayed in New York and squandered his tion with the recklessness of a schoolonding to a dare. And where other ll silent when questioned about themailer has incessantly drawn attention lures and the chaos of his life. There ome shrinkage in his literary reputamillions know that his summer house cetown, Mass., was repossessed by the Revenue Service this summer, that his fe is suing him for an expensive di- l that he is half a million dollars in

he publication in October in America Executioner's Song," a vast, ambitious narrative of 1,072 pages about the life and death of the Utah Murderer Gary Gilmore. Mailer hopes to avert the question: Will he ever produce that novel? (The book will be published in late October by the British publisher Hutchison, in early November by Moewig in Germany and late in 1980 by Laffont in France.) At the last moment, only weeks before publication, he persuaded his publisher to classify the new book a novel, as if to compensate for his failure to produce the definitive work of fiction he used to boast of so tirelessly.

Now, at 56, Mailer is beginning to show signs of retrenchment. A few years ago, he proclaimed, "A writer of the largest dimension can alter the nerves and marrow of a nation." Does he himself still aspire to that dimension? "I no longer think I'm that large. Ten years ago I had greater hopes for my future than I do now," he confesses. "I'm just another one of the characters on stage." Besides, "you can die trying to write a masterwork."

Playing the part of America's literary court jester has by no means been a frivolous activity; for Mailer, public humiliation enhances the inner life. The four marriages, the three disastrous films, the frenetic New York City mayoral campaign of a decade ago, the 50th birthday party at New York's Four Seasons Restaurant, the raucous Town Hall debate with feminists in 1971: These have been perilous ventures indeed, and they have certainly not bettered Norman Mailer's position.

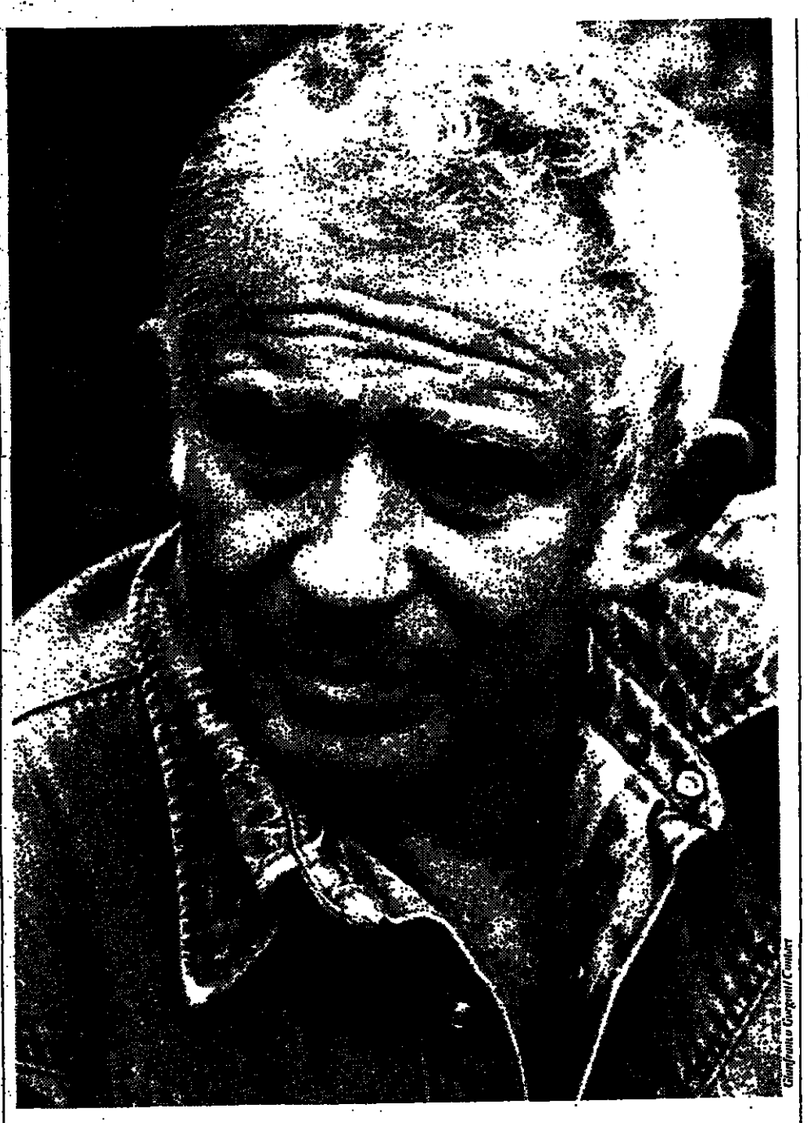
Still, he has hardly been idle as a writer. Apart from the celebrated genre of political reportage he invented in the early 1960s, which culminated in "Armies of the Night" and "Miami and the Siege of Chicago," Mailer has managed to publish two novels ("An American Dream" and "Why Are We In Vietnam?"), a number of brilliant profiles, assorted commercial ventures, a nonfiction masterpiece — "Of a Fire on the Moon" — and a variety of memorable effusions collected in three volumes of essays — all this while he was supposed to be at work on a successor to "The Naked and the Dead," the book that made him famous at the age of 25.

"The Executioner's Song," written in a spare, dispassionate style, resembles nothing Mailer has ever written before; it has none of the discursive bluster for which he is celebrated. Indeed, Mailer never enters the story. Like Truman Capote's "In Cold Blood," to which it will inevitably be compared, Mailer's account of a pointless crime in a remote locale depends upon the stark interest of the situation itself and of the people involved. Orchestrating and editing thousands of hours of taped conversations, he has woven together a social network of virtually infinite complexity and made eloquent the sprawling cast of inarticulate characters who crossed Gary Gilmore's life or entered it in the nine months between his parole and Jan. 17, 1977, when he was executed before a firing squad for two random murders in Provo, Utah.

The most notable feature of this immense work is the absence of that obstreperous narrator variously known as Aquarius, the Psychic Investigator, the Prisoner of Wedlock and — in a more modest era — Norman.

How did Mailer arrive at this self-effacing narrative strategy, a style he likens to "the long, flat empty reaches" of Utah? "I was convinced from the start that the materials were exceptional; it had the structure of a novel. Whenever I needed a character for esthetic balance — a new character of imposing dimensions — one just appeared, out of nowhere. If I had conceived 'The Executioner's Song' as a novel entirely drawn from my imagination, I doubt I could have improved on those characters."

Had Mailer only conquered his addiction to the grandiose, the architectonic, the immense — "The Executioner's Song" could have rivaled "The Naked and the Dead." As it is, however, the book is far too long; was it really necessary to devote so many pages to the exploits of Larry Schiller, a shrewd entrepreneur known for exploiting the stories of such doomed figures as Jack Ruby, Marilyn Monroe and Lenny Bruce? But Mailer has made him a figure of Homeric dimension, one whose public anguish over the moral implications of dealing with Gilmore for the rights to his story is supposed to constitute high drama.



Gianfranco Gorgoni/Contact

Still, had it not been for Schiller, the book would never have been written, for it was he who approached Mailer once those rights had been secured and persuaded him to write a book based on tapes he had accumulated. Thinking the project would require only half a year, and lured by the half-million-dollar advance from Warner Books, to be divided evenly with Schiller — Mailer started reading the transcripts, then flew out to Utah. He rented an apartment in Provo for two months, drove around the state, slept in Gilmore's hotel room. Once again, Mailer's hope of "getting a year's wages ahead" was thwarted by an obsession.

Whether a character as limited as Gilmore can sustain one's interest over more than a thousand pages is another matter: after all, he himself admitted that he was "one of those people that probably shouldn't exist." But Mailer purports to have discovered "something heroic" in his subject, and even speaks of him as "a genius endowed with an exceptional imagination." What was the nature of this genius? "The capacity to discover an exceptional solution to a virtually impossible situation. He understands the fundamental thing that so few people understand: that it's more important to die and save your soul than to live and feel it slowly extinguished."

One can easily belittle such a declaration as histrionic, and the unprepossessing man who utters it seems at first glance an unlikely proponent of the heroic. But it has long been Mailer's habit to detect heroic qualities where they are least likely to be found.

Mailer is essentially a romantic with all the liabilities such a temperament implies; like Baudelaire, he glamorizes criminality, cultivates a prurient imagination and luxuriates in the freedom of instinctual claims. But his grandiose theories of human nature are no mere pose. For three decades, he has been engaged in a struggle to ward off the extinction of soul that he claims is a peril of living in contemporary America. Mailer is convinced that this country has lost its way and become the image of a bland, artificial, spiritually desolate land: Cancer Gulch.

Since World War II, he argued in an article about the Democratic Convention of 1960, Americans have been leading "a double life": one reflected in political history, "concrete, factual, practical and unbelievably dull"; the other "a subterranean river of untapped, ferocious, lonely and romantic desires, that concentration of ecstasy and violence which is the dream of life of the nation."

There is less ecstasy and violence in his own life now. He has become subdued, responsible, even benign. *Visiting his 85-year-old mother,* crawling on the kitchen floor with his infant son or trotting about on errands in Brooklyn Heights, where he occupies the top three floors of a brownstone overlooking the New York Harbor, Mailer resembles more the neighborhood grocer than the vigorous literary tyrant of a decade ago. Age and obligations have worn down his abrasive nature.

For the past four years, he has been living with Norris Church, a tall, beautiful 30-year-old from Arkansas with radiant brown eyes and auburn hair whose Pre-Raphaelite image has often appeared in *Vogue. She presides over a* household that includes John Buffalo, another child of hers by an earlier marriage and whichever of Mailer's other seven children happen to be in residence. (There are usually several.)

"From the beginning, I thought Norman was the nicest man I'd ever met," Norris recalls. Hardly the adjective that used to come to mind; but the "warrior, presumptive general, champion of obscenity, embattled aging *enfant terrible* of the literary world" described in "Armies of the Night" has now become "a nice man." Sitting in a Chinese restaurant in Brooklyn *Heights, he boasts of his former prowess as a* boxer in a self-deprecating manner that suggests he hardly believes his own claims. At once tactless and calculating, he seems vulnerable.

In the furniture-crammed flat just around the corner where his mother lives, surrounded by shelves lined with leatherbound editions of his works and tables cluttered with framed photographs of the author, Mailer is the ideal Jewish son: dutiful, shy, obedient. Around Norris he is courtly; with his infant son, John Buffalo, he is fawning and solicitous. The child, still in a highchair, has been taught to butt heads, one of *Mailer's favorite manly occupations; after every* gentle clash, the father collapses to the kitchen floor while his son looks on impassively.

There was no daring the unknown in Crown Heights, the proper middle-class neighborhood where his parents — Isaac Barnett Mailer, an accountant, and his wife, Fanny — settled after World War I to raise their children. Norman and his younger sister, Barbara, were so protected from the world that they still seem bewildered by it. "Mother never told us how to cope with people who don't love us," Barbara says. Mailer vowed to resist this legacy of innocence. "The nice Jewish boy from Brooklyn," he once declared, was "the one personality he found absolutely insupportable."

It was during his first semester at Harvard that Mailer discovered his vocation, and by graduation he had completed two novels, neither of which found a publisher. The problem, he once told a journalist, was that "I had nothing to write about."

Married at 21 to Beatrice Silverman, a Boston University undergraduate, Mailer warned his bride: "You know, I may get killed. I have to go fight in the war, so that I can write the great American novel." After all, hadn't the tradition of novelists at war been established by Hemingway's "A Farewell to Arms" and Dos Passos' "Three Soldiers"? Thus it was literature more than life — "those celestial being who knew how to write" — that he had on his mind when he arrived in the Philippines in January, 1945.

For several frustrating months his war experience was confined to typing orders and interpreting aerial photographs. Determined to see action, he was eventually assigned to a reconnaissance platoon and found himself marching through the mountains with a heavy pack in the company of a Texas National Guard regiment unimpressed with literary Ivy League graduates. "We can't all be poets," barked one irascible lieutenant. Nor was he notably efficient in the field. "Norman was a brave soldier, but not a good one," recalled Francis Irby Gwaltney, another hopeful novelist who happened to occupy a neighboring foxhole. "It's a miracle he lived through the war."

Mailer himself was far from convinced that he would survive. "At a certain point, you get awfully tired as an infantryman — not because you're in combat all the time, but just because it's a tough life: it's like being a dishwasher. Your horizons come down and down and down, until you don't much care whether you remain alive or not. So I really did give up the idea that I'd ever come back and be a writer."

However desperate he may have been, Mailer continued to send vivid dispatches to Beatrice. "I didn't see too much combat," he told a reporter upon his return, "a few skirmishes." But he had seen enough to write a novel. When the war was over, the couple settled in Brooklyn, and 15 months later the manuscript was done. They were in Europe with his sister when Mailer stopped off at the American Express office in Nice and emerged with his arms full of adulatory letters and the news that "The Naked and the Dead" was No. 1 on the best-seller list. "That was the last Norman could feel he was himself, and not Norman Mailer," claims his sister. He was 25 years old.

Spoiled, immature, perplexed by the effusive praise with which his first novel had been greeted and the contemptuous dismissal of his second, "Barbary Shore," he was still more unnerved when several publishers turned down his third, "The Deer Park." A masterly evocation of Hollywood, it caused Mailer more anguish than any of his other books. It, too, suffered from grandiose philosophical flourishes, but Mailer's portrait of dissolute movie types, with their callous opportunism and their nervous talk of "deals" was coarser, more rough-edged than Fitzgerald's in "The Last Tycoon" or Nathanael West's in "The Day of the Locust" — and just as convincing.

The problem was that Mailer had nothing more to write about and felt as if he had not yet lived. "Up to that point," he recalls, "I'd been a nice young literary man. My manners were the equal of anyone's; I was like any other reasonably intelligent young writer who came from Brooklyn, and was Jewish, and had gone to Harvard." Now he was like an unruly child, impatient to provoke a response — an impulse that coincided with the times. Life in New York was "existential" — to borrow one of Mailer's favorite words — the calculated *"dereglement de tous les sens"* prescribed by Rimbaud. Hence his eager cultivation of what he portentously called "the mysteries of murder, suicide, incest, orgy and orgasm"; the spurious liberation of drugs, alcohol and promiscuity; the notorious essays on Hip and the White Negro that ascribed to blacks great sexual prowess and a mystical primitive soul (how dated these ideas seem now!); and the Surrealist theater he staged on behalf of his career.

Postwar American novelists. Mailer noted in "Cannibals and Christians," were faced with a dilemma: "the tendency of American society to alter more rapidly than the ability of its artists to record that change." Two solutions offered themselves: to concentrate on the worlds they knew — in the manner of John Cheever, Saul Bellow, Bernard Malamud and John Updike — or to create their own hermetic, fabulist world, the world of pure artifice constructed by the post-modernists: John Barth, Thomas Pynchon, Donald Barthelme, William Gass. Mailer, however, was dissatisfied with the first solution — "I would never write about my mother," he

(Continued on Page 9W)



Maazel Brings the Cleveland Back to Europe

by Alan Kozinn

"I have never catered to what people consider the public's taste," insists the Cleveland Orchestra conductor Lorin Maazel, "because I don't consider there to *be* such a thing as public taste. I believe that there are music lovers who will always respond to good music, well played. And the job of an orchestra's music director is to sharpen that taste, that predilection, and give it focus."

Maazel was in the midst of preparations for the Cleveland's 16-city European tour that began earlier this month. (The orchestra will be in Frankfurt tommorrow, then Bonn, Duesseldorf, Brussels, Linz, Vienna, Budapest, Paris and London.) Maazel has conducted in all but one of the halls where the orchestra will be playing, and he says that besides tailoring his programs to "sharpen audience predilections," he is "keeping in mind the acoustical properties of each of the halls. For example, I chose the Bruckner Eighth Symphony for our September 5th concert in the Grosser Kunsthaussaal, in Lucerne, because that hall has a very resonant, rich hue that is ideal for Bruckner.

"For the September 27th concert in Paris, on the other hand, my considerations were different. I thought it would be of interest to the Parisians to hear a great American orchestra play works that demand tremendous virtuosity, so I chose Strauss's "Ein Heldenleben." And of course, the Parisians are great Wagner lovers, so the second half of the Paris program is devoted to music from "The Flying Dutchman," "Tristan and Isolde," "Gotterdammerung" and "Die Meistersinger."

Although Maazel is the only American conductor at the helm of one of the so-called "Big Five" American orchestras, his musical roots are strongly European. He was Paris-born, to American musician parents studying at the Sorbonne, and though he grew up a child prodigy in Los Angeles, he dates the beginning of his "mature" career to Christmas Eve, 1953, when he made his Italian debut.

Within a couple of years, the Italians had him conducting opera at La Scala, and in 1960, crossing the border to Germany, Maazel became not only the first American to conduct at Bayreuth, but the youngest conductor ever to work there.

Eventually, Maazel did settle down, somewhat, taking the musical directorships of the West Berlin Opera and the Berlin Radio Symphony from 1965 to 1971, all the while maintaining a rigorous guest conducting schedule.

The Cleveland Orchestra, meanwhile, had been steadily growing in renown, and by mid-1960 was considered by many to be America's finest ensemble. This esteem was due largely to the influence of George Szell, who led the orchestra from 1946 until his death, in 1970. The orchestra then went through a brief but difficult period, and when Maazel was appointed as Szell's successor in 1972, some critics wondered whether the young conductor would be able to maintain Szell's standards.

"Of course," Maazel says today, "there is no end to the degree of musical intimacy with an orchestra one can achieve as music director, and we still work very hard at growing together. But if you consider that I give between 120 and 140 concerts a year with my orchestra, you can understand that we have achieved a certain rapport, born of intimacy and repetition."

Unlike many of today's jet-set conductors, Maazel prefers to give his "home" orchestra the lion's share of his attention. "For a certain period of time," he explains, "until an orchestra has been well formed and set on its way, it is the responsibility of the music director to spend as much time as possible with the orchestra. I have engaged something like 20 young players in Cleveland over the last five years, players in key positions — first clarinet, first harp, first viola, for example. They are all young, brilliant players, but it takes a while for them to become a part of the Cleveland Orchestra tradition. And it is this combination of young brilliance and mature experience, I feel, that makes this orchestra second to none in the world."

Maazel is also the enthusiastic principal guest conductor of the Orchestre National de France, a post he's held since 1977. "Working with the National Orchestra is an entirely different experience," Maazel explains. "The players are, generally speaking, much younger. It is composed of first-prize winners, so technically, it's a stupendous group. I'm in the process of doing in Paris what I've done in Cleveland — that is, building repertoire. Curiously enough, there's very little overlap between the two orchestras: They each have a distinctive sound, and their work has been complementary.

His most recent European exploits have included a production of Verdi's *Luisa Miller* at Covent Garden, a complete Mahler cycle with London's Philharmonia Orchestra and a Beethoven cycle with the French National Orchestra. The Cleveland Orchestra, on the other hand, has not been to Europe since Maazel brought them there four years ago, so it seemed pertinent to ask the conductor how he thought his orchestra would react.

"Well," he said, "they'll be quite surprised to see how powerful Europe is becoming economically, and I think they'll be amazed to see the degree to which cultural activity has been developed, not only because of the new economic strength, but because of initiatives taken by cultural institutions. They're making very good use of television, for one thing, and they're popularizing classical music by bringing it to a larger and larger public without denigrating it in any way.

"And the response by the public is astounding. You may remember the "Missa Solemnis" I conducted last May, at Notre Dame. We turned away 7,000 people at the door — this despite pouring rain — and we had something like 15 million television spectators. It was a tremendous undertaking. But that's the sort of thing that's done in Europe these days. And it seems to me to be quite a good investment." ■

INTERNATIONAL DATEBOOK

SUNDAY

AUSTRIA

LINZ, to Sept. 30. Bruckner Festival at Brucknerhaus. (Tel: 732.752.301).

BELGIUM

BRUSSELS, to Oct. 13. Flanders Festival. (Tel: 737.31.11). Program includes — Sept. 14 at 8:30: Grote Aula in Louvain. Sigiswald Kuijken, Rene Jacobs and Robert Kohnen. Sept. 18 and 19 at 8:30: Cleveland Symphony Orchestra: Lorin Maazel, conductor; Brahms, Beethoven and Mendelssohn . . . Twentieth Century Ballet at the Theatre Royal de la Monnaie. Director, Maurice Huisman; Choreographer, Maurice Bejart . . . Sept. 15-16 from 11 a.m.: Fete du Drapeau Rouge, Communist party's annual fete including Johan Verminnen, Paul Louka, Pierre Vassilieu, Ancien Heliport, Quai de Willebroek, Quartier Nord . . . "Mephisto:" Ariane Mnouchkine's Theatre du Soleil in Mnouchkine's adaptation of the 1930's novel by Klaus Mann, Theatre Jean Vilar, from Sept. 14 for a month. (Bookings: 010/41.50.96 from noon to 7).

GHENT, Flanders Festival includes — Sept 17 at 8:30, in the museum: Boris Bloch. Sept 18 at 8:30 in the Congress Center: English Chamber Orchestra, Murray Perahia conductor, Mozart. Sept. 19 at 3 and 8:30 in the Opera: Twentieth Century Ballet.

ENGLAND

CHICHESTER, to Sept. 22. Theater Festival. (Tel: 0243-784437). Program: "The Man Who Came to Dinner" and "The Importance of Being Earnest." Performances: 7:00 every evening, matinees Thurs. and Sat. at 2:00.

LONDON, BBC-Henry Wood Promenade Concerts at the Royal Albert Hall end Sept. 15 . . . Sadler's Wells Royal Ballet in the Sadler's Wells Theater. (Tel: 01/837.1672). Peter Wright, director. Sept. 14 at 7:30: "Les Rendezvous" and "The Two Pigeons." Sept. 15 at 2:30 and 7:30 and Sept. 17 at 7:30: "Les Sylphides" and "The Two Pigeons." Sept. 18 and 19 at 7:30: "Concerto," " Playground," " Elite Syncopations." Sept. 20, 21 and 22 at 7:30, and Sept. 22 at 2:30: "Meadow of Proverbs," "La Fete Etrange" and "Pineapple Poll" . . . Tate Gallery: Tel: 01/821.13.13. To Dec. 31. Tate '79 Exhibition — British/foreign painting, modern sculpture and prints. Flags and Banners — Margaret Traherne. Turner watercolors, a new selection from the Turner Bequest.

SALISBURY, festival including — Sept. 14 at 7:30 in the Church of St. Thomas Beckett: Allegri Quartet. Sept. 15 at 7:30 in the Cathedral: Band of the Grenadier Guards and Royal Artillery Band directed by Meredith Davies. Sept. 16: Lecture by Dr. Magnus Pike: "Detection and Mystery in Science." Sept. 17 at 7:30, Cathedral: The King's Singers. Sept. 18 at 7:30, Cathedral: Royal Philharmonic Orchestra under Vernon Handley. (Tel: 0722/23883).

WINDSOR, Sept. 15-29: festival including London Symphony Orchestra, Royal Philharmonic, Yehudi Menuhin and Vladimir Ashkenazy in Waterloo Chamber and St. George's Chapel, Windsor Castle and Eton College. (Tel: Egham (389) 26.181).

FRANCE

BESANCON, to Sept. 16, International Music Festival. (Tel: 87.21.74). Program includes — Sept. 14: Clemencic Consort; I Musici. Sept. 15: Rafael Puyana: Le Contrepoint de Besancon (Stravinsky's "Les Noces"); Ballet Theater Francais; I Musici; Clemencic Consort. Sept. 16: Messe de Jean Langlais; Rafael Puyana; Ballet Theater Francais.

PARIS, to Sept. 22, Festival Estival de Paris includes — Sept. 14: "Soiree Schoenberg." Sept. 16: "Le Concert Francais." Sept. 19: Bernard Thomas Chamber Orchestra. Sept. 20: Clemencic Consort. Sept. 21: French National Ensemble. (Tel: 633.61.77) . . . Sept. 14, 15 and 17-20: Paris Opera presents a ballet program of Kenneth MacMillan's "Song of the Earth" and Maurice Bejart's "Life," "Serait-ce la mort?" and "Bolero." Musical direction by Ashley Lawrence . . . Georges Pompidou Center. Sept. 19-Nov. 5: Exhibition of photographs by Berliner, Raoul Haussmann . . . Galerie Zabriski, Paris 4e, "Paris de Nuit," exhibition of framed pages from the book by Brassai.

SAINT-LIZIER, Festival. Sept. 14 at 9:15: Michel Philippe, baritone, Theodore Paraskivesco, piano. Sept. 15 at 9:15: Deszo Ranki, piano, (Mozart, Schumann, Chopin). Sept. 16 at 3:00: Jean-Philippe Collard, piano, Augustin Dumay, violin: Beethoven. Sept. 21 at 9:15: Michael Rudy, piano; Scriabine, Rachmaninoff, Prokofiev and Stravinsky.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 15-16 at 9:00 p.m. Fete de Nuit et Feux d'Artifices at the Neptune Fountain.

GREECE

ATHENS, to Sept. 30, Athens International Arts Festival at Herod Atticus Theater, the Acropolis. (Tel: 323.51.72).

ITALY

FLORENCE, through Sept.: Palazzo Vecchio, "The Notebooks of Leonardo da Vinci . . . 11th biannual International Antiques Fair opens Sept. 15 at the Palazzo Strozzi.

THE NETHERLANDS

AMSTERDAM, Arts Festival, Sept. 14-23. Tel: (020) 22.90.11. Includes — Sept. 14: "The Flying Dutchman" by the Dutch Opera Society. Sept. 15 in the Concert Hall: Concert Hall Orchestra. (Wagner, Mendelssohn, Stravinsky, Tchaikovsky). Sept. 16 in the Suikerhos: "Come on Down," a cabaret partly in Dutch, partly in English. Sept. 17: "The Importance of Being Earnest," performed by The Theater, in Dutch. Sept. 18 in the Mickery Theater: Siji Company from New York performing "Lazarus." Sept. 19 in the Concert Hall: Amsterdam Philharmonic Orchestra and Choir (Chopin and Dvorak). Sept. 20 in the Shassy Theater: The Bansisters in "Tea for Two," (mime/singing). Sept. 21: Cleyn Theater, Calgija (folk music from Eastern Europe). Sept. 22: The Bansisters; the Dutch National Opera performing "Il Tabarro." Sept. 23: National Ballet in the Municipal Theater: Program includes "Les Sylphides," "Le Spectre de la Rose," "Petrouschka." Choreographer: Fokine . . . Jordaan festival, inhabitants of Amsterdam's old working-class district celebrate their highly individual way of life. Sept. 14-23. Performances by the Jordaan Cabaret.

SCOTLAND

PITLOCHRY, to Oct. 6. Theater Festival. Includes — Sept. 19: "Private Lives": Sept. 14: "Meet Me by Moonlight"; Sept. 15 and 21: "Bedroom Farce"; Sept. 15: "The Lights are Warm and Colored"; Sept. 17: "Arms and the Man"; Sept. 18 and 19: "Jenny." (Tel: 0796-2680).

SWITZERLAND

LAUSANNE, to Sept. 23, 60th "Comptoir Suisse" at the Palais de Beaulieu. (Tel: 21.31.11). Swiss Autumn Fair — handicrafts, agricultural produce, manufactured goods and Swiss folklore festival. Indonesian and Yugoslavian pavilions.

ZURICH, Carole Farley sings "Lulu" with the Zurich Opera, Sept. 18, 26, 30 and Oct. 4 and 12. Gotz Friedrich, director; Ferdinand Leitner, conductor.

WEST GERMANY

BERLIN, to Oct. 5. Berlin Arts Festival. Including — Sept. 14: State Library, Zoltan Kocsis piano, Mozart, Bartok, Rachmaninoff and Chopin; Stuttgart Ballet; Centre International des Creations Theatrales. Sept. 16: Jessye Norman and Geoffrey Parsons; Ensemble 20. Sept. 17: Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra (Schumann). Sept. 17-19, TSE Group from Paris. Sept. 18: Homero Francesch. Sept. 19: the Tonhalle (Zurich) Orchestra and Choir. Sept. 21: Maurizio Pollini; Spanish National Ballet.

COLOGNE, the Opera season commences Sept. 14 with a new production of Strauss' "Die Frau Ohne Schatten;" John Pritchard, conductor. Other performances: Sept. 19, 23, 26 and 30.

MUNICH, Sept. 14-Dec. 16: "The Garden of Eden" — seven millenia of art and culture along the Tigris and Euphrates. Prehistoric Collection.

OF SPECIAL INTEREST

WOODSTOCK REVIVAL: Joe Cocker, Richie Havens, Arlo Guthrie and Country Joe McDonald: Sept. 16, Rosenau Stadion, Augsberg, West Germany; Sept. 17, Deutschlandhalle, Berlin; Sept. 18, Stadium Antistadio, Bologna, Italy; Sept. 19, Stadium Communale, Florence; Sept. 20, Cremona; Sept. 21, Stadium Parco Ruffini, Torino; Sept. 22, Freilichttheater am Kalkberg in Bad Segeberg (Augsberg); Sept. 23, Philipshalle, Dusseldorf; Sept. 27, Edenhall, Amsterdam; Sept. 29, Casino de Montreux; Sept. 30, Pista del Ghiaccio, Lugano. Tour may also include Vienna, Lisbon, France.

REMBRANDT ETCHINGS, Rotterdam: "Rembrandt as etcher, seen through the eyes of Amand-Durand." Exhibition of Rembrandt's etchings discovered by French engraver Amand-Durand with explanations and demonstrations of the art. Weena 10, Rotterdam. Tel: (010) 14.40.44.

NEW YORK CITY BALLET, London, to Sept. 22: NYCB at the Royal Opera House. Includes — "Ballo della Regina," "The Goldberg Variations," "Jewels," "Who Cares?" Sept. 17: Gala program includes new ballet (Prokoviev/Robbins). Mon. through Sat. at 7:30; Thurs. and Sat. matinees at 2. (Tel: 2401066; credit cards: 836-6903) . . . Sept. 16: "The Many Faces of Balanchine." Members of NYCB performing at the Riverside Studios. (Tel: 7483354).

Only on Sunday — In Imperial Vienna



Lippizaner stallion rears on cue for the Sunday show.

by Alan Levy

VIENNA — In a world of tattered glitter and tacky taste, four hours of old-fashioned living perfection are yours on most Sundays around the Hofburg, the winter palace of the Habsburgs in downtown Vienna.

At 9:25 a.m. go to mass in the stunning marble-and-velvet royal chapel, home of the Vienna Boys Choir, which has been singing there since 1498. (Franz Schubert was a choirboy here from 1808 to 1813.) Lads of 8 to 13 in sailor suits, they peal out angelic notes from the topmost gallery, where *Maria Theresa kicked them upstairs two centuries ago.* You can usually catch a glimpse of them in the Renaissance courtyard after the ceremonial musical mass.

This will leave you just enough time to wander one courtyard over to the Spanish Riding school, where the *Lippizaner Stallions — the famous White Horses of Vienna* — put on an 80-minute show to taped m Sunday at 10:45 a.m. Beneath crystal chandeliers in a lofty white these aristocrats of the equine world are put through their paces b expert riders in brown uniforms with gold buttons and black hats gold braid. It is as formal as classical ballet — and if you come expe circus horses, you'll go away disappointed. All the "stunts" of the 1 zaners are based on natural action brought to a peak of perfection discipline. In the *levade*, a stallion squats deep on its haunches marches on its hind legs. In the *capriole*, the horse leaps up and, in mi kicks violently with its hind legs before landing gracefully on the spot: a medieval battle technique used to repel foot soldiers.

From the Spanish Riding School, cross the Michaelerplatz and stro the Kohlmarkt to number 14: the renowned and lavish pastry shop fo ed shortly after 1848 by Christoph Demel, court confectioner to F Joseph. On Sundays, Demel's features a costly but flawless noon buffet offering venison roasted in crusts, chicken baked in pastry sl beef Wellington, meat tarts, and frequent warnings to "leave roo dessert": the more chocolaty the better.

After lunch, if the day is sunny, you can take the 43 streetcar nearby Schottentor to the end of the end of the line in Neuwaldegg commence any number of uphill climbs through the Wienerwald, or V na Woods: a nearly 500-square-mile Green Belt in the northea foothills of the Alps. An hour-and-a-half's hike (about one-third uphill) along an easy trail marked by blue squares on trees, to the r Sophienalpe Hotel may revive your appetite enough to enable yo sample the innkeeper's game, particularly wild boar, and *Milliradm del*: a cottage-cheese pastry (served hot with vanilla sauce) that is Wienerwald's major contribution to the culinary arts.

If such activity is too strenuous after Demel's, then (from April thr October) hail a horse-drawn open fiacre or board a Ring-line tram t Prater amusement park for a ride on the giant red Ferris wheel tha world knows from the movie, "The Third Man." Vienna's greatest garden, Kolarik's Schweizer Haus, stands opposite Reinprecht's K Karussel, and features "Original Budweiser" from Czechoslovakia.

Actually, the amusement park is only a tiny corner of a 1,750-nature preserve best explored on foot or by riding a mini-railway o the *Liliputbahn* up part of the three-mile-long Prater Hauptallee.

Song is the note on which a perfect Viennese Sunday should end. P sing along with strolling musicians in *Heurigen* (new-wine tavern which Brückberger's in nearby Gumpoldskirchen is the best that's o Sundays) or enjoy a night at the opera. Both the Vienna State Opera Volksoper play on Sunday nights from September through June. Volksoper does operettas with a few too many favorite voices that weathered better days, but it can have its *wunderbar* moments. If Volksoper's two stellar young American talents — Karen Johnson Melanie Holliday, one black, one blonde — are playing the female l in "Mignon," you'll have an enchanted evening and wonder how the managed to miss out on both.

If you go . . . While travel agents or the Austrian tourist offices some seats a few days before performance, it's better to write we advance, at least a month for the horses (Spanish Riding School, Hofb A-1010 Vienna). Failing this, queue for cancellations well before 9 Sunday. Prices range from $3 to $23. For the Vienna Boys Choir, writ Burgkapelle, Schweizerhof, Hofburg, A-1010, a month or more ah Remaining seats are put on sale there Friday at 5 p.m. Prices range f $2.50 to $13. Opera prices, ranging from 46 cents for standing roo $92.30, can be ordered by mail at least two weeks in advance. I destheaterkassen, Goethegasse 1, A-1010.

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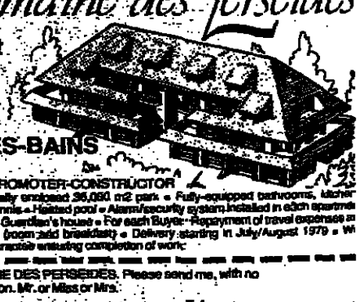


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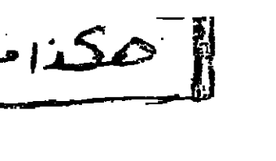
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alace Packed with asures for Florence Fair

by Naomi Barry

ICE" — In a glow of Medici-inspired hospitality, the 11th bi- ence International Antiques Fair opens tomorrow for a 3- t the Palazzo Strozzi, dubbed for the duration as Most Beauti- Window in the World.

1,000 visitors expected, dealers from all over the world have floors of the imposing palace built in 1498 by Filippo Strozzi, ican arch-adversary of Cosimo de Medici, with antiques rang- cient Egyptian artifacts to Art Deco furniture.

s ago, a complete refaul of the Strozzi Palace forced the exhi- temporary quarters at the Grand Hotel, a move that gave rise abroad that the fair was finished. Despite the necessity of ut of a "palace" hotel instead of a palace — a move which ased the working budget — the 1977 fair drew nearly 200,000 l closed its books with a modest sum left over for this year's

underwritten by Florence's Tourist Bureau, has always been a real event in this Renaissance mercantile city, and even the nit that they participate as much for the fun, festivities and eparty atmosphere as for the chance to sell their wares. Local lers give cocktail parties, receptions and dinners for visiting d the shops, restaurants and hotels all share in the bonanza. he hotels all packed to capacity, forcing many visitors to stay ing Siena, Arezzo, Montecatini and Prato.

plans to open at noon tomorrow with a flourish. In the piazza the Strozzi Palace, 30 costumed youths representing 16th- rence and Arezzo will throw large, colored flags (or *bandiere*) o the roll and rat-tat-tat of the drums. The Renaissance custom to the military standard-bearers of the past, who threw flags to neuvers to the army and to save ensigns in danger from cap- real skill; dipping, twirling and flinging the flags in the air eed, dexterity and strength.

e ceremony, visitors can enter the palace for a modest fee

Among top items for sale this year are a fragment (140 x 133 a 13th-century fresco reputed to be by Giotto representing the riage of St. Catherine (originally painted for a wall in the Torre in Mantua); a 15th-century polychrome stucco and papier- of a young woman; a painting by Brueghel the Younger; a Lalique screen of crystal on wood, and two Fragonards. An- is a five-foot-high, glazed terra cotta Franciscan monk, Saint of Siena, by Giovanni della Robbia. A companion figure dis- uring World War II when it was carted off to Germany for ollection.

lso a series of four 17th-century panels by Guiseppe Arcimbol- nict the four seasons in compositions of fruit and vegetables; ceptional piece, attributed to Silvestro dell'Aquila, a life-sized, y Madonna in polychrome and gilded terra cotta that once sat edral of Aquila.

at the fair this year is, predictably, all business: Some dealers g to the publication of prices, since it tends to restrain publici- rs. Others are upset that they can no longer acquire the most p-price pieces because people now let the auction houses sell collections. At the same time, the more modest pieces may oday's broader base of collectors. Giuseppe Bellini, secretary- the fair and head of the 100-year-old Luigi Bellini Gallery, estimates that most of the business at the fair will be in the $6,000-$20,000 price bracket.



A top sale item is a 15th-century Italian polychrome bust.

One 1979 "first" will be the presence in a ground floor office of the Strozzi of an Italian company that analyzes art work with modern scientific techniques, which can be a decisive factor both in authenticating and getting a reading on the condition of an object.

There are also special tours this year for nearby students and local factory workers and an "Open Forum" on September 17 to debate the restrictions that impede free circulation of art. Other current Florence attractions for the general public are a Joan Miro retrospective at Orsanmichele, a collection of Picasso erotica at the Palazzo Medici-Riccardi, the anatomy drawings of Leonardo da Vinci at the Palazzo Vecchio and an exhibition of 19th century photography at the Forte di Belvedere.

The patron saint of the antiques trade is the late art expert Bernard Berenson, who lived in Florence for half a century, and is quoted as saying: "A nation that does not have an antique dealer ought to invent one." Well, Florence is full of them. ■

Where the Top Chefs Dined on Vacation

by Joel Stratte-McClure

PARIS — Remarkably few Parisian chefs spent their summer vacations learning how to prepare *Wienerschnitzel, cevapcici, involtini* or steak and kidney pie. Instead of looking for novel cuisine ideas, they closed their kitchens and most made a clean break from their trade.

Alain Senderens, whose three star l'Archestrate is the current restaurant *fatal* in Paris, slumbered on the Ile de Re, and Etienne Bigeard, whose orange-flavored chocolate mousse is a favorite of French foreign ministers at the Quai d'Orsay, odysseyed to Greece.

"I get away from all forms of cooking when I have time off," Bigeard explained as he bemoaned the quality of lamb in Athens. "I spent my time sailing in the Aegean. The spartan life away from the stoves renews me, it revitalizes my senses and gives me some fresh inspiration for the return."

Older chefs like to retreat to their birthplaces in different parts of France, to dine on what they claim is simple family cooking — garden-grown escargots, homemade butter and fresh trout. The old school, they imply, has no desire to learn any new tricks at this stage. And certainly not during vacation.

Jules Boudreau, the 76-year old proprietor of *Au Gourmet de l'Ile, who can be seen daily at* dawn making fresh applesauce to accompany his celebrated *boudin*, rarely goes into restaurants when he leaves town.

"The wines cost too much in restaurants outside Paris, so I eat at home," Boudreau said. "A good chef would never spend his vacation looking for new recipes, because it is a time for relaxation and rest. Anyway, I'm at the point where people come to me to learn cooking. I don't go to them. I even trained an American a few years ago, and he's got his own place now — but I've no intention of trying it."

Andre Allard, owner of Allard, famous for its *canard aux olives*, is a bit less doctrinaire. Besides feasting on family fare at his home in Burgundy, he sampled some of the new cooking techniques at Lameloise in Chagny.

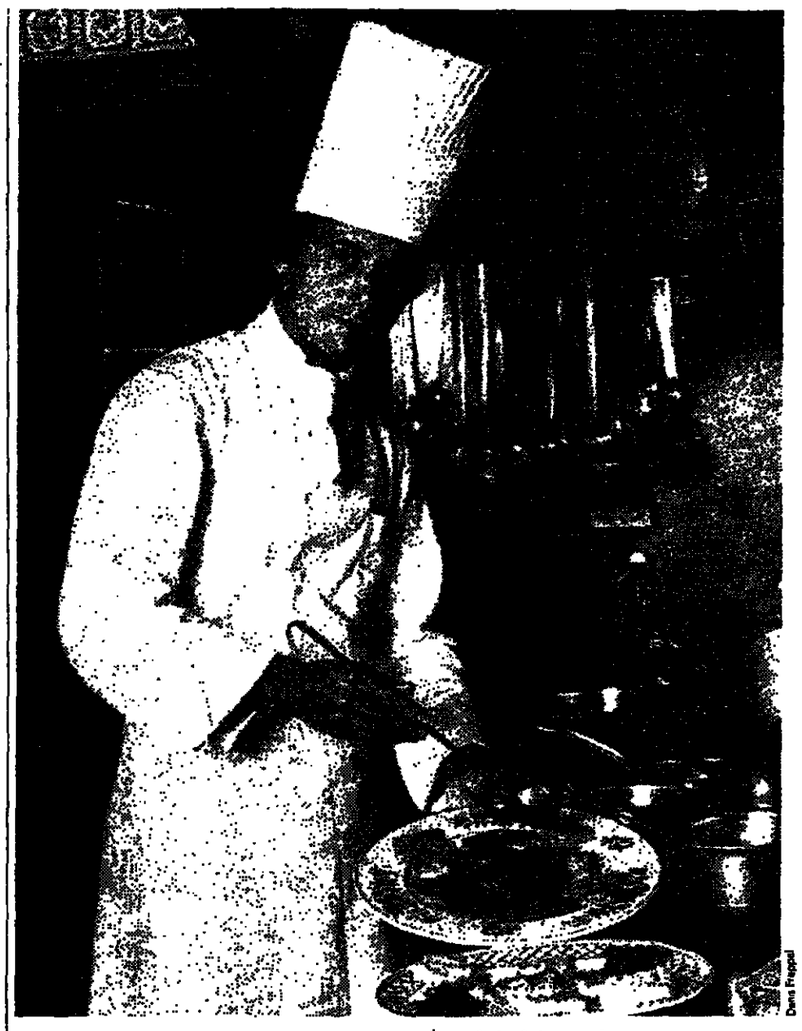
"I liked it very much and tasted some dishes I'd never tasted before," Allard said. "There were things I liked and some things that I didn't. I am in a classical cuisine and that doesn't change in the new cuisine. We have an old Parisian bistro and there is no reason for us to change. Personally, I don't leave France — when I go on vacation, I am tired, and I prefer to pick someplace like Burgundy."

At least one chef spent his vacation working on his restaurant, making things more comfortable to impress the clientele and visitors from restaurant guidebooks such as Gault-Millau and Michelin. Jacques Cagna redid his rue des Grands-Augustins eatery and claims he didn't take a bite of any French food during the month of August, including his renowned *terrine d'anguille a la ciboulette.*

"I played tennis every night, which prevented me from going to any restaurants," Cagna said. "At lunch I tried only Oriental cooking — Thai, Lao, Japanese and Chinese. I've got a Japanese *sous-chef* working in my kitchen, and perhaps something I picked up will subconciously find its way into my servings. But I did not go looking for ideas from the Orient."

Some younger chefs took a look at their competition but contend they were not pilfering plate presentations or recipes. One chef said visiting another cook's kitchen was like a good actor going to the theater to see a colleague play Hamlet, an expression of admiration and a way of paying tribute.

Hubert, owner of the chic haven of *nouvelle recettes* Bistro d'Hubert in the Marche St. Honore, says he tries to spend time with his well-known colleagues whenever he has an opportunity.



Top chef Jacques Cagna played tennis instead of chef during his vacation.

"I always dine at a few three star restaurants during vacation to see what Paul Bocuse and the others are doing with their cooking styles," Hubert said. "I never copy anything but just compare and check out their new chefs. There's nothing devious about this. When they come to Paris, I welcome them with open arms."

Despite this camaraderie, vacationing chefs don't leave their critical palate at home. If something offends them at a restaurant, they make a point of mentioning it.

Jacques Maniere, who keeps fresh fish in a cellar tank at the Dodin-Bouffant, tells a story about one meal he had at an unnamed restaurant on the Riviera this summer.

"The maitre d'hotel insisted that the rougets (red mullets) were fresh from the chef's local waters," Maniere said. "He kept talking about how they'd just been caught and were the best he'd ever seen. I asked whether his chef was from Senegal, because the fish must have been flown in from Dakar. It embarrassed everyone, but such frauds cannot go undetected."

Gilbert Le Coze owns Le Bernardin, one of the top fish restaurants in France, which uses products Le Coze purchases personally at the Rungis markets outside Paris. He has just bought Prunier Duphot to expand his excellent reputation. But rather than transform the new restaurant to his standards during August, he returned to his native Brittany.

"I like to see what my colleagues in the country are doing, and I particularly enjoyed the food at the Bretagne in Questembert. Eating in the provinces puts Paris in perspective. You realize the quality we get at Rungis, and the prices we pay are the same as everywhere else. I didn't find any new dishes but always enjoy eating my grandmother's cooking for a month. It continues to inspire me.

"The ingredients in France are the best in the world, and the variations are vast," Le Coze says as he discusses his seasonal buying habits. "It will be years before I have exercised my imagination to the limit. Perhaps at that time I'll investigate whether there is anything that can be done in the land of *le hotdog.*" ■

Mailer

Continued from page 7W

says, "unless I could write something I wouldn't be ashamed to show D.H. Lawrence" — and the second was far too limited for a novelist with his immense ambitions.

But once he had figured out that his own chaotic fantasies and "ego gobblings" could be imposed upon history, he was inspired to conjure up that "drastic vision" of America "which would belong to others and yet be my own." Ego, he proclaimed in "Existential Errands," was "the great word of the 20th century." In embracing this axiom, he found both his subject and his voice.

Nonfiction yielded Mailer a psychic benefit as well: it enabled him to write as if his own temptations, conflicts and anxieties constituted an accurate reflection of history — which they often did — and thus to magnify the drama of his own life. His grandiose fantasies that he had won the election for Kennedy by writing favorably about him; that he was an ideal promoter for Muhammad Ali; that he alone could have saved Marilyn Monroe: These were the desperate boasts of a man oppressed by his own insignificance, impatient with the minor role awarded novelists in America — and insatiable for attention. "A public figure can make his mistakes in public," he contends, "and he discoveres that he doesn't pay for them as much in public as he does in private."

The Faustian contract, whatever the costs, has evidently paid off. What distinguishes Mailer from his imitators is the force of his personality. Garrulous, vain, paranoid, vengeful, incessantly self-reflective, he resembles no one more than Rousseau. He is incapable of writing on any subject without blurting out some shameful temptation or confession of failure, a mortifying event in his past or the long-winded tale of a dissolving marriage. If interviewing Jimmy Carter, he must talk compulsively about himself, babble on about Kierkegaard and the "the hegemony of Satan" in modern America until he sees "the cold blue light of a watch officer on a submarine come into Carter's eye." He lies, boasts, squanders his talent, clamors ceaselessly for attention, but has assembled a more vivid portrait of our time than any journalist in America.

How he has managed to be so prolific while living the way he does is hard to comprehend. Mailer considers domestic chaos one of the liabilities of the existential life. Marriage is simply another experiment — to borrow one of his favorite tropes — in the laboratory of his own psyche; and divorce, he notes ruefully, "feels like getting thrown out of a baggage car."

What about the great American novel he has been talking about for well over two decades now? "Whenever I tried to write this novel, I just procrastinated. I'd begin making preparations for a start, taking notes for six months and reading and thinking and getting into a state of psychological preparation for it." Then some lucrative assignment would come his way, and he was off to Las Vegas or Nairobi.

Perhaps the fault lies with the vast subject he has chosen, or perhaps it can be attributed to a dread of failure — though Mailer has now promised to finish the first volume by late 1980. The very thought of coming up with a work that has existed all these years only in its author's imagination must be very daunting indeed, especially when he has referred to it in public as "a novel which Dostoyevsky and Marx: Joyce and Freud; Stendhal, Tolstoy, Proust and Spengler; Faulkner, and even moldering old Hemingway might come to read."

There is a certain wistfulness about him now, a sort of cumulative fatigue that reflects the years of frantic activity. He has become, William Styron says, "a figure of pathos."

One recent night, Mailer and his usual entourage adjourned to the Cedar Tavern after a performance of a frothy, ribald one-act play about a failed seduction he had agreed to direct to launch his wife Norris on an acting career. The Director (as he might have called himself in a less self-effacing phase of his career) was on his second double bourbon, and had embarked upon an elaborate anecdote about some incident in a Harlem bar, recited in the staccato voice — a blend of black dialect, James Cagney and a sullen Mississippi sheriff — that he reserves for public occasion.

The scene reminded one of his auditors of another evening a few months before, after a formal dinner in honor of Allen Ginsberg at the National Arts Club on Gramercy Park. Mailer, encased in a blue velvet suit that emphasized his *embonpoint*, had given a toast more concerned with his own reputation than with Ginsberg's — "Mountains tend to be self-centered; the weather is notoriously bad at the top" — and later on that night the renegade poet and the renegade novelist were talking at a party in one of the high-ceilinged studios upstairs. Ginsberg, one gathered, was in search of emptiness these days; Mailer was eager to avoid it. The poet's theories on how to breathe bewildered the novelist, who soon strode off to gossip with friends and sycophants. Voluble, energetic, intense, he was still holding forth well after midnight. "No matter how much life I've had," he was overheard to say, "I haven't had quite enough: not enough to satisfy myself." ■

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Finally! A Museum Dedicated to Women



Curator Jacques Damiot lovingly cares for the museum dedicated to women.

Dream-Sipa

by Hebe Dorsey

PARIS — It all started with Eve, remarks Jacques Damiot, whose Musee de Neuilly, a year old next month, has a special section dedicated to women.

Damiot is a charming old-fashioned man and a former antique dealer whose life was spent collecting clockwork "toys" (automatons, really) — which, oddly enough, he resembles, with the same small, cocked-up head, same thrifty, jerky movements and same slightly glassy if mobile and friendly eyes. His wavy graying hair is parted dead center.

When he decided to donate his rare and extensive collection (valued at about $240,000 and said to be the best in Europe) to Neuilly's museum, Mayor Achille Peretti asked him to become its curator. The collection was installed in 12 rue du Centre, one of the most beautiful houses in Neuilly and the former home of Chilean millionaire Arturo Lopez. It became a major attraction for the neighborhood kids.

But Damiot had further ambitions. For 10 years, he had been thinking of a museum to the glory of *La Femme*, and, given the locale — if not the funds — he went ahead with his project. "Women are everywhere, in art, politics, science, even Polytechnique," he said. "But so far, they're only second-class citizens." So Damiot, who never married, decided to repair the wrong.

So far, he has put together three charming rooms that include Marie-Antoinette's corset and Katherine Dunham's feet cast in bronze (and signed by the artist). He also has the bed of La Paiva, one of the most famous courtesans of the Gay Nineties. (Her former and very grand dwelling is now the seat of the Travelers' Club on the Champs Elysees.) The bed, huge and custom-made, cost 100,000 gold francs. Damiot said, which sounds like a lot, until one remembers that the lady reportedly charged 10,000 (still gold) francs a night. "The legend has it," Damiot added, "that Theophile Gauthier saved and saved. I tell you, writers!"

The bed is a grandiose piece of rococo. Shaped like a huge shell, with a fairly obvious portrait of its owner painted on its back (very proper, she's fully dressed and sitting at the edge of a pond), it is flanked at each corner with equally obvious gold cupids.

There is also the portrait of Olympe Pelissier, another great courtesan who started life as a model for Horace Vernet. She then became Honore de Balzac's mistress and ended up by marrying Gioacchino Antonio Rossini.

"Some woman!" Damiot said. "She had it all, music, painting, literature. They don't make them like that anymore."

"Women today have lost their touch," he added. "They don't understand gallantry any more. They all want to play at being *femmes du monde*. They end up with oil tycoons."

Marie Antoinette's corset is the real *piece de resistance*. It was salvaged by her daughter, Madame Royale, who flew off with it to Spain, where it remained in the Bourbon family. "I bought it two years ago from Jaime de Bourbon," Damiot said. "It cost $3,500."

In impeccable condition, the corset, nested in a blue velvet niche, is made of Marie-Antoinette blue linen and is embroidered with delicate, white curlicues. The royal crest (emblazoned *lilies*) appears four times, twice in front and twice in back. The corset gives an indication of Marie-Antoinette's size — small, very small, and a clue as to the fashion of her day. With wired bra, the breasts were obviously worn pushed up, a style revived by Brigitte Bardot (who, by the way, does not appear in Damiot's museum).

"As a matter of fact," Damiot said, "when Mr. Peretti came for the first time, he was a bit alarmed by the bed and other racy memorabilia. He was afraid I was making an erotic museum. 'While you're at it, why not get Brigitte Bardot's bra,' he told me."

"That I wouldn't do," Damiot answered, "first of all, because I don't think Miss Bardot wears one. Besides, you're ahead of me. She's already at your Mairie (BB was used as a recent model for Marianne, the symbol of France.)

Damiot is also proud of a biscuit box that has the portrait of the music hall star Mistinguett (it seems that the Pere La Galette, whose brand she advertised, was her brother-in-law). Other minor but interesting pieces include the menu of a supper given in New York in honor of Sarah Bernhardt, a letter from Nobel prize winner Marie Curie and a lavish silk jacket, which may or may not have belonged to the last empress of China.

Damiot, who claims he is not making a woman-as-sex-object museum, said he asked for Simone Veil's official text on abortion — but was turned down. So he turned to sculptor Cesar and asked him to make a fountain dedicated to mothers — all mothers.

As to the public's reaction, it's been terrific, Damiot said. "They're very, very pleased by the whole idea," he said, "especially women." The Musee de Neuilly is at 12 rue du Centre in Neuilly, just outside Paris. ■

A Place Called Soul

by Michael Zwerin

When Michael Zwerin, the trombonist, told us his band, the New York Jazz Repertory Company, was making a 17-day tour of jazz festivals in five European countries, we asked him to record his impressions on the road.

On our band's first night off, a few of us gravitate to the bar of the Hyatt Regency in Nice to catch up on the news. The Hyatt is a flashy hotel, with a swimming pool on the roof, and each of us has a private room with bath.

"Sure has changed in 50 years," Budd Johnson, the saxophonist, reminisces: "I remember in the '20s; I was with a territory band called Eugene Coe and his Happy Black Aces. It took three days for 12 of us to drive from Oklahoma City to Amarillo in two Cord automobiles — with instruments strapped to the roof and musicians all over the fenders and running boards, like immigrants. We checked in, five to a room, and the first two to reach the beds got to sleep in them."



Now we travel by scheduled airline and spacious private buses. We've all toured Europe many times before, we know where the good restaurants are in each town, and we can afford them. Some of us drive Cadillacs and Porsches back home. Others are into the stock market "up to here." Still others scuffle with club dates. But we all manage to make a living playing jazz, a tough business, and there's a lot of pride involved.

We all made our names in the trade playing with Erskine Hawkins, Boyd Raeburn, Claude Thornhill, Billy Eckstine, Stan Kenton and other big bands killed by rock and roll. We went on with some that survived . . . Duke Ellington, Maynard Ferguson, Lionel Hampton. We are, as Henry James would say, "of a certain age." We are survivors.

Budd Johnson is "the judge." Every band has its judge, who levies the fine when you're late. "That'll cost you a jug of vodka for the saxophone section," he might say.

Budd has earned his seat on the bench. He studied music with Booker T. Washington's daughter, joined Louis Armstrong in 1933, played saxophone with Earl Hines, Woody Herman, Dizzy Gillespie and Gil Evans. At 68, he smokes and drinks and has not lost his desire to play music. He's an easy-going man, until the road gets to him, and then he'll squint, wave a warning finger and announce: "Don't mess with me today. I'm *mean* today."

Where there's a judge, there must be an "outlaw," and here the role falls to Joe Newman.

When there's some music Joe doesn't like to play, he manages to find a good reason not to be needed. "But I thought you told me there were only four trumpets," he'll say. He tends to disappear just when the bus is about to leave. We once pooled a bet on how close Joe would come to missing the plane. Six minutes won.

He loves telling the story about the time he arrived in Japan without a work permit. He was sent out on the next plane to Seoul, South Korea. He called Tokyo: "You'll never guess where I am," he said, delighted: "In a place called 'Soul.'"

Joe chants a daily mantra with prayer beads. He spent nine years with Count Basie, went to the Soviet Union with Benny Goodman, and our band features his good imitation of Louis Armstrong. As our names are announced to the audience before the concerts, Joe's name inevitably draws the most enthusiastic response. We all respect his trumpet playing.

Nice, Ravenna, San Remo, Milan, The Hague, Munich, London . . . it is like one of those old-time Hollywood movies with calendar pages flying into the past over a montage of buses, planes, nervous impresarios and applauding audiences.

There's a cable waiting for Jimmy Maxwell in London. He's just become a grandfather. This is not the first important family news he has learned of by cable; Maxwell played lead trumpet with Benny Goodman in the '30s and has been on the road most of his life.

"Let's celebrate," I suggest.

"No thanks. I'd rather go to my room and mope."

He loosens his belt. Maxwell has had every dependency known to Western man. He went to Catholic school, military academy, joined the Communist Party for a while, was a heavy drinker and used drugs, even went into analysis for years. Now he overeats. He is a larger-than-life character who speaks Japanese, reads Sanskrit and studies Russian. He teaches chess, too, but he's more of a Guru than a master. At the age of 62, he is still one of the best lead players in the world, and to play consistently lead trumpet you must be physically, mentally and musically in shape. Maxwell has survived many excesses, he reminds me of the poet William Blake's line: "The road of excess leads to the palace of wisdom."

Knowing Maxwell, he will probably read a history in his room rather than mope, but reading is one way to deal with the alienation inherent in the road. So many strange towns, unfamiliar languages, new people. Men are thrown together in intense, temporary bondage and — no matter how classy the tour — the road tests your self-reliance. You learn to make time serve you instead of you serving time. Toward the end of the tour we tend to count the remaining days.

Drugs no longer play a major role in the world of jazz. But drug humor does. The story about a drummer who gave a sleeping pill to a friend who couldn't sleep. The next morning, he asked how it worked. The friend said he had decided not to take it after all. The drummer feigned disapproval: "Think of all the sleepy children in India," he said.

Arnie Lawrence, 41, our youngest member, is very conscious of his Jewishness. His daughter is studying to be a rabbi. His own group, "Inner Sure Island," plays free jazz, not commercial enough to provide him with a living, so he has worked with others most of his life. He played saxophone with Blood, Sweat and Tears, with Chico Hamilton, on the "Tonight" show. He spent last year with Liza Minelli's orchestra. He was in Munich last year with her, and he loves to tell the story of how, before the concert, Liza asked one of the German attendants for some fruit juice. The attendant poked his head into the musicians' dressing room, and Arnie was warming up, and asked: "Iz de Jooz left in here?"

One story follows another. You hear about bandleader Charlie Barnett, who rode his horse into a hotel lobby on a bet. About pianist Dorothy Donegan's trilling and straightening her girdle at the same time. "I just packed my horn and split," says the famous tenor player Illinois Jacquet, who had been due on next: "No way I was gonna follow *that*.

Then there's the one about the man who had a rare disease that can only be cured by eating human brains. His doctor sends him to a special butcher. The man is a bit shy about it, but the butcher says not to be and takes him into the back room with racks of trays. He points to one: "These are lawyers' brains, they cost $100 a pound. Over here we have doctors' brains, they are $50 a pound." The patient says: "Well, pretty expensive. What about those over there?" "Those are even more expensive, I'm afraid," the butcher replies: $200 a pound. They're *jazz musicians' brains.*" The patient is puzzled: "Why are they so expensive?" The butcher explains: "Do you know how many jazz musicians it takes to make a pound of brains?"

In London, we cross Count Basie's path. Paul Cohen plays trumpet with Basie, after traveling with his wife, Paula, a psychologist who works with disturbed children in Harlem. She says that's not as tough as it sounds when you've been around jazz musicians for 30 years.

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The Surf's Up in Cornwall But It's No Beach Party

by Dan Ehrlich

CORNWALL — In September the waves that crash so ferociously against the rocky cliffs of Cornwall, Britain's only surfing haven, are at least 20 feet high.

Cornwall's waves has attracted fair-weather surfers in the summer for quite some time now, but it's the real pros, including many Australians and Americans, who flock here in the fall, when the ocean is icy and the surf treacherous. The surfers say the peak waves come in the non-peak season, when the waves roll in with a frequency unmatched almost anywhere else. They even pray for lousy weather, to test themselves against the biggest breakers. It's a real test, too: Gale-force winds and mountainous waves are part of the infamy surrounding this dangerous coastline, known as the graveyard of ships.

Skindivers' wet suits are obligatory. "After a fall storm, the waters around here can be near *freezing*," says James Higgins, a blond 22-year-old local enthusiast. "You have to be either very brave or very stupid to try and go into the sea without a suit on."

Of course, for recreational surfers, summer is definitely the safest time of the year. Cornwall has the best climate in Britain, thanks to the warm waters of the Gulf Stream. Even palm trees grow here.

"During the summer, surfing here is a lot like California. The waves aren't too large, and it's generally safe as long as you look for the red flag warnings on the beaches," Higgins says. (The red flag means that the water is too dangerous for water sports.)

But weather conditions in this area are not *too* reliable. This summer, 17 yachtsmen were killed during a sudden storm that wrecked the Fastnet Race, an annual yachting competition.

Newquay (pronounced New-Key), where the annual British surfing championships are held, is the center for surfing in Britain. Probably nowhere in the nation are there such long, wide sandy beaches, reminiscent of California, with regular lifeguard patrols and Malibu-style surfboard rental facilities.



Most of the action takes place at Newquay's Fistral Beach, but there are several other surfing spots, including Great Western and Tolcarne Beaches.

More secluded is Trebarwith Strand, a large, tidal beach near Tintagel. It can be reached only by a small country road, which emerges on the beach through an opening about 50 yards wide in the steep, rocky cliffs.

The beach disappears at high tide, but locals surf and swim here at low water, particularly the 40-member Tintagel Surf and Lifesaving Club and a group of teenagers who spend a lot of time there.

"This is a tougher place to surf than most," says one of the local boys. "There are tides, rocks and undertow to worry about. Every year people get injured here. But they are good swimmers.

"Beaches like this aren't that well know like to keep it that way. Most of the to head for Newquay."

The toughest part of surfing anywh Cornwall is getting *out* to sea. The co wave action, much faster than in Calif means a surfer has to battle wave after just to get into position.

According to club members, only the b and strongest will even attempt to surf incoming tide.

The beaches on Cornwall's North co about a six-hour car drive from Londo service is provided to Newquay, where be rented.

The roads are good, and it's not hard out where the best waves are. Just fo boards on top of the many cars you more than likely see along the way.

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INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 11 Friday, September 14, 1979

...ss Aid Coming for LDCs

...Hobart Rowen

...NGTON, Sept. 13 (WP) ...s expensive energy will be ...st fact of life for rich in... ...untries, creating "uncer... ...the investment climate." ...ons would be wise to ... less-generous develop... ...in the future.

...s conclusion of the annu... ...published yesterday by ...ational Finance Corp., a ...nk affiliate that works ...e private sector of devel... ...ries.

...industrial nations, facing lower economic growth, are forced to retrench, the developing nations increasingly will have to look to their own resources and initiatives, the IFC report said. Specifically, they were urged to pursue more rapid growth in trade among themselves, and to diversify their exports to the industrial world "into more sophisticated engineering and chemical products."

Another suggestion: "The exploitation of indigenous energy resources." The report noted that 60 non-OPEC developing countries now produce only 6 percent of the world's oil, "while they account for more than 40 percent of total oil-prospective areas." The IFC said it would give special attention to helping finance exploration and development of new energy sources in developing countries.

The IFC said that the developing countries had well maintained their economic growth into the early part of this year, with the help of "exceptionally favorable access to international capital markets."

Loans Concentrated

While official government aid remained stagnant in 1978, private international lending to the poor countries surged by almost 70 percent, including a near-doubling of Eurocurrency credits. All told, private capital investment came to about $52 billion, making private flows dominant in the external financing of developing countries.

But the report was quick to point out that two-thirds of the Eurocurrency loans went to the ten so-called "advanced developing countries," and another sizeable chunk went to oil-exporting countries. This means that smaller and poorer developing nations get little help from the private international capital markets, making them dependant on official assistance.

The external debt of the developing countries was estimated at $250 billion as of the end of 1977, up $90 billion since 1972. But this growth has been supported, the IFC said, by increasing GNP and exports. The ratio of external debt-to-GNP in the developing countries increased only "marginally" to 19 percent from 16 percent, while the debt-service-exports ratio actually declines to 15.5 percent from 16.5 percent, according to the report.

Even with the large increase in borrowing in 1978, the report said, "only minor deterioration in these ratios seems likely for 1978."

During fiscal 1979, the agency said it approved $425 million in equity and loans, including $38 million for expansion of fuel and non-fuel mineral resources. Total IFC lending — spread over 48 projects in 33 countries — was up 26 percent over fiscal 1978.

...an Gets Lion's Share ...2-Decade Market Shift

...NGTON, Sept. 13 (AP-... ...pan's share of exports to ... countries has risen ...uring the last two dec... ...st Germany's share re... ...markably stable and the ...tes and Britain lost heav... ...ntral Intelligenee Agency ...day.

...h Italy, the Netherlands ...um shared in the gains ... most, Japan was the winner, it said.

...72, the Japanese position ...ed to edge higher while ... States and U.K., despite ...situations, appear to have ...r long slides. But about ...e 20-year gain made by ...id the Netherlands in do... ...untry exports has been ...ce 1972.

...S. Biggest Loser

...h the special CIA report ...ed primarily to U.S. for... ...it said that "since 1975, U.S. share of developed-...ports reached a relative ... U.S. and Japan have ... the shifts in the pattern ...rade," the CIA said. "In ... exports measured in real ... U.S. was the biggest ...th the developed and less ... economies.

...ese aggregates, the U.S. ...y in all markets except ...d other developed coun... tries. Japan was the chief gainer in most markets. In the important U.S. market, Japan picked up 96 percent of the total $3-billion market shift, while West Germany lost 23 percent. Japanese gains were also strong in Canadian and Far Eastern markets.

"The pattern of trade shifts in 1977 was similar but not as extreme. In the total world market, the U.S. accounted for just under one-half of all market losses. In the less developed country-markets, U.S. losses were particularly heavy. Once again, Japan was the big winner, taking almost 30 percent of the total market swing," the CIA said.

Since 1976, "U.S. gains came primarily from trade with the less developed countries, where France, Japan and West Germany lost heavily. In Far Eastern less developed countries' markets, almost all of the trade-share losses were suffered by Japan, while the gains were spread over many countries."

"In developed-country markets, both Japan and the U.K. lost shares while Italy and Spain gained in most markets," the report said.

The CIA said the U.S. share of developed-country exports declined from 23.9 percent in 1960 to 16.9 percent in 1972 and 17.4 percent in 1978. The West German share increased from 15.6 percent in 1960 to 16.5 percent in 1972 and 16.6 percent in 1978.

Japan's share leaped from 3.8 percent in 1960 to 9.1 percent in 1972 and 10.6 percent in 1978, while France's share increased from 8.5 percent in 1960 to 9.2 percent in 1972 and 9.5 percent in 1978.

The U.K. had a 12.2-percent share in 1960 and 7.5 percent in 1972 and 7.7 percent in 1978. Italy's share increased from 4.1 percent in 1960 to 6.4 percent in 1972 and 6.7 percent in 1978.

The Netherlands had a 5.2-percent share in 1960, 6.3 percent in 1972 and 5.8 percent in 1978; Belgium-Luxembourg, 4.3 percent in 1960, 5.6 percent in 1972 and 5 percent in 1978; Sweden 3.7 percent in 1960, 3.3 percent in 1972 and 2.7 percent in 1978; Switzerland, 3 percent in 1960, 2.5 percent in 1972 and 2.4 percent in 1978; Denmark, 1.2 percent in 1960, 1.3 percent in 1972 and 1.4 percent in 1978; Austria, 1.2 percent in 1960 to 1.3 percent in 1972 and 1.4 percent in 1978; and Norway, 1.2 percent in 1960 to 1.3 percent in 1972 and 1.3 percent in 1978.

...stry Output ...5% in U.K.

...N, Sept. 13 (AP-DJ) — ...ndustrial output fell 0.5 ... July, with the output in ...acturing industries fall... ...percent from a month ...visional data released to... ...statistics office showed. ...with a year earlier, the ...es output was up 4.4 ... while manufacturing ...output was up 3 percent. ...industries index fell to ...nt of its 1975 base.

...k of England reported ...'s broadly defined M-3 ...ply rose by £497 million, ...cent, in the month ended ...st, following a rise of ...on, or 0.8 percent the pre... ...nth. In the latest two ...e first for Britain's new ...pply growth target of 7- ...ent. M-3 rose 1.8 percent ...onal adjustment, or at a ...ll annual rate.

GNP Gains, Bonn Says

WIESBADEN, West Germany, Sept 13 (AP-DJ) — West Germany's gross national product rose an inflation-adjusted 4.3 percent in the first half from a year earlier following a 4.1-percent gain in the second half of 1978 and a rise of 2.9 percent in the year-earlier half, the statistics office said today.

The half was marked by a 19.8-percent rise in nominal investment spending while private spending rose 6.8 percnet and state spending grew 7.8 percent.

Separately, the agency said, the West German producer price index rose 0.5 percent in August from July to 155.1, percent of its 1970 base, up 5.9 percent from a year ago. The year-to-year rise compares with rises of 5.4 percent in July and 4.7 percent in June.

Sterling Slumps On Strike Fears

LONDON, Sept. 13 (AP-DJ) — Mounting concern over the likelihood of more labor strife in Britain has touched off heavy sales of sterling, which dropped to $2.2030, off more than 1 cent from yesterday, despite repeated aid by the Bank of England, dealers said today.

The price of gold fell in what some bullion dealers said was a "slight technical adjustment" to $333.50-334.25 an ounce, bid and asked, from $337.625 yesterday.

Meanwhile, currency dealers said they believed that the Federal Reserve had been in the market but added that the dollar's firmness today was due exclusively to the pound's weakness.

Shell Declares Dividends

AMSTERDAM, SEPT. 13 (AP-DJ) — Royal Dutch Petroleum Co. today increased the 1979 interim dividend to 5.5 guilders (about 27 U.S. cents) from 5 guilders a year earlier. It said the dividend should not be considered an indication of the level of the total dividend for the year. In London, Shell Transport & Trading declared an interim dividend of 10.432 pence.

...News and Notes

...r's loss in the third ...will be at least double the ...llion deficit reported for ...nd quarter, according to ...cocca, president. Mr. ... says Chrysler has not ...ed its push for $1 billion ...al tax relief, although it ...ccept loan guarantees up ...million suggested by the ...ent.

* * *

...n's Post Office will be ...to two state-controlled ...tions, one responsible for ...livery and the other for ...ex and other telecom... ...ns services with the lat... ...ect to wider domestic and ...competition in providing ... and equipment. Sir ...seph, state secretary for ... says.

* * *

...sh Airways ordered six ...ed Tri-Star Dash-200 air... ...rth $285 million for de... ...from March, 1980 ...ed with Rolls-Royce ...524b engines.

* * *

...rnational Telephone & ...ph, which said Wednes... ...expects to report a third-... loss because it was set... ...de $320 million to cover ...s of closing an unprofit... ...nadian paper mill, says it ...believe the reserve would ...a change in its dividend.

* * *

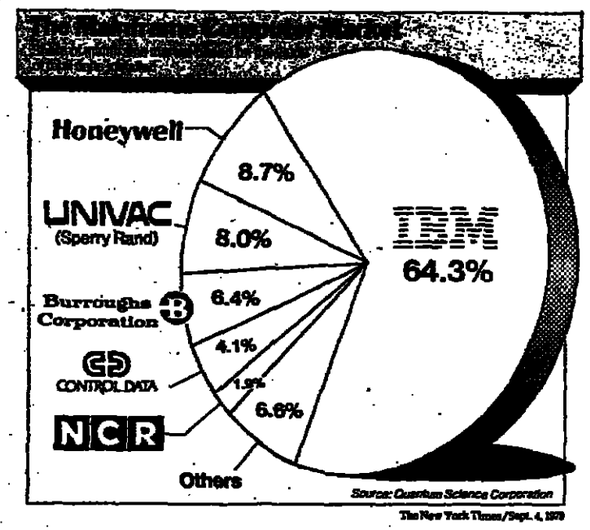
...steel output in the fourth ... will surge 8.8 percent ...978 to 35.6 million tons, the highest level since the world economic slowdown of 1974, the European Economic Community Commission estimates. But, it adds, steel plants would only be operating at 70 percent of capacity and EEC steel consumption would only rise 3 percent. It predicts year-to-year exports for the last three months would dip 20 percent to 7.9 million tons. "The increase in steel production is largely explained by the reduction in stockpiles in the fourth quarter of last year," the report notes. EEC Steel Commissioner Etienne Davignon warns that Western Europe's steel industry was losing out to its Japanese and U.S. competitors and urged the EEC to maintain its steel-reform program despite strong labor resistance.

* * *

Colgate-Palmolive is holding talks to sell its Helena Rubinstein cosmetics subsidiary to l'Oreal SA and Cosmair. The company gave no further details. Cosmair is a U.S. company, partially owned by the French firm, involved in the cosmetics and hair-products business.

* * *

The Olivetti group, Europe's largest manufacturer of office equipment, expects to earn a "substantial" profit this year after a large loss in 1978, the company says, noting that in the first seven months this year, the group earned a profit equal to its loss in the same period last year. "If the profit is what we foresee and is in line with the first seven months, then we expect to pay a dividend," a spokesman said.



IBM Series Add Spark

Big Computers Booming Amid Industry Squeeze

By Peter J. Schuyten

NEW YORK, Sept. 13 (NYT) — For more months than many in the business world like to remember, most of the announcements concerning the data-processing industry have been singularly depressing.

The once-shining star of Itel, a computer-leasing company, has gone into eclipse. The stock of Amdahl, a maker of so-called plug-compatible, or IBM look-alike, machines, has fallen on hard times. Even International Business Machines, the seemingly invincible giant of the industry, reported its first quarter-to-quarter earnings decline since 1975.

The roots of all this misfortune in the industry can be traced to the introduction last winter by IBM of its powerful and aggressively priced 4300 series of small- and medium-sized computers

But in one segment of the marketplace, business has never been better: the traditional mainframe, or large-business-computer manufacturers. "We're alive and well," said Richard Gehrig, president of Sperry's Sperry Univac Division.

'The Pack' is Strong

These traditional IBM rivals tend to be overlooked when people talk about the computer business, but by almost any measure — revenues, profits or order backlogs — the companies sometimes referred to in the industry as "The Pack" could not be stronger. Besides Sperry Univac, members include Burroughs, Honeywell, Control Data and NCR Corp.

Far from creating problems for these companies, the "E" series, as the IBM 4300 line is sometimes called, has in fact stimulated demand for computing power. Introduction of these machines, which offer the user an estimated five times the computing performance for roughly the same price as the computers they replaced, signaled the beginning of a new generation of equipment in the industry.

"Our orders are tremendous, better than they've ever been," said Donald Young, senior vice president of Burroughs, which in July reported its first $1-billion quarter.

IBM Backlog

It has even been argued that the traditional mainframe companies have benefited, at least temporarily, from the 4300 which is estimated to have an order backlog that stretches to two years. IBM's earnings decline has been attributed in part to the enormous success of the 4300. Many customers, figuring that better bargains at the upper end of the company's product line are on the way, now are leasing instead of buying the company's large computers. This, in turn, has stretched out the company's revenue stream resulting in a short-term earnings problem.

Not so with the other mainframe manufacturers. Although they too have introduced powerful new small- and medium-sized systems that compete with the 4300, the companies said there has been no perceptible shift to leasing by their customers. Nor have they adjusted prices downward to keep up their sales.

One emerging strategy for gaining customers at the expense of IBM is to specialize in the market they serve and where they are strongest. Thus, Sperry Univac focuses more on supplying computers for governmental, manufacturing and transportation applications, while NCR is strong in retail, wholesaling and financial markets.

"Price-performance only keeps you in the game, but software solves the customer's problems," says NCR vice president Neil Gorchow, adding "You're selling expertise and industry knowledge in these areas."

U.S. Profit Margins Up for 2nd Quarter

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (AP-DJ) — U.S. manufacturers' after-tax profits averaged 6.1 percent of sales in the second quarter, up from 5.6 percent in the first quarter and 5.9 percent a year earlier, the Federal Trade Commission reported yesterday.

The annual rate of return on shareholders' equity advanced to 19.6 percent in the quarter from 15.7 percent in the previous quarter and 16.6 percent in the year-earlier quarter.

U.S. Forecasters Update 1980s

NEW YORK, Sept. 13 (AP-DJ) — Though long-range forecasts are disputed by some, U.S. corporations are making more use of them than ever before.

Until lately, the experts generally talked of a "4-percent economy" in the coming decade, with the inflation-adjusted gross national product and prices climbing 4 percent, and unemployment averaging about the same amount. Now a leading forecaster, Wharton Econometric Forecasting Associates, in a fairly typical forecast, thinks that real growth in the 1980s will run at only 2.7 percent to 3.2 percent.

Here are some other conclusions from forecasters about the 1980s:

- Population: The U.S. birthrate has declined to a low level since the so-called baby boom that persisted until the end of the 1950s and many analysts think it will stay there. Professor Charles Westoff of Princeton, for instance, predicts that U.S. population will peak at 253 million in 2015 and then begin to drop. Other analysts, however, think that the birthrate will start climbing early in the 1980s.

In a similar vein, the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in its "most-likely forecast," predicts that the annual growth rate of the labor force will decline from 2.3 percent between 1970 and 1977 to 1.9 percent from now to 1985 and then to 1.1 percent between 1985 and 1990.

- Productivity: Most forecasters expect a modest rise in U.S. productivity, or output per man-hour, in the 1980s. Although productivity gains have been declining for the past 30 years, analysts figure that in the 1980s, productivity will benefit from a more-experienced work force and greater business investment, partly encouraged by a federal tax policy designed to stimulate capital projects.

- Energy: Most forecasters expect that little of President Carter's energy program will survive. "If we get a heavy windfall-profits tax on the oil companies and government-sponsored development of synthetic fuels," says one analyst, "all bets are off." Merrill Lynch Economics expects a slower rise in energy consumption, sharply increased use of coal and technological developments that reduce opposition to nuclear power.

- Trade: Analysts note that the U.S. share of world exports has fallen from 20 percent to 13 percent in the past 20 years, and the nation has run huge trade deficits since 1976. However, the declining value of the dollar, has also made U.S. exports more competitive, and most analysts expect the United States to at least hold its current share of the world market in the 1980s. The shift in exchange rates, moreover, has made U.S. companies more competitive with foreign concerns selling to the U.S. — a development which should limit imports in the 1980s, analysts add.

- To be sure, no sensible businessman accepts the forecasters' views as gospel. In planning for the future, he is likely to ponder several forecasts — and mesh them with the views of his own sales and production people. By the same token, forecasters themselves cheerfully admit that they could be wrong. Merrill Lynch Economics, for instance, thinks there is only a 65-percent chance that its optimistic view of the 1980s will be realized.

Carter Names Rivers

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10 (Reuters) — President Carter has designated Richard Rivers to be acting Special Representative for Trade Negotiations, replacing Robert Strauss, who negotiated the multilateral trade agreement in Geneva before being named Special Envoy to the Mideast.

Wall Street Ends Mixed; M-1 Surges $2.7 Billion

From Agency Dispatches

NEW YORK, Sept. 13 — New York Stock Exchange prices wandered aimlessly today and ended mixed in fairly active trading.

Analysts said traders were waiting for the Federal Reserve to report on the nation's money supply.

After the market closed, the Federal Reserve reported that the nation's narrow M-1 surged $2.7 billion in the latest reporting week and was up 10.1 percent in the last four weeks over the previous quarter. M-2, a broader measure, jumped $4.7 billion and was up 12.5 percent. New York business loans rose $169 million in the week ended yesterday following a record $1.3-billion rise in the previous week and a $113-million rise a year ago.

The Dow Jones industrial average fell 0.17 to 870.73. Advances led declines 738 to 717. Turnover slowed to about 35 million shares.

Trans World Corp. attracted attention. Texas International Airlines said it has acquired an interest in Trans World Corp., but gave no details. The Houston-based airline said it held talks this morning with Trans World during which it "indicated an interest in a negotatated transaction" for its subsidiary, Trans World Airlines. Texas International also said Trans World has indicated no desire to further explore Texas International's interest in TWA and that no additional talks are planned.

Continued market improvement, rebates, incentives and some strike-anticipation buying pushed early-September new-car sales above year-ago levels, analysts said. In Sept. 1-10, new car sales rose 14 percent to 153,505 from a year ago. General Motors' early-September sales rose 36 percent during the period, Ford's fell 25.5 percent and Chrysler's surged 51 percent.

Macmillan announced it has received a proposal from American Broadcasting to negotiate a merger and that it would talk with ABC about merging. ABC is offering $25 par value, 8¾ percent preferred stock for approximately 55 percent of the outstanding shares of MacMillan common and $25 face value of 10-percent subordinated debentures for the balance. Mattel said its tentative plan to acquire MacMillan for $329 million or $24.50 a share apparently would not go through because of the ABC talks.

CFTC Wins Appeal Against CBOT

CHICAGO, Sept. 13 (AP-DJ) — A court block on a Commodity Futures Trading Commission trading-suspension order was struck down today by the court of appeals here, giving the CFTC a major court victory in its battle with the Chicago Board of Trade. The appeals court today said emergency orders of the CFTC are not subject to judicial review.

Concerned that wheat futures trading for March delivery might have been manipulated, the CFTC issued an emergency order suspending trading during the last three days of the contract. The court order blocking the CFTC's order obtained by the CBOT was ruled beyond the first court's jurisdiction.



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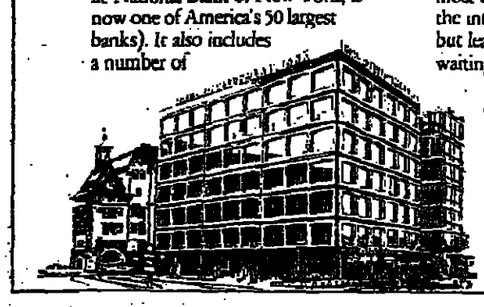
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Trade Development Bank

Shown at left, the head office of Trade Development Bank, Geneva, Swiss subsidiary of the Trade Development Bank Holding Group. TDB is now one of the larger commercial banks in Switzerland.

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THE CITADEL FUND LIMITED
(Incorporated under the laws of Canada)

NOTICE OF ANNUAL AND SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

Notice is hereby given that an Annual and Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of The Citadel Fund Limited (the Fund) will be held at Suite 2500, 25th Floor, Commerce Court West, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, on Tuesday, October 2, 1979, at 10:30 a.m. (Toronto Time) to:

1. Receive the Directors' Report to the Shareholders and the Financial Statements of the Fund and the Auditors' Report thereon for the year ended December 31, 1978;
2. Elect Directors;
3. Appoint Auditors and authorise the Directors to fix the Auditors' remuneration;
4. Consider and if thought fit, confirm By-Law N° 6 of the Fund being a By-Law decreasing the number of Directors of the Fund from four to three;
5. Consider and if thought fit, pass a Resolution approving the sale of the undertaking, properties and liabilities of the Fund to Citadel Fund, N.V. (formerly known as Canadian Gas and Energy Fund International N.V.) for shares of that Company;
6. Consider and if thought fit, pass a Resolution authorizing the Fund to apply, pursuant to Section 32 of the Canada Corporations Act, for surrender of its charter;
7. Transact such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting or any adjournment thereof.

Only Shareholders of record on date of the meeting and bearers of Share Warrants issued who shall have deposited the same at least 14 days before the meeting date with a Trust Company or a Bank satisfactory to the Company and which Trust Company or Bank has issued a Certificate to the Company that such Share Warrants are on deposit with them and shall remain so deposited until after the meeting, will be entitled to vote or appoint a proxy to vote at the meeting.

A proxy must be appointed by instrument in writing deposited with MPS Ltd., 155 University Avenue, 15th Floor, Toronto, Ontario M5H 3B7, Canada, on or before September 28, 1979.

Dated this 31st day of August, 1979. By Order of the Board.

NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Sept. 13

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div.	In $	Yld.	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Close	Chg Prev Quot.
		— A—A—A —									
39⅞	29½	ACF	2.24		6.0	7	80	37¾	37	37⅛	+ ¼
22⅝	15⅝	AMF	1.24		7.4	7	162	16¾	16⅝	16⅝	
32⅛	13	AM Intl	.28		1.6	8	166	17¼	16⅝	17⅛	+ ⅛
13⅝	8⅝	APL	1		8.5	15		11⅞	11⅝	11¾	+ ⅛
47⅜	33¾	ARA	1.82		5.0	7	57	36⅜	36¼	36¾	+ ⅛
31⅜	21⅜	ASA	1.40		5.1		479	27¼	26½	27⅛	+ ⅜
13	8½	ATO	.48		4.4	4	27	11¼	11	11	— ⅛
44½	17	AVX	.50		1.1	14	46	44⅜	43½	44⅜	— ⅛
22	20¾	AVX	wt				2	u22¼	22¼	22¼	+ 1⅛
38½	29½	AbbtLb	1		2.8	13	212	36	35¼	35¼	— ⅛
22¾	16¼	AcmeC	1.20		5.5	5	62	22¾	21¾	21⅞	— ⅛
6	3¾	AdmDp	.04		1.0	6	6	4½	4⅜	4⅜	— ⅛
13	10¾	AdmEx	1.28e		10.		72	12¾	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
8½	3⅞	AdmMl	.20e		3.9	6	12	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
36⅜	28⅜	AetnLf	s1.80		5.4	5	588	33½	33¼	33⅜	— ⅛
28¼	17⅜	Ahmans	1.20		4.9	5	30	24¾	24⅜	24⅜	
2	2	Aileen				68	3	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
35⅜	23½	AirPrd	.60		1.9	10	1121	32⅜	32¼	32¼	
25⅞	15¼	AirbFrt	1.20		5.1	10	26	23½	23	23½	+ ⅛
17⅛	11¼	Alcano	.80		5.0	8	509	16	15½	15⅝	
9	7¾	AlaP	dpf.87		11.		6	8	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
95	77	AlaP	pf	9	11.		z100	78¾	77¾	78¾	+ 1⅛
16⅜	13⅜	Atascco	1.40		9.3	9	5	15¼	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
27⅛	13½	Alaskin	.66		2.5	23	75	26¼	25¾	26	
45¾	23½	Alberto	1		2.4	10	14	41⅞	41½	41⅞	
9⅛	6¼	Alberto	.36		4.6	9	8	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
46¾	31	Albrtsn	1.20		2.8	8	11	43½	43¼	43¼	+ ⅛
40¼	30¼	AlcanA	2		4.9	5	624	u40¾	40⅜	40½	+ ⅜
32	22⅝	AlcoStd	1.40		4.7	6	6	30	30	30	
9⅝	5¼	Alexdr	.40		5.0	6	50	8¼	8	8	— ⅛
34¾	18½	AlgCo	1		3.0	8	48	33¾	33¼	33¼	
28⅞	25¾	AlgCo	pf2.86		10.		1	27¾	27¾	27¾	
15	6½	AlgAir				4	462	9⅛	8⅝	8⅝	
29⅛	18	AlgAir	pf1.87		6.5		139	22½	22	22	— ¼
26¾	13¾	AlgLud	1.28		5.0	5	161	25¾	25⅝	25¾	+ ⅛
42	20	AlgLd	pf 3		7.4		14	40¾	40¾	40¾	+ ⅛
23¾	21	AlgLd	pf2.19		10.		1	21¾	21¾	21¾	
18⅜	15¼	AlgPw	1.76		11.	7	2487	16⅛	16⅛	16¾	— ⅛
17⅜	14¼	AllenGe	s 1		6.5	7	55	15⅜	15½	15½	
35	30⅜	Allergan	.60		2.0	11	36	29¾	29½	29½	— ⅜
39¾	27⅜	AlldCh	2		5.1	9	2391	39¼	37⅜	39¼	+ 2⅛
13⅜	9⅞	AlldMnt	.86		6.9	7	8	12½	12⅛	12½	
22¼	18⅝	AlldPd	.60		2.1	12	7	19⅜	19¼	19⅜	+ ⅛
27⅞	20⅝	AlldSir	1.60		5.9	6	346	27¼	26¾	27	+ ⅛
38⅛	27⅜	AllisCh	1.80		5.0	6	78	36¼	36⅛	36⅛	+ ⅛
18⅜	11⅜	AllrAir	.66b		4.0	9	15	16⅝	16⅜	16⅜	+ ⅛
21¾	14½	AlphPr	.72a		3.4	8	24	21⅛	21	21	
57⅛	43⅜	AlcoCp	2.80		5.0	4	200	56¾	56¼	56¼	
24⅝	13⅛	AmlSug	1		4.3	9	55	24	23¾	23½	— ⅜
43½	36½	Amax	s 1.80		4.3	9	619	43	42¾	42¾	— 1
57½	43⅜	Amax	pf 3		5.3		5	57¼	56½	56½	— ½
32¾	14	Amcord	1.40		4.8	8	82	29½	29¼	29¼	— ⅛
25¾	16¼	Amrce	1.32		5.7	5	42	23¼	22⅝	23⅛	+ ⅛
42	31	Amrce	pf2.60		7.0	9	37	36½	37	37	— ½
48¾	23¼	AHess	1.40		3.3	6	487	43¼	42⅝	42⅝	— ⅜
107½	56	AHes	pf3.50		3.7		4	95	95	95	— ½
19¼	10⅜	AmAir	.40		3.1	2	729	12¾	12½	12¾	+ ⅛
9	4	AmAir	wt				737	5½	4⅞	5	— ⅛
22	18¾	AAir	pf 2.18		12.		17	19	18⅝	18⅝	
20½	12¾	ABakr	1.20b		8.0	7	63	15½	15	15	— ⅛
67⅛	45½	ABrnds	5		7.7	7	242	65½	65¼	65⅝	— ⅛
32⅛	24⅝	ABrd	pf1.70		5.5		31	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅛
31⅜	20¾	ABrd	pf2.75		8.8		50	31¼	30¾	31¼	+ ⅜
35½	28¾	ABrd	pf2.67		8.1	7		33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	
47⅝	32¾	ABdcst	1.20		2.7	8	286	45¼	45	45	— ⅛
19½	13¼	ABldM	.70		4.6	7	2	15¼	15¼	15⅛	— ⅛
41⅞	34½	AmCan	2.80		7.1	6	67	39¾	39⅝	39⅝	+ ⅛
22¼	19⅝	ACan	pf1.75		8.8		2	20	20	20	
6⅞	2⅛	ACentry					20	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
31⅜	23¾	ACyan	1.60		5.2	9	2703	u32⅛	30¾	31	+ ⅜
15⅜	6¾	AmDist					124	15¼	14⅝	15	
32½	24⅜	ADT	1.16		5.3	8	31	22	22	22	— ⅛
23⅛	19¾	AEIPw	2.18		11.	9	815	19¾	19¼	19¼	— ⅛
⅛	3-64	AEIPw	rt				24981	u ⅛	3-64	1-16	
38⅜	27¾	AmExp	1.80		5.4	7	704	33⅜	33⅛	33⅜	+ ½
15⅜	8¾	AFamil	.60b		5.1	5	50	12	11⅞	11⅞	+ ⅛
22¾	19	AGIBd	2e		9.8		31	20¾	20¼	20¾	+ ⅛
20⅜	15½	AGnCv	1.44		7.2		27	19⅝	19¼	19⅝	
38⅛	22¾	AGnIns	1		2.8	5	64	35¼	35¼	35¼	— ⅛
16½	9⅞	AHerlfLf	.48		3.4	9	5	14	14	14	— ⅛
20¼	12	AmHoist	1		5.0	6	326	20⅜	19⅞	20	
32½	24⅜	AHome	1.50		5.2	12	577	29	28¾	28¾	— ⅛
33¾	23¾	AmHse	.80		2.4	13	595	u34	33½	33⅝	+ ⅜
13⅛	7¾	AmInvt	.40		3.8	7	58	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅛
36⅜	18	AMI			2.5	11	111	32⅜	32½	32½	— ⅛
9	4⅜	AmMotrs				3	376	7⅜	7½	7⅜	
47	36	ANatR	3.20		7.7	8	66	41½	41	41½	— ⅛
31½	24⅛	ASLFl	n.60a		2.1	6	11	29	29	29	— ⅛
19⅜	10¼	AShip	.80a		4.5	58	35	18	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
58¼	39	ASland	3		5.5	7	186	54⅜	54¼	54½	— ¼
10⅜	6	ASterll	.32		3.0	11	2305	u10¼	9¾	10½	+ ⅜
32⅛	23½	AmStir	.80		2.5	4	91	32¼	31⅝	32	
59⅜	57¾	AmStir	pf				19	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛	— ⅛
64¾	55½	ATT	5		8.9	7	2312	56¾	56	56⅛	— ⅛
67⅝	57¾	ATT	pf 4		6.6		12	60⅛	60⅛	60½	+ ⅛
49⅜	43¾	ATT	pf 3.64		8.0		6	45⅛	45¼	45¼	
50¾	44⅜	ATT	pf 3.74		8.0		3	46⅜	46½	46⅝	+ ⅛
14⅞	10¼	AWalWk	.92		6.3	5	7	14½	14⅜	14½	
19	14⅜	AWal	pf1.43		7.9		z300	18	18	18	— 1
13½	11¼	AWal	pf1.25		10.		z200	12½	12½	12½	
21	15½	Ameron	1		5.3	6	4	18⅞	18¾	18¾	— ⅛
14¾	9½	AmesD	.40b		2.9	5	6	13⅞	13¾	13⅝	
42⅛	27¼	Ametek	1.80		4.4	10	54	40⅝	40⅜	40⅝	+ ⅛
23	15¾	Amlac	1.20		5.2	6	1224	23	22½	22⅝	+ ⅛
40⅛	29¼	AMPInc	.76		2.2	12	595	35½	35¼	35½	+ ⅛
23⅝	13⅜	Ampco	.60		2.8	11	21	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	
19½	10⅜	AmpexC	.05e		3.1	11	816	18⅛	17⅞	18	
7⅝	2⅜	AmrepCp				8	8	6	6	6	
24⅜	14½	Amstar	1.35		6.0	9	791	23½	22½	23⅜	— 1⅛
7¾	6⅜	Amstd	pf .68		9.5		10	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
44⅜	29¼	Amsted	2		5.0	7	104	40	39⅝	40	+ ⅛
20¾	14¾	Analog	s			15	126	u20⅝	20⅛	20⅜	— ⅛
18¾	16	Anchor	s1.20		6.7	5	59	18⅜	17¾	18	+ ⅛
25⅞	18½	AnCtay	1.12		4.9	6	107	22⅞	22¾	22⅞	— ⅛
8¼	5⅛	Angelica	.34		4.9	7	22	7¼	7	7	
18⅜	12	Anhuser	s.40		4.1	9	1	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
74	65	ApPw	pf7.40		11.		z300	64⅞	d64⅞	64⅞	—2⅜
21⅜	7½	ApldDig				8	106	9⅜	9	9	— ⅛
11½	5⅛	ApolMg				8	62	10⅛	9½	9½	— ⅜
27⅝	17½	Arcata	1.12		4.4	6	31	25¾	25¼	25¼	— ⅜
31¼	25	Arcat	pf2.16		7.3		2	30	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅜
25⅝	12¾	ArchrD	.20b		3.1	4	892	24¼	23¾	24⅛	+ ⅛
11⅜	6	ArctEn	.10e		1.3	13	29	8	7⅞	7⅞	
21¾	18½	ArkPS	2		10.	7	369	19⅜	19¼	19¼	
112¾	103	ArlPpf	10.70		10.		z130	103¼	103¼	103¼	— ¼
18	8⅜	ArkBst	.60b		5.8	22	18	10⅜	10	10⅜	+ ⅛
46¼	28⅝	ArkLGs	2.20		4.8	10	60	46¼	45⅝	46¼	+ ⅜
5¼	1⅝	ArlenRlty					324	3⅛	2⅞	3	+ ⅛
10⅜	5¼	Armada				9	135	9¼	9¼	9⅜	— ⅛
23⅜	17	Armco	1.50		6.4	5	257	23¾	23½	23⅝	+ ⅛
30½	25⅜	Armco	pf 2.10		7.8		79	27¾	27¾	27¾	+ ⅛
55	47	Armco	pf4.75		9.8		z10	48¼	48¼	48¼	
21	14⅞	ArmCk	1.10		6.2	8	78	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞	— ⅛
46	40½	ArmCr	pf3.75		9.0		z600	41⅞	41⅜	41⅜	+1⅜
32	18½	ArmRu	1.20		5.8	4	7	20¾	20¼	20¾	+ ⅛
22½	15¾	AroCorp	1b		4.9	7	9	20½	20¼	20¼	
24⅛	7⅞	ArrewE	.28r		.9	7	78	23¼	22¼	23¼	+ ½
18¾	12	Arvin	1		7.5	4	43	13¾	13¼	13⅜	+ ⅛
29¾	22¼	Arvin	pf	2	8.5		6	23⅜	23½	23½	— ⅛
25⅜	13⅜	Asarco	1		4.2	4	849	24½	23⅜	24	— ½
45½	31	AshlOil	s 2		5.1	5	186	39¾	38⅝	39⅛	+ ⅛
21½	15¾	AsdDG	1.50		7.6	7	31	20	19¾	19¾	— ⅛
22⅛	15¾	Athlone	1.20		6.2	4	13	19½	19¼	19¼	— ⅛
22⅞	17½	AtCyEl	1.84		9.7	8	56	19	18¾	18⅞	+ ⅛
70⅝	49¼	AtlRich	2.80		4.0	9	583	u71	70¾	70⅞	+ ⅛
237	167¼	AtlRc	pf 3		1.3		1	u239	239	239	+10
49¾	41	AtlRc	pf3.75		9.0		z20	41½	41½	41½	
84¼	58⅜	AtlRc	pf2.80		3.3		7	u84⅜	84	84	
20½	9½	AtlasCp					66	17½	16½	17¼	+ ⅜
37⅛	27¼	AutoDta	.64		1.8	16	180	35⅜	35¼	35½	— ⅛
34⅜	18½	AvcoFn	1.20		4.8	3	402	25¼	24¾	25⅛	+ ⅜
69½	42	Avco	pf 3.20		6.3		4	51	51	51	+ ⅛

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div.	In $	Yld.	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Close	Chg Prev Quot.
86½	49	Avco	pf 4.20		6.7		5	62½	62½	62½	
19⅜	12¾	Avery	.60		3.2	8	50	18½	18⅛	18½	
26⅜	13¾	Avnet	.80		3.2	7	587	25⅝	24¾	25⅛	+ ½
61⅜	45⅜	Avon	2.80		5.7	12	569	49½	49	49½	+ ⅜
		— B—B—B —									
3	1⅛	BT Mfg					5	2⅜	2½	2⅜	
12½	6¾	Bache	.50a		4.5	6	80	11	10⅞	11	+ ⅛
49	27	Bakrint	.60		1.3	15	68	47	46½	46½	— ⅛
40½	17½	BaldwU	1.20		3.3	8	38	37½	36¾	36⅞	— ⅛
60	28⅛	BldU	pf 2.86		3.7		9	55⅜	55	55	— ½
28⅜	20¾	BallCo	1.40		5.4	6	12	26	25¾	25⅞	— ⅛
48⅝	31¼	BallvMf	s.10		3.2	26	1463	37¾	36	36½	— ⅛
27⅞	21¼	BaltGE	2.44		10.	7	64	23⅞	23¾	23⅞	
522⅜	43⅜	Balt	pfB4.50		10.		z240	43⅜	d42¾	43¾	— ⅛
74⅜	18½	BanCal	.92		4.3	5	17	21¾	21½	21½	— ⅜
19½	11¼	Bandag	.60		3.5	9	138	17½	17	17⅜	+ ½
31⅜	17⅜	BangPnt	.80		3.1	5	29	26¼	25¾	26	
43¼	30⅞	BkNY	2.44a		6.3	5	408	39½	38⅝	39⅛	— ⅜
17⅜	13⅞	BkofVa	1.04		6.9	5	12	15⅜	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
30⅜	22¼	BnkAm	1.32		4.7	7	650	28	27⅜	28	+ ⅜
48⅛	32⅜	BankTr	3		6.6	6	96	45⅝	45½	45½	— ½
29	25⅜	BkTr	pf2.50		9.7	6		26	25¾	25¾	— ⅛
18	8¼	Banner	.14		1.3	9	36	10⅜	10½	10½	— ⅛
52⅜	21¼	Barber	1.60		3.1	13	230	52	51½	51½	
18⅜	10¾	BardCR	.36		2.4	11	134	15⅛	14⅜	14⅜	+ ⅛
21⅜	15½	BarnGp	s.80		3.9	6	8	20¾	20¾	20⅝	— ⅛
23½	14⅜	BarryW	s.52		2.5	12	25	20¾	20¾	20½	+ ⅛
51½	32¼	Bausch	2		3.8	9	1085	u53⅜	51¾	52⅛	+ ⅜
23½	23¼	Bausch	wt				18	u27	26	26½	+3
48⅜	33¾	BaxlTr	.50		1.1	15	192	46	45⅝	45¾	+ ⅛
9⅝	5¼	BayColP					96	9	8¾	8¾	
24	18¾	BayStG	.2		8.3	7	48	24	23¾	24	+ ⅛
12½	9	BaykCtg	.48		4.1	6	2	11¾	11¾	11¾	— ⅛
38	25	Bearing	.92		3.0	9	15	30⅛	30¼	30¼	
28	20⅛	BeatFd	1.20		5.6	8	653	21½	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
58½	43⅜	Beat	pf 3.38		7.5		8	45¼	45¼	45¼	— ½
25⅝	20	Beckm	.28		1.0	16	106	27	26¾	27	+ ⅛
39⅝	30⅜	BecInD	.84		2.4	12	120	34⅜	34½	34½	
37½	28	Beech	1		2.8	10	651	35⅝	35	35¼	— ¾
11⅜	7⅜	Beker				15	223	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜	+ ⅛
44⅜	34⅜	BelcoP	s .80		1.9	9	71	42⅜	42	42⅜	+ ½
30⅜	19¼	Belden	1.60		5.3	6	18	30⅜	30¼	30¼	— ⅛
9	6¼	BeldnH	.36b		5.2	6	19	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
22⅜	14⅜	BellHlwr	.96		4.5	15	274	21⅜	21¼	21⅜	+ ⅛
11⅜	5½	BellInd	.20a		1.8	7	92	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	+ ¼
19⅞	17⅞	BellCd	g s1.52			41	2	18½	18¼	18¼	— ⅛
28	19½	Bemis	1.40		4.7	7	90	29⅝	29⅜	29⅜	+ ⅛
43½	32½	Bendix	2.56		6.0	6	88	43¼	42¾	43	— ⅛
85	69½	Bendix	pf 3		3.4		3	u80½	79½	80	+ ⅛
32⅛	21⅜	BenfCo	2		6.8	9	96	29⅞	29½	29½	+ ⅛
48	40⅜	Benef	pf4.30		10.		10	43	43	43	— ⅛
50¾	43	Benef	pf4.50		10.		z200	45½	45½	45½	
5¼	2⅜	BengtB				12	207	4	3⅝	4	+ ⅛
8⅜	3½	BerkevP				13	85	4⅜	3⅝	4⅛	+ ⅛
34¾	20½	BestPd	.16		.6	9	48	27	26¾	26¾	
25¾	19¼	BethSt	1.60		6.8	7	761	23¾	23¾	23¾	
25¾	14¼	BioThr	.80		1.8	15	332	42¾	42¾	42¾	
31½	14½	Binney	.80		2.4	16	201	u32¾	30⅜	32¾	+ 2⅜
36½	17⅜	BisFSL	1.20		3.6	7	8	33½	33⅛	33½	
25¼	15½	BlackDr	.68		2.9	12	343	23⅝	23¼	23½	— ⅛
23⅜	19¼	BlairJn	s 1		4.5	7	31	22¼	22	22½	— ⅛
25½	13¼	BlissL	1.10		4.7	8	18	24	23½	23⅝	— ⅛
26¾	19⅞	BlckHR	1.60		6.4	9	215	25¾	25	25	— ⅛
29½	18¼	BlueB	1.60		5.9	6	183	27¾	26¾	27	— ⅜
14	5⅜	Bluebrd	.28		2.1	9	15	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	
7⅜	3⅜	BobbleBr				4	12	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛
48¾	37¼	Boeing	s 1		2.1	7	2066	48½	47¾	48	
38⅜	23½	BoiseC	1.50		4.1	6	1234	37¼	36¾	36⅞	— ⅛
30⅜	24⅜	Borden	1.82		7.1	6	177	25⅞	25¾	25⅞	+ ⅛
34½	26	BorgW	2		6.3	5	58	32⅛	31⅞	31⅞	— ⅜
9⅜	4¼	Bormns	.20		3.6	4	21	5½	5½	5½	
25⅝	20⅜	BosEd	2.44		11.	6	95	21⅞	21⅝	21⅞	+ ⅛
93	78	BosE	pfB.88		11.		z180	81¼	80¼	80½	—1¾
12	10	BosE	pf1.17		12.		23	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
14⅞	12⅛	BosE	pf1.46		11.		1	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	— ⅛
18⅝	14⅜	Brantlf	.44		3.8	7	411	12	11¾	11¾	+ ⅛
44½	20¼	BraunC	.80		1.9	13	47	42⅜	41¾	42	— ⅜
30⅜	24½	BrisSt	1.20a		4.5	8	276	26⅜	26⅛	26⅞	+ ⅛
38¼	30⅛	BristM	1.44		4.8	11	549	36½	35¾	36⅛	+ ⅛
45⅜	35½	BristM	pf 2		5.1		3	39½	39	39½	+ ½
28⅝	16¾	BritPet	1.02e		3.8	5	214	27	26½	26⅝	— ½
19½	14½	BrkwGl	1.08		6.8	10	19	15¾	15¼	15⅜	+ ⅛
25	18⅜	BkyUG	2.02		8.8	7	34	22¾	22¾	22¾	+ ⅛
26¾	24¼	BkUG	pf2.47		9.6		5	25¾	25¾	25⅝	
19¼	7¼	Brown	.30		1.9	5	63	16	15½	15½	— ⅛
29⅜	22½	BwnGp	2		7.4	5	24	27	26¾	27	+ ⅛
16	11	BwnFer	.60		4.2	10	982	14¼	13⅝	14¼	+ ⅛
18½	12¼	Brnswk	.80		5.6	6	128	14½	14¼	14⅜	
24¼	27⅜	Brnsk	pf2.40		8.4		31	28½	28¼	28½	— ⅜
42	28	BrushW	2		4.5	7	178	41¼	40⅞	41	— ⅛
25	15¼	BucyEr	.88		4.4	7	621	20¾	20	20¼	— ⅛
36½	22	BuffFo	1.80		5.1	8	5	35⅜	35⅛	35⅜	+ ⅛
16⅜	10	Bundy	1		7.5	5	15	12¾	12½	12¾	+ ⅛
20¾	17⅜	BunkrH	1.90		11.		14	18	17⅞	18	
29⅜	9½	BunkR	.84		3.3	7	124	25⅜	25	25⅛	+ ⅛
29¾	18	BnkR	pf1.50		6.0		16	25	24⅝	25	+ ⅛
23¾	16¼	Burlind	1.40		7.7	7	574	18⅛	18	18⅛	+ ⅛
65	35	BurlNo	2.10		3.4	5	342	61½	61	61⅛	
7½	6⅜	BrlNo	pf.55		7.9		7	7	7	7	+ ⅛
58¼	36	BrlNo	pf2.85		5.2			55⅛	54⅞	55⅛	+ ⅛
29½	17½	Burndy	1		2.4	10	6	29¼	29¼	29¼	
7½	2⅛	BrnsRL	.10e		1.7		282	6¼	6	6	— ⅛
86⅞	64⅜	Burrgh	2.20		3.1	11	354	70⅝	70⅝	70⅜	— ⅜
25¼	14	Butlrin	s.80		3.5	8	12	23⅛	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
14⅜	6⅞	Buttes				40	206	11½	11	11¼	+ ⅛
		— C—C—C —									
30¾	27⅜	CBI Ind	s			11	42	27½	d27	27	— 1
62½	44⅛	CBS	2.60		4.9	8	395	53½	52¾	52⅝	— ⅛
10⅞	4¾	CCI				4	426	9⅛	8½	9	
57⅝	29	CIT	2.60		4.

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NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Sept. 13

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

(Continued from Page 12)

12 Month High	Low	Stock Div. In $	Yld.	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
		…vin 1.08	5.6	6	95	19¾	18⅝	19⅝	+ ½
		…and 1.24	7.5	6	98	16⅝	15⅝	16½	+ ⅜
		…ISN 2.40	7.4	5	84	35⅝	35⅛	35⅝	+ ⅛
		…Tea		7	5	5	5	5	
		…om. 2.20	3.8	6	464	u58⅝	57⅝	57⅝	— ⅛
		…m. pf1.60	4.3		416	u38⅝	37⅝	37⅝	
		…Pw 2.12	7.7	8	41	27½	27⅛	27½	+ ⅛
		…P pf1.74	9.6		z2080	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
		…P pf2.30	12.		z78	20	20	20	
		…P pf1.95	11.		4	18⅛	18¼	18¼	— ⅛
		…ngEl 2.24	10.	6	129	22⅝	22¼	22¼	— ⅜
		…GE 1.60	9.8	6	20	16⅜	16¼	16¼	— ⅛
		…Nucl s.26	.9	23	1633	u30⅝	29⅛	29⅛	+ ½
		…P pf2.76	10.		40	27⅜	27⅛	27⅛	+ ⅜
		…naT 3.16	9.3	8	328	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	
		…SEG 1.74	11.	7	108	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
		…S pf 8.80	11.		z100	82½	82½	82½	
		…S pf 2.12	11.		35	19	19	19	
		…ACTP			139	2⅝	2½	2½	— ⅛
		…well n.70	7.1	6	56	10⅛	9⅞	9⅞	
		…hall .80	2.0	8	9	41⅛	40⅝	40⅝	— ⅛
		…wat 1.20	4.1	7	722	30⅛	29½	29½	— ⅝
		…pf14.50	4.8		1	93	93	93	
		…work .20	1.2	13	100	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
		…MP 1.44	11.	6	226	13½	13¼	13¼	— ⅛
		…Mpf 3.40	11.		z200	32¼	31⅜	32¼	— 1⅛
		…Mpf 3.90	11.		z200	36¼	36	36	— ⅛
		…Mpf 4.85	10.		z200	47½	47½	47½	
		…Mpf 10.40	11.		z10	100	100	100	— 1¼
		…aSh 1.21e	9.4		59	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
		…COR 2.52	7.5	7	96	33⅝	33	33⅝	+ ⅛
		…rWn 1.92	7.4	5	348	26⅛	25⅝	25⅞	+ ⅛
		…rdn 1.48	6.7	4	57	24	23½	24	+ ½
		…rdis 1.40	6.0	6	77	24	23½	23½	— ½
		…Cool .64	1.8	9	212	35⅛	34⅝	34⅝	+ 1
		…AMfg			46	4½	4⅛	4½	
		…APhl 1.70	5.7	5	x77	30⅛	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅛
		…estUt 1.10	11.	7	258	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛	+ ⅛
		…alSL .70	4.1	5	5	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	+ ½
		…ndPS 1.58	9.7	8	120	15⅞	15⅝	15½	
		…rBGs .3	6.0	7	69	50	49⅝	50	+ ⅛
		…SPw 2.28	9.3	7	418	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅛
		…P pf10.36	9.7		z200	108	106½	106½	— ½
		…Tel 9.80			753	43⅛	42⅝	43	
		…agate s			52	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
		…trp 1.80	4.9	5	2579	37	36	37	+ 1
		…stAirl .80	2.5	9	427	31½	30⅝	31⅛	+ 1
		…Bcp 1.32	4.8	7	171	27⅛	27½	27⅛	+ ¼
		…Enr s1.30	6.0	6	140	21½	21	21½	— ⅛
		…Ind 2.05	5.7	7	132	36⅛	35⅝	36	— ⅛
		…P pf2.50	10.		9	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
		…P pf2.36	9.6		2	24½	24½	24½	
		…MLf 1e	8.9	13	55	11½	11¼	11¼	— ⅛
		…SFW 1.80	6.4	5	21	28	28	28	— ⅛
		…rton 1.40	4.2	7	33	33½	33	33	— ⅛
		…Sim 1.04b	6.2	7	116	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞	
		…cor s .36	1.1	7	32	33	32½	33	+ ⅜
		— O—O—O —							
		…C 1.20	2.4	11	77	49⅝	48½	49¼	+ ⅛
		…kInd .40	1.4	16	126	30½	29⅝	29⅝	— 1
		…dteP 1.20	6.3	9	13	19⅛	19	19	+ ⅛
		…dPet 1.25	5.1	9	705	25	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅛
		…dPet wt			168	10	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
		…dP pf3.60	4.5		2	80½	80½	80½	
		…dP pf 4	5.1		1	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛	— ⅛
		…dP pf2.50	11.		12	22⅝	22½	22½	
		…dP pf2.12	11.		6	19½	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
		…dP pf2.30	11.		4	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
		…den .2	6.3	5	36	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	+ ⅛
		…oEd 1.76	12.	12	578	15	14⅞	14⅞	— ⅛
		…Ed pf3.90	11.		z100	37	36½	36½	— ⅛
		…Ed pf4.40	11.		z100	40½	40½	40½	
		…E pf10.48	10.		z9270	101½	100	101½	+ 2½
		…P pf 8.04	11.		z20	75	75	75	+ 3¼
		…P pf87.60	10.		z1000	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝	— 1⅛
		…P pfG2.27	10.		129	22	22	22	+ ⅛
		…P pfA 14	13.		z58	112	112	112	+ ¼
		…P pfD7.76	10.		z10	76	76	76	

12 Month High	Low	Stock Div. In $	Yld.	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
18⅝	15⅛	OkloGE 1.60	9.9	10	125	16¼	16	16⅛	— ⅛
10	8½	OklGE pf.80	9.3		z300	9	8⅝	8⅝	
26⅝	18⅝	OklaNG 1.80	7.4	7	22	24¼	24	24¼	
25⅝	14⅛	Olin 1	4.1	8	1281	24⅝	23⅝	24⅝	+ ⅜
35	23	Omark 1.32	3.9	5	16	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	
26⅛	16	Oneida .92	3.8	6	33	25	24½	24½	— ⅛
13⅛	9½	Opelika .84	6.7	5	1	12½	12½	12½	— ⅛
16¼	13⅛	OranRk 1.56	11.	7	31	14⅝	14⅛	14⅝	+ ⅛
9	4⅞	Orange .28	3.7	4	77	7⅝	7½	7½	
13⅛	7⅞	OrionC .30	2.9	7	724	10⅛	10½	10½	— ⅛
23⅛	15⅛	OutMar 1.40	7.7	9	69	18⅛	18	18⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	18⅛	OutletCo 1	4.6	7	31	22⅝	21⅝	21¾	— ⅜
18⅝	13	OvernDr .84	4.8	6	31	17½	17⅛	17½	+ ⅛
34⅝	20⅝	OverSh .50b	1.5	7	41	33⅝	33½	33⅝	+ ⅜
34½	24⅝	OwenC 1.20	3.9	8	685	30⅝	30⅛	30⅛	+ ⅛
24⅝	17⅝	OwenIll 1.26	5.8	5	250	22⅛	21⅝	21⅝	
76	60	Owenll pf4.75	7.2		10	66¼	66	66¼	
		— P—Q —							
22⅝	15⅛	PHH Gp .64	2.9	10	34	22⅝	22	22⅝	+ ⅛
12⅛	8	PNBMt .96a	9.4	8	126	11⅛	9⅞	10⅛	— 1⅛
32⅝	23½	PPG 1.84	5.8	7	543	32⅝	32	32	
23⅝	12⅞	PSA		5	115	22⅝	22	22⅝	+ ⅛
13½	11⅛	PacAS 1.28	11.		79	12	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
25⅝	21⅝	PacGE 2.44	11.	6	485	23⅛	22⅝	23	— ⅛
23⅛	19⅝	PacLtg 2	8.9	6	400	22½	22⅛	22⅝	+ ⅛
55⅝	38½	PacLm 2.20	4.2	14	13	52⅝	52⅛	52⅛	— ⅛
26⅝	17	PNwTel 1.64	9.0	7	3	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
23	19⅛	PacPw 1.92	9.4	9	139	20⅝	20½	20½	
16	13⅝	PacTT 1.40	10.	8	82	14⅛	13⅞	13⅞	
70	62	PacTT pf 6	9.5		z320	63½	63	63½	— ½
18⅛	10	PacTin 1	5.4	7	10	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	6⅝	PainW .44	4.2	5	15	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	
17	12⅝	PalW pf1.30	9.3		3	14	13⅝	14	
18⅝	13⅝	PalmBc 1.20	6.4	4	64	18⅛	18½	18⅝	+ ⅛
7⅝	3⅛	Pamida .04i			35	3⅝	3½	3⅝	— ⅛
10⅛	5⅝	PanAm		3	1227	7⅛	6⅝	7	
55⅝	36⅛	PanEP 3.10	5.8	7	105	53⅝	53⅛	53⅝	— ⅛
23⅛	14⅝	Papcft 1.14b	4.9	8	40	23⅛	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
22½	10⅝	Pargas 1.08	5.5	9	50	20⅛	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
34⅛	18⅝	ParkDr s .24	.7	11	521	33⅝	32⅝	33⅝	+ 1⅛
30½	22½	ParHan 1.20	4.0	8	23	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅛
17⅛	13	ParkPn s.36	2.4	8	16	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
17	7	PatPtl		36	361	16⅝	16	16⅝	+ ⅛
25⅝	15⅛	Pavlsnw .68	2.3	10	193	u25⅞	25½	25⅝	+ ⅛
29⅝	18⅝	Peabdy .28b	1.2	8	125	23⅝	23	23	
14	6	Pengo		37	69	13	12⅝	13	+ ⅛
22½	13⅛	PenCen			220	17⅝	16⅝	17⅛	+ ½
6⅝	4⅝	PenCn prB			165	6⅛	5⅝	6	+ ⅛
6⅛	3⅝	PenDix			88	4⅝	4⅛	4½	+ ⅛
11	7	PennCo n.32	1.1		1438	11	10	11	+ 1
40⅛	28	Penney 1.76	5.7	8	428	30⅝	30⅛	30⅝	— ⅛
68	51½	PaCo pf4.62	7.5		1	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝	— 1⅛
21⅛	18⅝	PaPL 2.04	10.	6	143	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
50½	40⅛	PaPL pf4.40	9.9		z780	45	44	44½	— 1½
91	76⅝	PaPL pf8.40	11.		z70	78½	78½	78½	
111	100⅝	PaPL pf 11	11.		z30	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	— ⅛
122⅝	109	PaPL pf 13	12.		z420	111	109⅝	109⅝	— 2⅛
84⅝	72½	PaPL pf 8	10.		z5420	76⅞	75	76⅞	+ ⅛
92⅛	78	PaPL pf8.70	11.		z250	80	79½	79½	— 1½
43⅛	30½	Penwlt 2.20	6.4	7	69	34⅛	33½	34½	+ ⅜
62⅝	46	Penw pf2.50	5.0		2	50½	50½	50½	
26⅛	19½	Penw pf1.60	7.6		593	21⅛	21	21	— ⅛
48	26⅝	Pennzol 2.20	4.9	9	169	45⅛	45	45⅛	— ⅛
14	9⅛	PeopDr .24	1.9	7	12	12⅝	12½	12⅝	— ⅛
39⅝	31⅝	PeopGs 2.88	7.6	8	x119	38⅛	37⅝	37⅞	— ⅛
33⅛	27⅛	PepsiCo 1.14	4.1	10	484	27⅝	27½	27⅝	
34⅛	19⅝	PerkinE .52	1.7	12	243	29⅝	29⅛	29⅝	+ ⅛
17⅛	7⅞	Pertec		18	173	11⅝	11⅛	11⅝	
45⅛	31⅝	Petrie 1.40	4.1	10	46	34⅛	33⅝	33⅝	— 1
49⅝	27½	Petrotn 1.04	2.2	11	185	47⅝	47⅛	47⅝	+ ½
27⅛	20⅝	PetRs 2.47e	9.3		25	26⅛	26½	26½	— ⅛
25⅛	19	PetRs pf1.75	7.1		28	24½	24½	24½	— ⅛
38⅝	29	Pfizer 1.32	3.9	11	448	33⅝	33⅛	33½	— ⅛
30¼	19⅝	PhelpD 1	3.6	9	113	28⅝	28	28	— ⅛
17⅛	15	PhilaEl 1.80	12.	8	277	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
46½	38⅝	PhilE pf4.40	11.		z150	41	41	41	
108⅝	81	PhilE pf8.75	11.		z30	81½	81½	81½	— 1
106⅛	87⅛	PhilE pf9.50	10.		z100	94	94	94	
38⅛	19⅝	PhilSub 1.10	3.9	9	47	28⅝	27⅝	28⅛	+ ½

12 Month High	Low	Stock Div. In $	Yld.	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
38⅝	31½	PhilMr s1.25	3.4	10	666	36¼	35½	36¼	+ ¼
8½	3¼	Philind .28	4.9	3	36	5⅝	5½	5¼	+ ⅛
13⅛	8⅝	Philind pf 1	9.8		1	10⅛	10¼	10¼	+ ⅛
41⅝	26⅝	PhilPet 1.40	3.4	8	682	41⅛	40½	40⅝	— ½
18	9⅛	PhilVH .40	4.9	5	36	12¼	12	12¼	+ ⅛
15⅝	8⅝	PiedAvi .24	1.6	5	199	15⅛	14⅞	15	
22	15⅝	PieNG 1.560	7.5	8	27	21	20⅝	20⅝	+ ⅛
13⅛	6	Pier 1 .15e	1.2	8	110	12¾	12¼	12¾	
46¼	32	Plisbry 1.72	4.2	9	109	40⅝	40	40⅝	+ ⅜
49⅛	24½	Pioner 1.92	3.9	11	366	49⅝	48⅝	49	+ ⅜
22⅛	15⅝	PionrEl		9	11	20½	20½	20½	+ 2⅛
30½	21⅝	PitnyB 1.20	4.0	9	84	30⅛	30	30⅛	— ¼
33⅛	28	PitnB pf2.12	6.5		7	32⅝	32⅛	32⅝	
27⅝	16	Pittstn 1.20	4.4	18	3437	u28	26⅝	27	— ⅜
10⅛	5	PlanRsc		9	137	7	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
23⅛	14½	Plantrn .16	.8	15	132	20⅝	20½	20⅝	+ ⅛
31⅛	10½	Playboy .12	.7	19	49	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛	— ¼
29⅛	19½	Plessey 1e	3.7	9	4	27½	27¼	27¼	— 1
28⅝	17	Pneumo 1	3.8	10	98	26¼	25⅝	26½	+ ¼
17⅛	11½	PogoPd .20b	1.2	11	329	16⅝	16⅛	16⅝	— ¼
68⅛	26½	Polarold 1	3.4	9	526	29⅝	28⅝	29	
30½	14½	Pndrosa .40	2.0	6	80	20½	20	20⅛	— ½
37⅛	21½	PopTal 1.16	3.3	5	4	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝	+ ⅛
23⅛	13	Portec .80b	4.2	9	41	19⅝	19¼	19¼	+ ⅛
19½	16⅛	PortGE 1.70	10.	11	108	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝	
27⅛	23½	PorG pf2.60	11.		1	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	
38⅝	27½	Potltch 1.16	3.2	8	52	36	35⅝	36	+ ⅛
15⅝	12⅝	PotmEl 1.34	10.	8	569	13⅛	12⅞	13	+ ⅛
42½	35	PotEl pf2.44	6.7		4	36¼	36⅛	36⅛	— 1
35	21⅝	Premier .81	2.4	11	13	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	+ ⅛
16	11⅝	Presley s.36t	2.8	5	260	13⅛	11⅝	12⅝	+ ⅝
19⅝	14⅝	PrimeC s		19	74	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
93	72⅝	ProctG 3.40	4.4	11	220	78⅝	78	78	— ⅛
18⅝	9⅛	PrdRsh s.44	2.6	9	143	17⅛	16⅝	17⅛	+ ⅛
28	18⅝	Prolar .50e	1.9	6	37	27⅛	26⅛	27	— ⅛
18½	15⅛	PSvCol 1.60	10.	10	547	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
24⅛	20⅝	PSCol pf2.10	9.5		7	22	21⅛	22	
27	24	PSInd 2.32	9.2	7	144	25½	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
13	10⅛	PSId pf 1.08	9.5		z200	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
103½	90½	PSIn pf 8.38	9.2		z4800	92	91⅛	91⅛	— 1⅛
22½	17⅛	PSvNH 2.12	12.	6	173	18⅛	18	18	— ⅛
28⅛	24⅛	PSNH pf2.75	11.		z90	24⅝	24¼	24¼	— ⅛
21½	18⅝	PSvNM 1.92	9.7	8	34	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	
23⅝	20	PSvEG 2.20	11.	6	362	20⅛	20	20	
15⅝	13½	PSEG pf1.40	10.		2	13⅝	13⅛	13⅝	+ ⅛
47⅛	38½	PSEG pf4.08	10.		z650	40	40	40	+ 1
59½	48½	PSEG pf5.05	10.		z300	50	50	50	
62⅛	51⅝	PSEG pf5.28	10.		z10	53	53	53	— 1
25⅛	21⅝	PSEG pf2.17	9.8		5	22	22	22	
78⅝	66	PSEG pf6.80	9.8		z10	69½	69½	69½	— ⅜
27⅛	24⅝	PSEG pf2.43	9.7		8	25	25	25	
119½	106½	PSE pf12.25	11.		z50	108½	108½	108½	— 1½
92⅝	79	PSEG pf7.80	9.8		z1500	80½	d78⅝	80	— 1
87⅝	75½	PSEG pf7.40	9.7		z70	76	76	76	
11⅝	5½	Publick			90	8⅝	8⅛	8½	— ⅛
6⅝	3½	Pueblo		4	36	4⅛	4	4	
7	4⅛	PR Cem		5	11	4⅝	4½	4½	— ⅛
18⅛	15⅝	PgSPL 1.64	10.	8	96	16⅛	16	16⅛	— ⅛
47⅛	29⅝	Pullmn 1.60	4.1	8	1285	39½	38	38⅝	+ ⅜
19⅝	14⅝	Purex 1.28	7.6	7	57	17	16⅝	16⅞	+ ⅜
9⅝	3	PurlmFo			97	8⅝	8½	8⅝	+ ⅛
30⅛	22⅝	Porolt 1.32	4.2	8	118	u31⅛	31	31½	+ ⅜
27⅛	21¼	QuakO 1.40	5.2	7	116	27⅛	26⅝	26⅞	+ ⅛
24½	12⅝	QuakStO 1	4.5	11	236	22⅝	22	22	— ⅛
33	18⅝	Quanex s 1	3.9	9	25	25⅝	25¼	25½	— ⅛
12	4⅝	Questor .20	2.5	14	302	8⅛	7⅝	7⅞	+ ⅜
28⅛	19	QuestrptA 2	9.5		7	21	21	21	— ½
		— R—R—R —							
33⅛	23	RCA 1.60	6.6	6	631	24⅝	24⅛	24¼	— ⅛
41⅛	37	RCApf 3.50	9.1		z160	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	— ½
74	52½	RCA pf 4	7.4		12	55⅛	54	54	— 2⅛
12⅛	9⅛	RLC s .44	3.9	5	49	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
15⅝	9½	RTE .60	5.9	6	30	10⅛	10¼	10⅛	
15⅛	10	RalsPur .58	5.2	9	293	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
17	6⅝	Ramad .12e	1.1	20	682	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
23	13⅛	Ranco .76	4.3	10	30	17⅝	17½	17⅝	+ ⅛
18⅛	11½	RapAm .60e	3.6	4	16	16⅝	16⅛	16⅝	+ ⅛
40⅛	24½	Raybt 1.68b	5.5	5	24	29⅛	29	29	— ⅛
27⅛	14½	Raymdint 1	5.4	5	261	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	

12 Month High	Low	Stock Div. In $	Yld.	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
58½	42½	Raythn 1.60	2.8	10	1137	57⅛	56½	57⅛	+ ⅜
37⅛	18⅝	ReadBat 1	3.4	10	231	29⅛	28⅝	29	+ ⅜
18⅛	12¼	RltRef 1.63e	12.	8	12	13¼	13	13¼	+ ½
7⅝	3½	Redmn .09e	1.2	7	493	7⅝	7½	7½	
10¼	7⅛	ReeceCo .60	6.8	6	21	9	8¾	8⅞	
33⅛	24⅛	ReevsB 2	7.0	4	9	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	+ ½
15⅞	10⅛	ReichCh .74	5.5	10	10	13⅝	13¼	13⅝	— ⅛
65	29⅝	ReinEl 1.60	2.6	13	145	63	62	62	— ¾
52¾	30½	RelGp 1.60b	3.0	5	53	u53	52½	53	+ ⅜
27⅝	23⅝	RelG pf 2.40	11.		21	24⅝	24½	24½	— ⅜
28⅛	25	Relin pf2.68	10.		15	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	
11⅝	5⅝	RepAir .20	2.3	5	721	8⅝	8½	8⅝	+ ½
7½	1⅛	RepAir wt			305	3¼	2⅝	3⅛	+ ⅜
30	11⅛	RepCp .60b	2.2	5	22	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	+ ⅛
24	13⅝	RepFnS s.92	4.2	4	59	22	21½	22	+ ⅜
3	1⅛	RepMig			1	2	2	2	— ⅛
29⅝	21¼	RepStl 2	7.3	3	97	27½	27¼	27¼	— ⅛
30	20⅝	RepTex 1	3.7	7	9	27¼	27	27	+ ⅛
28⅝	9	ResvOll .30	1.1	13	1974	27⅛	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅜
41¼	19⅝	RsOll pf1.75	4.5		17	39	38⅝	38⅝	— 1⅛
32⅝	20⅝	RevcoD .80	3.0	11	71	27¼	26⅝	27	+ ½
18	11⅝	Revere		3	49	16⅝	16	16¼	+ ⅛
57	44½	Revlon 1.56	3.1	12	622	50⅝	50	50⅝	+ ⅛
22½	12⅛	Rexhom .60	3.2	8	702	18⅝	17¼	18½	+ 1⅛
19⅝	15½	Rexnrd .96	5.3	6	395	18½	18	18	
65	54½	Reynin 3.80	6.0	6	203	63⅛	62⅝	63	+ ½
75	60	Revin pf2.25	3.1		1	72¼	72¼	72¼	+ 1⅛
50⅝	48⅝	Revin pf4.10	8.3		9	49¼	49¼	49¼	+ ⅛
39⅝	29⅛	RevMH 2.20	6.2	4	56	35⅝	35	35⅝	+ ⅛
84	62½	RevM pf4.50	6.2		3	72⅝	72¼	72¼	— 2¼
25¼	16½	RichCo 1.20	5.2	5	169	25	22¾	23	+ ⅜
31	19¾	RchMer 1.20	5.0	9	522	24⅛	23⅝	24	
21⅞	15⅝	RiegelT 1.60	8.8	6	18	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
38⅝	23½	RioGron 1	2.7	7	35	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	+ ½
20	13⅝	RioGr pf .80	4.1		53	19⅝	19½	19⅝	
26⅛	16⅝	RiteAid .54	2.2	9	120	25	24½	25	+ ¼
26⅝	17	Robshw 1.30	6.6	7	97	20	19¾	19¾	— ⅜
35	22⅝	Robtsn 1.90	6.0	7	44	32¼	31⅝	31⅝	— ⅛
12⅝	8½	Robins .40	4.1	9	111	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
19⅛	15⅝	RochG 1.48	9.2	7	22	16⅛	16	16⅛	
20⅝	16⅝	RochTl 1.56	8.2	7	58	19	18⅝	19	+ ⅛
19½	10⅝	Rockowr 1	5.6	6	6	17¾	17¾	17¾	
42⅛	30⅝	Rockwl 2.60	6.2	6	61	41⅞	41⅝	41⅝	
38⅛	28	Rklnl pf1.35	3.6		1	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	— ⅛
46⅛	30½	RohmH 2	4.4	7	56	45	44⅝	45	+ ½
19¼	10	RohrInd		5	107	15⅝	15½	15⅝	+ ⅛
30	16¼	Rollins .72	2.5	13	1208	28¾	27⅝	28¼	— ⅛
40	28⅝	Rolm s		21	50	32½	31⅝	31⅝	— ⅛
6¼	2½	Ronson			20	3¼	3⅛	3¼	
11⅞	9⅝	Roper s .90	8.5	6	35	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	
21½	13⅝	Rorer .76	4.8	9	249	16	15¼	15⅝	— ¼
32⅝	15	Rosario .60	2.0	13	52	30½	29⅝	30½	
30⅝	15⅛	Rowan .10	.3	13	123	29⅛	28⅝	29	+ ⅛
19½	13	RC Cos 1.04	7.7	35	66	13¾	13¼	13½	+ ⅛
76⅛	57⅝	RoylD 5.09e	6.8	4	1393	75½	75⅛	75⅝	— ⅛
33½	21⅝	Rubbrm .92	3.3	11	32	27½	27¼	27½	— ⅛
12⅝	9⅛	RussTog .88	8.5	6	20	10⅝	10¼	10⅝	+ ⅛
22⅝	14⅝	RyanH 1	4.6	8	42	21⅞	21⅝	21⅞	— ⅛
30⅛	18⅝	RyderS 1b	4.1	7	342	24⅝	24¼	24¼	— ⅛
		— S—S—S —							
10⅛	5⅝	SCA .35t	4.1	11	179	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	
32	16¼	SCM 1.30	4.7	6	138	28⅝	27¾	27⅞	— ½
26¼	12⅛	SPSTec .64	2.6	8	69	25⅛	25	25	— ½
51⅞	24¼	Sabine .56	1.1	42	407	51⅝	48½	48¾	— 3
19⅝	8	Safedin .32	1.7	15	96	18⅝	18½	18½	— ⅛
46	34⅝	Safewy 2.60	6.7	7	43	39¼	39	39	
15⅝	7⅝	SagaCp .44	4.6	29	24	9½	9⅝	9½	
32⅝	21⅞	SJoMn 1.40	4.7	10	190	29⅞	29¼	29⅝	+ ⅜
13⅝	11⅝	StJoLP 1.26	11.	8	10	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	
60⅞	34⅝	StLSaF 2.50	4.4	8	1	56½	56½	56½	— ½
11⅝	10	SPaul 1e	9.6		20	10½	10⅛	10⅛	
34⅝	27⅛	StRegP 1.80	5.7	7	37	31¾	31½	31¾	+ ⅛
8⅝	5½	Salant .40	6.5	7	3	6⅛	6	6⅛	+ ¼
19⅝	5	Sambos			317	6⅝	6½	6⅝	
16	14	SDieGs 1.52	9.9	10	408	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
18⅛	9⅝	SJuanR 1.05t	7.0	13	59	15¼	15	15	— ⅛
27⅛	12⅞	Sanders .50	2.0	11	187	25¾	25¼	25¼	— ¼
51⅞	29⅝	SFeInd 2.40	4.9	7	581	49⅝	48⅝	49	+ ⅞
14⅛	8	SFeIn pf .58	3.7		2	13⅝	13⅛	13⅝	+ ⅜
40½	18⅛	SFeInt .72	2.4	29	900	30⅛	29½	29⅜	— 1
19⅝	13	SafWel .88	6.1	7	6	14½	14¼	14⅝	— ⅛
9¼	4⅝	SavIRE			13	8⅝	8¼	8⅝	+ ⅛
10⅛	4⅛	SavASIp		12	19	9	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
13⅝	7	SavOnD .40	3.0	9	776	13⅝	12½	13¼	+ ⅜
13⅛	9⅝	SavEIP 1	9.1	4	57	11	10¾	11	+ ¼

12 Month High	Low	Stock Div. In $	Yld.	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
13¼	11	SavE pf1.28	11.		6	11⅝	11½	11¼	
19⅝	11⅝	Savin .70	3.8	3	249	18½	17⅝	18½	+ ⅞
8⅝	4⅝	Saxon		7	274	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛	+ ¼
6⅛	2⅞	Schaefer			78	5	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
35⅞	27⅛	SchrPlo 1.44	4.4	8	334	32⅞	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅛
14⅛	9	Schlitz .30i		25	267	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
86⅛	66⅝	Schlmb s1.10	1.3	19	692	84⅝	84⅛	84⅝	— ⅛
33⅞	25⅝	SciAtla s.16	.5	17	28	30⅝	30½	30⅝	+ ⅛
27¼	18	SCOA s 1	4.1	7	26	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅛
5½	3½	ScotLad		8	44	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
35	22	ScotFet 1.80	6.4	6	16	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	
26	15⅝	ScottF .80	3.3	9	175	24	23⅝	24	+ ⅛
19⅝	13½	ScottP .92	4.9	6	803	19	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
16¼	8⅛	Scottys .40	2.6	9	100	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	+ ⅛
23⅝	17⅛	Scovill 1.40	7.4	6	38	19⅛	18⅝	19	+ ⅛
10⅛	6⅞	Scudder		20	22	10⅛	10¼	10⅛	+ ⅛
9⅝	8⅝	Scud pf .81e	8.9		11	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	11⅛	SeaCA pf1.46	12.		8	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	+ ⅛
33⅛	15½	SeaCont .42	2.2	6	99	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
35⅞	23⅝	SeabCL 2.20	7.7	5	77	28⅞	28½	28½	— ¼
18¼	9½	SeaWA .40b	3.2	6	140	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	
31⅝	23	Seafst 1.12	3.8	7	20	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅛
36⅛	24⅛	Seagrm s1.12		13	180	35⅛	34⅝	35⅛	— ⅛
22	10½	Seagrv .27e	1.2	8	109	u22⅝	21⅞	22⅝	+ ⅛
19¼	15⅛	SealAir n.44	2.4	10	16	18⅝	18¼	18½	— ¼
29¼	19½	SealPw 1.30	4.9	6	9	27	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅛
16⅝	10⅝	SearleG .52	3.0	12	5486	u17⅝	17⅛	17⅝	+ 1⅛
24¼	18⅝	Sears 1.28	6.7	7	1954	19¼	19	19	— ¼
14⅛	5⅞	Seatrain			201	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	
34⅝	26½	SecPac n1.80	5.7	13	117	31½	31¼	31⅝	
48⅛	24⅛	Sedco .64	1.6	19	328	40	39⅝	40	+ ⅛
14⅛	11	SeigLt 1.20b	10.	6	18	11⅞	11½	11½	+ ⅛
10⅞	7⅛	SvCpInt .34	3.4	6	238	10¼	9½	10	+ ⅜
15⅝	7⅝	Shakspr .52	4.0	10	16	13¼	13¼	13⅝	
19⅝	11½	Shaklee .74	4.3	5	85	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
43⅞	21	Shapell .15	.4	5	2	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	— ⅛
18½	8½	ShearH .48b	2.9	4	103	16⅝	16½	16½	+ ⅛
46⅞	30⅛	ShellOil 2	4.4	7	217	45⅝	45⅛	45⅝	+ ⅛
33⅛	28⅝	ShellT s2.391	8.2	5	3	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	8⅞	ShelGlo .70	6.7	4	130	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
45	32⅞	ShelG pf 3	8.1		2	37	37	37	+ ¼
28⅛	19⅝	Shrwin		17	101	27	25½	25¾	— ½
57	44	Shrw pf 4.40	9.0		z100	49	49	49	— ½
14⅛	12½	SierPac 1.34	9.7	7	28	14	13⅝	13¾	+ ⅛
34⅝	19⅝	Signal 1	2.9	7	135	34⅝	33⅝	34⅝	+ ⅜
38⅝	28⅝	Signode 1.72	4.6	7	133	37⅛	37⅝	37⅛	
21⅝	12⅛	SimPrec .28	1.9	11	183	15½	14½	14⅝	— ½
13⅛	8½	SimpPat .56	5.1	12	163	10⅝	10¼	10⅞	+ ¼
19¼	11⅛	Singer .40	3.4	5	453	12½	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
36	30	Singr pf3.50	11.		3	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	
17½	9¼	Skyline .48	4.2	9	86	11½	11¼	11⅜	— ⅛
24⅞	17⅝	SmithA 1.40	7.0	3	5	20⅝	19⅞	20⅛	+ ⅛
63⅞	39	Smithin 1.12	1.9	11	352	60	59½	59½	— ⅜
49	38⅝	Smtkin s1.44	3.1	14	747	46¼	45⅞	46⅛	+ ⅛
30¼	14½	SmithTr 1	3.5	9	37	28⅝	28	28¼	+ ¼
23⅝	16½	Smucker 1	4.5	7	4	22¼	22	22	
26⅛	20⅝	SnapOn s.80	3.4	13	80	24¼	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅜
10⅛	7⅛	SonyCp .10e	1.2	17	658	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
21½	16½	SooLin s.76i	4.2	8	21	18¼	17⅞	18¼	+ ¼
5¼	2⅝	SoAtlFn			6	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
18⅛	15	SCrEG 1.68	11.	9	129	16½	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
20⅝	16⅝	SoJerIn 1.74	9.2	8	3	19	19	19	— ⅛
55½	26⅝	Soutdwn .60	1.2	7	13	50½	49⅞	50⅛	— ⅛
17	11⅛	SoetBk .80	5.2	6	51	15⅝	15¼	15⅝	+ ⅛
7⅛	6⅛	SoetPS s		5	6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
27⅝	23½	SCalEd 2.48	9.4	6	867	26¼	26⅛	26¼	
16¼	12	SouthCo 1.54	12.	9	770	12¾	12½	12½	
19¼	17⅛	SoInGE 1.52	8.0	6	5	19	19	19	+ ¼
49	29½	SoNRes 1.50	3.2	9	176	47½	46⅝	47	+ ⅛
41	34½	SNETel 3.60	9.4	6	31	38½	38⅛	38⅛	— ⅜
48⅛	41½	SoNE pf3.82	9.2		20	41½	41½	41½	— ½
37⅛	25	SouPac 2.40	6.7	6	137	35⅝	35	35⅝	+ ⅜
58⅝	44⅛	SouRy 3.20	5.9	6	28	54⅝	54½	54⅝	— ½
56¼	43	SoRy pf 3	5.5		1	54½	54½	54½	— 1
29¼	26⅛	SoRy pf2.60	9.6		5	27	27	27	
28⅞	18½	SoUnCo 1.76	6.3	8	44	28⅛	28	28	— ⅛
33¼	25⅛	Soutind .84	2.9	10	3824	29⅝	29	29	— ¼
41	34⅛	SouRoyl s		22	208	40⅝	39	40⅝	+ 1⅛
24⅞	16⅛	SwtAir s .28	1.1	6	259	u25½	24	25¼	+ 1¼
29⅝	22⅛	SwtBsh 1.24	5.0	7	42	24¾	24⅝	24⅝	
24	10⅛	SwtFore .40	1.8	5	534	21⅞	21½	21⅞	+ ⅜
13¼	11½	SwtGas pf1.10	9.4	9	50	12	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
14⅝	13	SwtPS 1.28	9.7	4	134	13½	13¼	13¼	— ¼
18⅛	10½	Sparton .80	4.5	6	13	17⅝	17½	17⅝	+ ½
29⅞	15⅛	SpectPh		16	22	28	27½	28	+ ¼

12 Month High	Low	Stock Div. In $	Yld.	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
23½	12⅝	SperHut 1	5.9	5	22	17¼	17	17	
52⅛	39⅛	Sperry 1.56	3.1	8	654	49⅞	49⅝	49⅝	
20⅞	14	SprngsM 1.20	7.0	5	43	17½	17¼	17¼	— ¼
26	19⅝	SquarD 1.50	6.6	8	132	23⅛	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
37¼	25½	Squibb 1.08	3.2	13	188	33½	33	33⅝	+ ⅛
15¼	11⅛	StaRite n.70	5.3	7	48	13⅝	13⅛	13½	— ⅛
27⅛	16½	Staley 1	3.7	17	282	u27⅛	26⅞	26⅞	— ½
29⅝	22½	StBrnd 1.48	5.8	10	182	25⅝	25	25½	+ ½
34¼	19⅝	StBPnt .64	2.5	10	440	25⅝	24⅝	25⅛	+ ⅛
20⅝	13½	StdMotA .64	4.1	6	170	16	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
58⅝	41½	StOilCl 2.80	5.0	7	682	57¼	56½	56½	— ⅛
69	49⅝	StOInd 3	4.5	8	865	67½	66⅞	66⅞	— ¼
69¼	32½	StOilOh 1.20	1.8	12	456	67⅝	67	67⅛	— ⅛
12⅝	7⅛	StPacCp .60	5.3	4	17	11½	11⅛	11⅛	
19¼	12⅛	Standex .75	4.3	7	6	17¼	16⅞	17⅛	
34⅝	22¼	StanW 1.24	3.7	9	228	34½	33¼	33¾	— ⅛
32¼	22⅛	Starret 1.48	4.8	6	9	31	31	31	+ ¼
6⅛	3½	StMutInv		12	10	5½	5⅛	5½	
11½	9⅛	StaMSe 1.05	10.		51	10⅝	10¼	10⅝	+ ⅛
24⅝	19	StaulCh s1.10	4.7	8	415	23⅝	23⅛	23⅝	+ ⅛
4⅝	3⅛	Sleego .12b	3.1	8	20	4	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛
17⅛	8⅝	Sterchl .68	6.5	5	6	10½	10⅝	10½	+ ⅛
9½	6⅛	SterlBcp .66	7.5	6	43	9	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
21⅛	14	SterlDg .84	4.8	11	438	17½	17¼	17⅝	
25⅝	12⅝	Sterndnt .60	2.6	10	18	23⅝	23½	23½	— ⅛
18¼	13⅛	StevenJ 1.20b	7.9	5	28	15½	14⅞	15¼	+ ⅛
39⅛	26½	StewWa s1.88	4.7	9	402	u41⅛	39⅝	39⅝	+ ½
37⅛	23	StokVC 1.48	5.0	8	31	29⅝	29½	29⅝	
12⅛	10⅝	StokVC pf 1	9.1		z400	11	11	11	— ½
50⅝	37⅛	StoneW 2.75r	5.9	9	74	47¼	47	47	— ¼
29⅞	10½	StonCon .60	2.6	10	45	22¾	22¼	22½	
20⅝	14⅝	StopShp 1.20	6.5	5	14	18⅞	18⅝	18½	— ⅛
23½	14⅝	StorTec s		13	534	17⅝	17½	17⅝	
47⅞	26	StorerB 1.30	2.8	11	26	47⅛	46⅞	47⅛	+ ⅛
16⅞	12½	StridRit 1.08	6.9	7	8	15⅞	15⅝	15⅞	— ⅛
51⅝	23½	StuWor 1.25	2.4	11	12	51¼	51¼	51¼	— ¼
4⅞	2⅝	SuavSho .20	5.0	9	48	4	3⅞	4	
36⅛	16½	SubPrG 1.44	4.4	8	64	33	32⅝	32½	— ½
34⅝	22	SunChm .60	1.7	6	76	u36¼	35	36¼	+ 1⅛
28⅝	19½	SunEl .60	2.6	13	73	23½	23⅛	23¼	— ⅛
70⅝	36⅛	SunCo 3	4.6	7	184	65⅛	65⅝	65⅝	— ⅛
73	37½	SunC pf 2.25	3.3		7	68¼	67⅝	67⅝	— ⅛
25	16⅝	Sunbm 1.50	6.7	7	848	22⅛	21½	22¼	+ 1
34	19	Sundstr 1.20	3.8	9	523	32¼	32	32	— ⅛
81	50	Sunds pf3.50	4.5		7	77	76½	77	— ¼
17½	9	SunsM .40	2.4	10	229	16⅝	16⅛	16⅝	+ ⅛
22⅝	15⅝	SuprVal .66	3.0	10	29	22⅛	21⅝	22	+ ⅛
511	269½	SuprOil 2.80	.6	31	48	499	495	497	
19¼	10⅝	SupmkG .48	2.5	6	325	u19½	19¼	19½	+ ⅛
12⅛	4⅛	Supscp			23	4⅞	4¾	4¾	— ⅛
12¼	7¾	SutroM .97e	9.7	9	163	11¼	9⅞	10	— 1⅛
27¾	19¼	Swank 1.40a	6.2	6	68	22⅝	22	22½	— ⅜
24¼	14½	Sybron 1.08	6.0	10	152	18⅛	17⅞	18⅛	— ⅛
		— T—T—T —							
17¼	11¼	TRE s .84	5.7	7	67	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
41⅞	33⅛	TRW 2	5.2	7	993	38⅝	38½	38⅝	+ ⅛
92	73½	TRW pf 4.40	5.2		22	84½	84¼	84¼	+ ⅛
79	63⅝	TRW pr4.50	6.3		1	72	72	72	
31½	17⅝	TaftBrd .76	2.5	10	126	30⅝	29⅞	30⅝	+ ⅜
7¼	1⅛	Talcott			47	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	
15⅝	9⅞	Talley 1	9.8	8	29	10⅝	10½	10¼	+ ⅛
15⅝	10½	Talley pf 1	9.4		6	10⅝	10½	10⅝	
19¼	16½	TampE 1.44	8.2	8	121	17⅝	17½	17⅝	+ ⅛
34¼	17⅞	Tandy		8	379	27¼	26⅝	27	
6⅞	3⅝	Tandycft n		4	645	6⅛	5½	5⅞	+ ⅛
13⅝	7¼	Toppan .40	3.3	18	76	12½	12	12½	— ⅛
16¾	9	Tchncolr .72	5.0	5	45	14½	14	14½	+ ½
18⅛	7⅞	Technicn		14	96	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞	
59½	39	Tektrnx .64	1.1	14	34	59	58⅛	58⅞	+ ⅜
11¼	4⅝	Telecor 6.60c		3	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
154½	83⅛	Teledn 9.92t	6.8	7	151	147	145¼	146¼	+ ½
21⅛	8¼	Telprmt		18	329	17⅝	17	17½	+ ⅛
9¼	3⅞	Telex		15	736	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞	— ⅛
39½	29	Tennco 2.20	5.7	8	536	38⅞	38½	38⅝	— ⅛
145	108½	Tennc pf5.50	3.9		5	143½	142½	142½	— 1
30½	14½	Teradyn		13	39	24⅝	24¼	24⅛	— ⅛
19⅝	6⅞	Tesoro		7	746	16¼	15⅝	16	+ ⅜
33⅝	19⅛	Tesor pf2.16	7.4		80	29	28⅛	29	+ ⅞
29⅝	22½	Texaco 2.16	7.5	6	1583	29⅛	28⅝	28⅞	— ⅛
45⅛	35½	TexCm 1.40	3.2	8	40	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	— ¼
57¼	32	TexEst 2.70	4.8	9	69	55⅝	55⅛	55⅝	+ ⅛
27¼	24⅛	TxET pf2.40	9.6		6	25	24⅞	25	
30	26¼	TxET pf2.87	10.		7	28½	27⅛	28½	+ ⅛

(Continued on Page 14)

International Stock Indexes

September 13, 1979

Close	Prev	High	Low
91.70	92.00	94.30	88.26
133.79	134.14	134.56	107.79
145.99	146.69	157.63	136.58
476.40	472.10	508.80	446.18
N.A.	273.65	307.45	237.06
87.77	87.85	89.68	53.45
133.27	131.87	133.27	78.18
669.05	663.58	669.05	545.72
455.30	454.99	462.97	435.12
6,447.87	6,451.72	6,452.56	5,925.87
336.60	337.30	343.38	308.48

…Ind.; 2. "Commission de la … 3. Hardy-Siemon Ind.; 4. Financ…ues; 5. Banca Comerciale Itali…rali Ind.; 7. "All ordinaries" Ind.; … stock Ind.; 9. Nikkei Dow-Jones … Bank Corp. Ind.

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Midday Indicated Prices, September 13, 1979

Dollar Bonds

Bond	Bid	Ask	Bond	Bid	Ask	Bond	Bid	Ask
Alcoa 10-89	96	97	Kennecott 9½-86	91¼	92¼	Borden 5-92	85	87
Argentina 9½-84	94½	95½	Kidde W. 8½-85	90¼	91¼	BroadHale 4¾-87	70	72
Ashland 7½-82	94	95	Kockums 8-83	92¾	93¾	Carnation 4-88	70	72
Australia 8¾-91	90½	91½	Manitoba 8¾-83	95¼	96¼	CIBA G. 4-94	94¼	95¼
Australia 8¼-92	85¼	86¼	Manitoba 9½-89	94	95	Coke Bott. 6¾-93	85	87
Avco 10¼-87	90½	91½	Michelin 10-94	95	96	Cr Suisse 4½-91	128½	130½
B Tokyo 7¾-84	88¾	89¾	Midld Intl 8¾-86	92¾	93¾	Cr Suisse 4½-93	106¾	107¾
Barclays 8½-92	87¾	88¾	NatWest 9-86 (Jly)	94½	95½	CummInt 6¼-86	82½	84½
BC Hyd. 7¾-85	89	90	NBrunswick 9-83	96	97	DartInd 4¾-87	75½	77½
Bell Can 7¾-87	86½	87½	NBrunswick 9¾-94	93¾	94¾	EastKodak 4½-88	77½	79½
Beneficial 9¾-87	95½	96½	Newfoundld 10-94	96¼	97¼	Ford 6-86	84	86
BFCE 8¾-83	95	96	NZealand 8½-83	94¾	95¾	Ford 5-88	74½	76½
Cansoc 7¾-89	96	97	Norskhyd 8½-92	87¼	88¼	Galveston 8¾-94	109	110
Carter H.H. 9¾-86	94	95	Norway 9½-84	96¼	97¼	GenElec 4¼-87	77½	79½
Con NatTR 8¾-86	89¾	90¾	NScotia 9¾-89	94½	95½	GenFoods 4½-82	89½	91½
Charbonas 8¾-81	95¾	96¾	Occidental 10¼-84	96¼	97¼	Gillette 4¾-87	69½	71½
CNT 9½-86	95¾	96¾	Ontario Hyd 8-87	88	89	GulfWestn 5-88	87	89
Comalco 10¼-91	97	98	Penney JC 8¾-83	93½	94½	Honda 5½-89	102½	103½
Coos Food 7½-91	84¾	85¾	Pennwalt 9¾-84	96½	97½	Honneywell 6-86	82½	84½
Continental 9¾-88	95¾	96¾	Pepsico 9¾-84	97	98	ICI 6¾-97	97¼	98¼
Dome Pet. 10-94	93½	94½	Portland 10-84	96	97	INA 6-97	95	97
Dominion 10½-84	96¼	97¼	Queb. Hyd. 10-99	92½	93½	ISE 6¼-89	86	88
Dow Chem. 9¾-84	95½	96½	Queb. Pro. 9-95	88¾	89¾	ITT 4¾-87	72	74
DSM 8¾-88	90½	91½	Saabscania 8½-89	87½	88½	Lear 8-89	103	104
E E C 8¾-82	94	95	Shell 8-86	90¾	91¾	MorganJP 4¾-87	96	98
E E C 7¾-84	90½	91½	Shell 7½-87	89½	90½	Nabisco 5¾-88	95	97
E C S 9-93	91½	92½	Stind 8¾-88	93	94	Owensill 4½-87	108	110
E C S 8¾-97	86¼	87¼	StatOil 9¾-89	94¾	95¾	Penney JC 4½-87	72	74
EdF 9¾-86	96¼	97¼	Sweden 9¾-84	97¾	98¾	RCA 5-88	77	79
E I B 8-84	91¼	92¼	Transocean 8-86	93	94	Revlon 4¾-87	123½	125½
E I B 8¾-93	88	89	Unilever 9¼-87	94½	95½	Sperry 4¼-88	97	99
Esso 8-86 (Nov.)	95¾	96¾	UnOil 7½-87	92¾	93¾	Squibb 4¾-87	79	81
Eurofima 8½-83	94¼	95¼	UnBisc 9-87	90½	91½	Texaco 4½-88	76½	78½
E D C 9¾-84	97½	98½	Utah 8-87	90	91	Textron 7½-93	85½	87½
Finland 9½-86	95	96	Vwagen 7¾-87	86½	87½	Tyco 8½-88	108½	110½
Genstar 10-89	94½	95½	Warner L. 9-84	94¾	95¾	UBS 5-89	108	109
GMAC 9¾-86	95	96	**Convertible Bonds**			UoCarb 4¾-82	90½	92½
Gotaverken 8¾-87	88¾	89¾	Amexco 4¼-87	74	76	WarnLamb 4½-87	74	76
Gould 9¾-85	96½	97½	Baker 5½-97	135½	137½	WarnLamb 4¼-88	69	71
GTE 9¾-89	92¾	93¾	BBC 4¼-93	99¼	100¼	Xerox 5-88	74	76
GulfWest 9¾-84	90	91	Beatrice 6¾-91	101¼	103½			
Home Oil 9½-86	94¾	95¾	Beatrice 4½-92	82½	84½			
Hudson Bay 10-94	95¾	96¾	Beecham 6¾-92	106	107½			
ISE Cnda 9-82	93½	94½	Boots 6¾-93	105½	106½			
I T T 9½-89	92¾	93¾	Borden 6¾-91	93½	95½			

Bondtrade—Index

Basis Dec. 31, 1966 = 100

	Med.	Long.
Thursday	93.725	86.379
Previous	93.752	86.352

European Markets

Yesterday's closing prices (in local currencies)

Amsterdam

29.40, 98.00, 334.00, 71.60, 47.80, 25.80, 82.80, 54.70, 31.20, 103.80, 116.30, 52.50, 23.60, 178.50, 143.00, 118.60, 149.80, 129.80, 211.50, 46.50 …

Milan

Bastogi	884.50
ERBA	2,570.00
ErcMarelli	378.00
Fiat	2,610.00
Finsider	133.00
Generali	32,200.00
IFI	2,240.00
Italcas	795.00
Italsider	344.75
LaRinas	114.75
Montedis	202.50
Olivetti	1,570.00
Pirelli	2,085.00
SniaVisco	804.00

London

Gl Un St	4.04
Guinness	1.86
Hawker-Sidd	1.90
Hudson Bay	$ 21¾
Imp.Chem.Ind.	3.60
Imps	0.95½
Marks & Spen.	1.06
Metal Box	2.80
Nichols	8.58
Plessey	1.31
Rand Mines	8.55
Rank Org.	2.22
Royal Dutch	0.33½
R.T.Z.	3.11
Shell	3.34
Thorn (A)	4.55
Tube Invest.	3.10
Union Carb.	$ 8.15
Vickers	1.59
War L3½	0.33½
West Deep	$ 18⅝
West Drief	$51.00
West Hold	$ 38½
West Min.	1.75
Woolworth	0.76½
ZCI	0.31

Brussels (…ls): 2,550, 1,740, 497, 6,570, 2,590, 2,450, 5,170, 1,154, 1,765, 2,440, 768 …

Frankfurt (…urt): 46.80, 138.50, 132.90, 207.50, 53.30, 261.90, 143.00, 270.10, 220.00, 131.00, 45.00, 267.00, 203.00, 211.00, 89.90, 153.00, 256.50, 147.50, 196.30, 246.00, 267.00, 94.50, 177.50, 182.30, 209.30 …

Paris

Air Liquide	488.50
BSN	776.00
Carrefour	1,760.00
Cim Lafarge	273.30
Cie Bancaire	455.00
CFP	242.00
CGE	360.00
CCF	164.50
Elf-Aquitaine	1,070.00
Ferodo	365.00
Gen Occident	282.00
Imetal	64.90
L Oreal	715.00
Moch Bull	62.00
Michelin	902.00
Moet Henn	558.00
Moulinex	95.20
Paribas	231.70
PUK	95.20
Penarroya	56.00
Perrier	328.00
Peugeot	281.00
Rh Poulenc	133.50
Sacilor	33.50
St Gobain	135.00
Suez	289.00
Telemecan	782.00
Thomson	241.10
Usinor	15.53

Tokyo (…o): 1,485, 0.85, 4.21, 1.47, 1.22, 1.98, 1.74, 2.99, 0.49½, 11.88, 1.64, 1.42, 0.62, 2.42, 0.90, 4.01, 3.00, 2.37, 0.35, 0.95, 0.37½, 3.95, 2.69, 4.59 …

Zurich

Alusuisse	1,285
Buehrle	2,580
B Boveri	1,890
Cib Geigy	1,220
Cr Suisse	2,275
Fisher	695
HoffRochN	7,425
Nestle	3,505
Sandoz	4,300
Ste B. Suisse	382
Sulzer	2,810
U.B. Suisse	3,280

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

ADVERTISEMENT

September 12, 1979

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed with the exception of some Swiss funds whose quotes are based on issue prices. The following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied for the IHT: (d)—daily; (w)—weekly; (m)—monthly; (r)—regularly; (i)—irregularly.

Fund	Price
BANK JULIUS BAER & Co Ltd:	
—(d) Baerbond	SF 708.40
—(d) Conbar	SF 655.00
—(d) Grobar	SF 631.00
—(d) Stockbar	SF 741.00
BANQUE VON ERNST & CIE:	
—(d) CSF Fund	SF 16.45
—(d) Crossbow Fund	SF 3.85
—(d) ITF Fund N.V.	$ 9.81
BRITANNIA TRUST MNGT.(CI) Ltd.:	
—(w) Universal Dollar Trust	$4.59
—(w) High Interest Sterling	£0.93*
CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL:	
—(w) Capital Int'l Fund	$ 20.26
—(w) Capital Italia S.A.	$ 12.85
—(w) Convertible Capital S.A.	$ 29.78
CREDIT SUISSE:	
—(d) Actions Suisses	SF 306.75
—(d) Canasec	SF 476.00
—(d) C.S. Fonds-Bonds	SF 62.75
—(d) C.S. Fonds-Int'l	SF 61.50
—(d) Energie-Valor	SF 84.50
—(d) Ussec	SF 456.00
—(d) Europa-Valor	SF 113.50
DIT INVESTMENT FRANKFURT:	
—(d) Concentra	DM 20.26
—(d) Int'l Rentenfond	DM 66.40
EARNEX Fd. Box N 1965, Nassau, Bahamas:	
—(d) Earnex Fd.	$ 4.87
FIDELITY PO Box 670, Hamilton, Bermuda:	
—(w) Fidelity Amer. Assets	$ 29.47
—(d) Fidelity Dir. Svgs. Tr.	$45.33
—(w) Fidelity Int'l Fund	$ 25.22
—(w) Fidelity Pacific Fund	$ 55.96
—(w) Fidelity World Fd	$ 16.43
FIDELITY POB 195, St Helier, Jersey C.I.:	
—(w) Fidelity Sterling A	£ 2.93
—(w) Fidelity Sterling B	£ 8.35
—(w) Fidelity Sterling D	£ 17.86
G.T. MANAGEMENT LTD.:	
—(w) Berry Pac. Fd. Ltd.	$ 47.06
—(w) G.T. Asia Fund	HK$ 10.40
—(d) G.T. Bond Fund	$ 10.71
—(w) G.T. Dollar Fund	$ 6.06
—(d) G.T. Technology Fund	$ 18.59
JARDINE FLEMING:	
—(r) Jardine Japan Fund	$ 74.23
—(r) Jardine S.East Asia	$ 18.55
LLOYDS BANK INT. POB 438 GENEVA 11:	
—(w) Lloyds Int'l Growth	SF 389.50
—(w) Lloyds Int'l Income	SF 306.00
ROTSCHILD ASSET MGMT (Bermuda):	
—(w) Reserve Assets Fd Ltd	$10.12
SOFID GROUPE GENEVA	
—(r) Parfon Sw. R Est	SF 1,337.00
—(r) Securswiss	SF 1,814.00
SWISS BANK CORP:	
—(d) America-Valor	SF 338.50
—(d) Intervalor	SF 59.50
—(d) Japan Portfolio	SF 382.50
—(d) Swissvalor New Ser	SF 242.50
—(d) Univ. Bond Select	SF 67.00
—(d) Universal Fund	SF 72.43
UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND:	
—(d) Amca U.S. Sh.	SF 22.00
—(d) Bond-Invest	SF 59.00
—(d) Convert-Invest	SF 63.25
—(d) Eurit Europe Sh.	SF 133.50
—(d) Fonsa Swiss Sh.	SF 100.00
—(d) Globinvest	SF 53.75
—(d) Pacific-Invest	SF 48.25
—(d) Rometuro-Invest	SF 312.00
—(d) Safit South Afr Sh.	SF 553.50
—(d) Sima Swiss R Est	SF 232.50
UNION INVESTMENT Frankfurt	
—(d) Unirenta	DM 38.38
—(d) Unifonds	DM 17.81
—(d) Unirak	DM 48.44
—(d) Unisicher	DM 63.12
—(d) Unispecial I	DM 61.18
—(d) Europafonds	DM 26.94

Other Funds

Fund	Price
(w) Alexander Fund	$8.75
(r) Arab Finance I.F.	$1,003.86*
(w) Trustcor Int. Fd (AEIF)	$7.61
(w) Austrol. Select Fd.	$1.48
(w) Bondselex - Issue Pr.	SF 122.90
(w) CAMIT	$10.16
(w) Capital Gains Inv.	$14.27
(d) Capital Rentinvest	LF 1,426.00
(d) Caribico Open-End Fund	$248.99
(w) Citadel Fund	$2.59
(w) Cleveland Offshore Fd.	$1,037.21
(w) Convert. Fd Int. A Certs	$7.20
(w) Convert Fd Int. B Certs	$14.49
(d) Convertible Japan	$8.84
(w) D.G.C.	$45.49*
(d) Dollar Fund (ex-Divid.)	$0.15
(d) Dreyfus Fund Int'l	$18.48
(w) Dreyfus Intercontinent	$28.07
(d) Europe Obligations	LF 1,149.00
(w) First Eagle Fund	$5,217.60
(w) F.I.R.S.T.	$231.28
(w) Fonselex Issue Pr	SF 1,502.00
(w) Formula Selection Fd	SF 59.55
(d) Fonditalia	$14.54
(d) Frankf.-Trust Interzins	DM 40.91
(d) Fund of N.Y. (ex-divid.)	$0.31
(d) Global Int'l Fund	DM 6.28
(w) Hausmann Hldgs. NV	$353.22
(i) H.O.I.T. Hobel	$31.74
(d) Indosuez Multibonds A	$118.00
(d) Indosuez Multibonds B	$130.85
(d) Interfund S.A.	$11.23
(w) Intermarket Fund	$178.64
(w) Int'l Inc Fund (Jersey)	$24.15
(r) Int'l Securities Fund	$7.53
(d) Investa DWS	DM 37.30
(r) Invest Atlantiques	$58.53
(d) Italamerica S.A. Fund	$11.86
(r) Italfortune Int'l Fd S.A.	$9.64
(w) Japan Selection Fund	$69.72
(w) Japan Pacific Fund	$40.76
(d) KB Income Fund	LF 1,547.00
(d) Kleinwort Benson Int. F	$13.35
(w) Kleinwort Bens. Jap. F.	$32.23
(w) Leverage Cap. Hold	$58.42
(w) Luxfund	$29.68
(m) Maple Leaf Growth N.V.	Can$ 10.21
(d) Medlolanum Sel. Fund	$12.49
(d) Neuwirth Int'l Fund	$8.65
(d) Neuwirth Inv. Fund	$1.75
(w) Nippon Fund	$17.87
(w) Nor. Amer. Inv. Fund	$5.44
(w) Nor. Amer. Bank Fd	$5.27
(w) N.A.M.F.	$76.49
(d) Putnam Intern'l Fund	$31.78
(d) Rento Fund	$40.83
(d) Rentinvest	LF 852.00
(d) Sofe Fund	$4.30
(d) Safe Trust Fund	$9.70
(w) Samurai Portfolio	SF 61.55
(w) Sepro (N.A.V.)	$15.92
(w) SMH Special Fund	DM 94.78
(w) Soros Fund	$816.88
(w) Talent Global Fund	$73.40
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold (Sea)	$47.85
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold N.V.	$65.67
(w) Transpacific Fund	$32.91
(d) UNICO Fund	DM 51.34
(r) Unilife Assurance O'seas	$0.98
(w) United Cap Inv. Fund	$3.39
(m) Utd Int'l Bond Fd.	$104.76
(d) U.S. Trust Invest Fd.	$12.10
(w) Western Growth Fund	$8.23
(d) World Equity Grth. Fd	$484.56
(m) Worldwide Fund Ltd	$13.23
(w) Worldwide Securities	$78.23
(w) Worldwide Special	$1,651.175/S

DM — Deutsche Mark; * — Ex-Dividend; ** — New; N.A. — Not Available; BF — Belgium Francs; LF — Luxembourg Francs; SF — Swiss Francs; + — Offer prices; a — Asked; b — Bid Change P/V $10 to $1 per unit. S/S — Stock Split; ** — Ex RTS; "S" — Suspended; N.C. — Not communicated; • — • - Redempt price - Ex-Coupon.

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…I OPTICAL CO., LTD.
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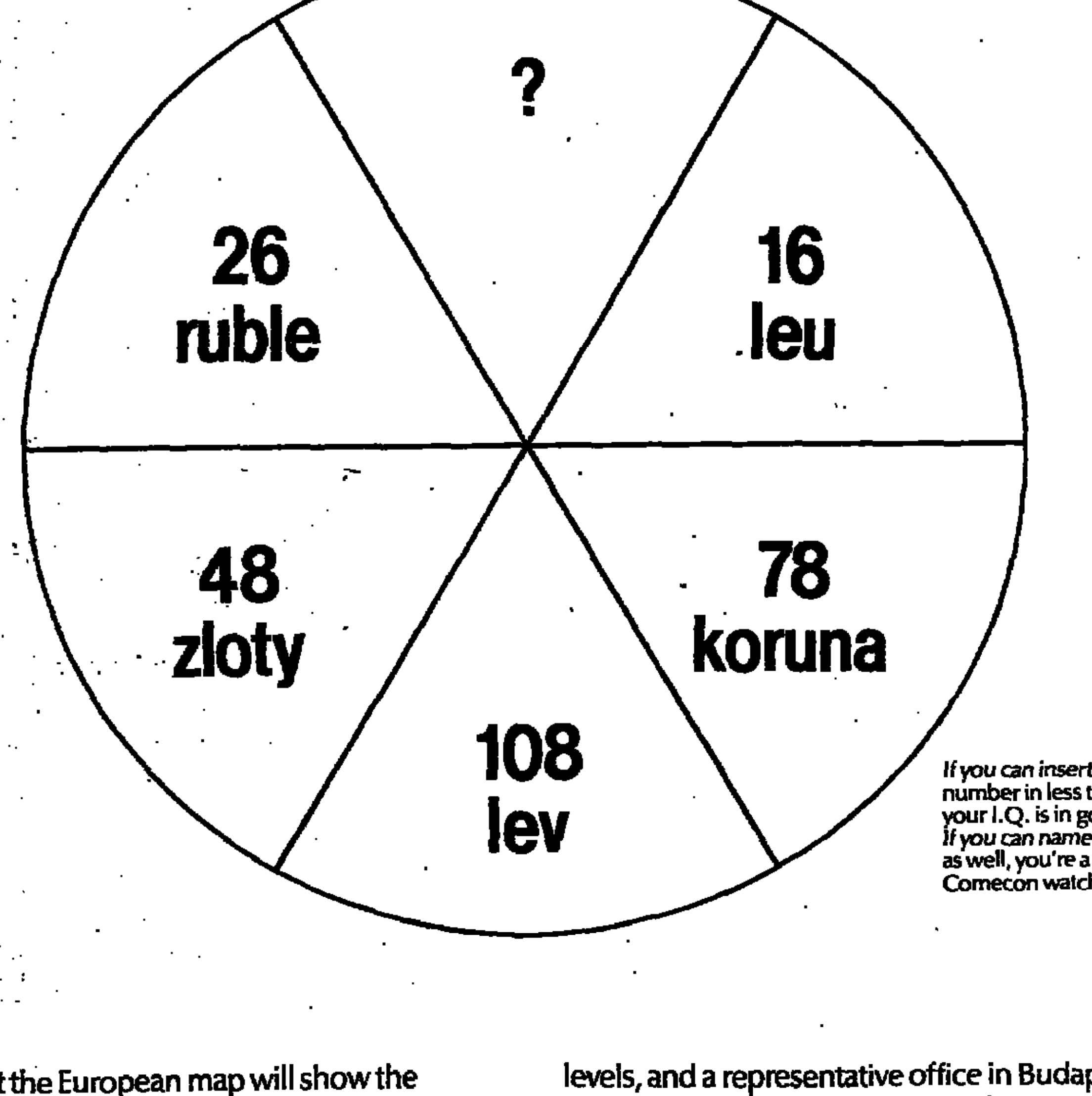
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…September 6th, 1979.

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NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Sept. 13

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

(Continued from Page 13)

12 Month High	Low	Stock Div. in $	Yld.	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
[illegible]	24½	TexGT 2.92	6.1	8	39	48¼	48	48⅛	+ ⅛
[illegible]	15	Texind .50	2.3	5	16	21½	21½	21⅝	
100	75½	TexInst 2	2.1	14	332	96¾	96	96⅛	+ ¼
15¼	5⅞	TexInt			2399	u15⅜	14	14¾	— ⅜
49	25⅞	TexOGs .44	.9	12	107	47½	47	47½	+ ⅛
63	44	TxPcLd .45e	.7	28	6	61⅞	61⅞	61⅞	— ⅛
21⅛	18	TexUtil 1.64	8.7	7	298	18⅞	18¾	18¾	
31⅞	15	Texscil 1.20	4.0	13	327	30⅞	29¾	30⅛	—
51	35¼	Texsil pf 3	5.0		141	u50½	49¾	49¾	+ ½
[illegible]	[illegible]	Textl ind		3	53	5½	5	5½	+ ⅛
[illegible]	[illegible]	Textron 1.80	6.3	9	203	28⅝	28⅜	28⅝	
[illegible]	27	Textr pf2.08	6.7		4	31⅛	30⅞	31⅛	+ ⅛
[illegible]	27	Thiokol 1.55	3.6	8	46	43¼	42¾	43¼	+1
[illegible]	39⅛	ThmBet 1.52	3.4	12	17	45	44¼	44¾	— ½
[illegible]	8	Thomin .52b	4.7	5	62	11⅛	10⅞	11⅛	+ ⅛
[illegible]	20	ThmJW 1.80	6.8	6	131	26½	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅛
[illegible]	[illegible]	Thrifty .60	4.3	10	106	14¼	14	14	— ⅛
[illegible]	19½	Tidwetr .90	3.4	10	347	27	26⅞	26½	— ½
[illegible]	17	Tigerint .80	3.2	6	128	25⅛	24⅜	25⅛	+ ½
[illegible]	35½	Timelm 1.56	3.6	6	390	44⅞	43⅞	44⅛	+ ⅜
[illegible]	26	TimI pfB1.57	4.9		180	32¼	32	32	
[illegible]	26½	TimesM 1.20	3.6	8	86	33⅝	33⅛	33½	+ ⅛
[illegible]	45	Timkn 3	4.9	6	12	61	60⅞	60⅞	+ ⅛
[illegible]	4¼	TobinP			1	5¼	5¼	5¼	+ ¼
[illegible]	19½	ToddSh		5	54	28⅝	27⅜	28⅜	+1⅛
[illegible]	12¼	Tokheim .60	3.4	8	56	17¾	17½	17¾	+ ⅛
[illegible]	19	TolEdis 2.20	11.	7	43	20⅜	20¼	20¼	— ⅛
[illegible]	20¼	TolEd pf2.36	11.		3	21¼	21¼	21¼	— ¼
[illegible]	19¼	TolEd pf2.21	11.		3	20½	20½	20¼	+ ⅛
[illegible]	7½	TonkaCp			58	13⅛	12⅝	13	+ ⅛
[illegible]	5	ToolRol .40b	3.8	7	3	10⅝	10½	10⅝	
[illegible]	17⅛	TeroCe .88	3.6	9	72	24¾	24¼	24⅝	+ ⅜
[illegible]	18⅞	ToyRUs n	—	11	264	24⅞	24⅛	24⅝	+ ⅛
[illegible]	15½	Tracor s.40	1.8	9	66	22⅝	21⅞	22⅛	+ ½
[illegible]	17½	Trane s .92	4.4	8	49	21¼	21	21	—1
[illegible]	27½	TranUn 2.??	6.6	7	195	35¾	35½	35⅝	— ⅛
[illegible]	13⅛	TWCorp		5	7728	25⅝	21⅜	24⅜	+3⅜
[illegible]	17½	TWC pf 2	10.		22	19¼	18⅞	19⅛	+ ½
[illegible]	13⅝	TWC pf1.90	12.		43	16	15⅝	15⅝	
[illegible]	27½	TWC pf 2.66	8.8		468	u30½	28½	30¼	+1⅞
[illegible]	11	Transm 1	5.3	6	385	19⅛	18¾	19	+ ⅛
[illegible]	15	Traninc 2.04	10.		18	20⅛	19⅞	20	—1⅛
[illegible]	16⅝	Transco 1.24	3.7	14	255	33¾	33⅛	33⅜	+ ⅝
[illegible]	7	Transcn .60	5.5	9	7	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛
[illegible]	68	TrGP pf5.65	9.5		z560	70	68	70	
[illegible]	88	TrGP pf8.64	9.6		z60	90⅛	90¼	90⅛	— ⅜
[illegible]	23	TrGP pf2.50	10.		2	24¾	24¾	24¾	— ⅛
[illegible]	12	TrnsOh .40b	2.8	4	29	14⅛	14⅛	14½	+ ⅛
[illegible]	20	Tranwy 1.80	7.3	5	38	24⅝	24½	24½	
[illegible]	20½	Travlrs 2.08	5.5	4	557	37⅞	37½	37¾	+ ⅛
[illegible]	22	Travelr pf2	4.8		6	41¾	41	41⅛	+ ⅛
[illegible]	16	TriCon 2.03e	11.		71	19	18⅞	19	+ ⅛
[illegible]	2	TriSoM		5	4	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
[illegible]	7	Triaind .30r	3.1	7	7	9⅝	9½	9⅝	
[illegible]	14	TriaPc .84	3.6	8	7	23⅛	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
[illegible]	6	Trico .18	1.7	11	20	10⅛	10⅞	10⅛	+ ⅛
[illegible]	15½	Trinity 1	2.8	12	274	35⅞	34¾	35⅜	+1
[illegible]	14	TucsEP 1.42	9.0	7	42	15¾	15⅝	15¾	
[illegible]	24	TCFox 1.40a	3.2	7	53	44	43¼	43⅝	+ ⅜
[illegible]	17	TwinDs 1	5.0	5	1	20	20	20	— ⅛
[illegible]	14½	TycoLab 1	4.3	4	150	23	22⅝	23	— ⅛
[illegible]	13	TylerCp .45	2.9	7	75	16	15⅛	15⅝	— ⅛
[illegible]	27½	Tymshr		16	123	43¼	42⅞	43	+ ⅜
		— U—U—U —							
[illegible]	20½	UAL 1	3.8	4	1098	26½	25⅝	26⅛	+ ⅛
[illegible]	[illegible]	UGI 1.64	6.3	8	31	26	25⅝	26	+ ¼
[illegible]	12	UMC 1.20	8.1	5	19	14¾	14¾	14¾	— ⅛
[illegible]	12	UNCRes .50	1.9	7	237	27⅝	26½	26⅞	— ⅜
[illegible]	17	UVInd .13c		7	90	28⅝	27⅞	28	— ⅛
[illegible]	11	Unarco .93	6.7	5	2	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
[illegible]	40	UnilLt 4.17e	9.5	7	1	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	—1⅛
[illegible]	57	UniNV 4.27e	6.5	6	80	65	64⅞	65	— ¼
[illegible]	43	UCamp 2.40	5.1	8	317	46¾	45¾	46¾	+1
[illegible]	33	UnCarb 3	7.0	6	496	43⅛	42⅝	43⅛	+ ¼
[illegible]	11	UnCamr .20	1.5		48	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
[illegible]	5	UnionCp .24t	3.7	6	82	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
[illegible]	12	UnElec 1.44	11.	7	159	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
[illegible]	31	UnEl pf3.50	11.		z40	32¼	32¼	32¼	— ¼
[illegible]	59	UnEl pf6.40	10.		z10	62	62	62	—2
[illegible]	20	UnEl pf2.13	10.		26	21⅛	21	21⅛	+ ⅛
[illegible]	25	UnEl pf2.72	10.		25	26⅛	26	26	— ⅛
[illegible]	72	UnEl pfH 8	11.		2	75⅛	75	75⅛	— ⅛
[illegible]	33	UOilCl s1.30	2.9	9	900	u45½	44⅝	45⅛	+ ⅛
[illegible]	50⅞	UPacC 2.30	3.2	10	227	72	71½	71⅞	+ ½
[illegible]	4⅛	Uniroyal			358	5½	5¼	5¼	
[illegible]	47	Unirvl pf 8	16.		z750	49¾	49	49⅛	— ⅜
[illegible]	7⅛	UnBrnd .20a	1.9	6	30	10⅛	10¼	10⅛	— ⅛
[illegible]	10	UBrd pf1.20	9.5		19	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	
[illegible]	27	UEnRs 2.48	5.0	7	70	49⅞	49⅛	49⅛	+ ⅛
[illegible]	23	UFinCl s.90	2.9	8	147	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	+ ⅛
[illegible]	13	UnGrw .16	.6	9	76	28⅝	28⅜	28⅜	— ¼
[illegible]	[illegible]	UIllum 2.56	11.	6	12	24	23¾	23¾	

12 Month High	Low	Stock Div. in $	Yld.	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
20¾	12½	UnitInd .90	4.8	6	1	18¾	18¾	18¾	— ⅛
19⅛	8¾	UnitInn .22	1.3	7	126	17⅜	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅜
13⅞	11	UJerBk 1.04	8.2	5	48	12¾	12½	12¾	+ ½
2¾	1⅛	UnPkMn			62	2½	2⅜	2½	
23⅞	22½	UnRelg s		5	7	22⅞	d22⅜	22⅝	— ⅛
20½	14⅛	USFoS 1.58e	8.1		11	20	19½	19½	
41½	29	USFid 2.40	6.2	5	52	39¼	38⅝	39	— ¼
35⅛	23¾	USGyps 2.40	6.6	5	270	u36¼	35⅝	36⅛	+ ⅜
32	22½	USGy pf1.80	5.6		13	u32¼	32¼	32¼	+ ½
16⅛	6⅛	USHom .52	3.3	5	251	15⅞	15⅝	15¾	— ⅛
10½	6⅛	USInd .64	6.7	5	178	9⅝	9½	9½	— ⅛
20	12⅛	USLeasg .52	3.2	6	4	16½	16½	16½	
9⅛	6⅛	US Rlty			31	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
30⅛	18¼	USShoe 1.48	7.1	5	94	20⅞	20⅝	20⅞	— ⅛
28⅞	21⅛	USSteel 1.60	7.3	5	824	22	21¾	21⅞	— ¼
37	30½	USTobc 1.84	5.3	10	1	35	35	35	— ⅛
49⅞	35¼	UnTech 2.20	5.3	7	1333	41⅛	40¾	41⅛	+ ⅜
130	100	UTch pf7.32	6.5		2	112	111½	112	+2¼
66¾	49¼	UTch pf3.87	7.0		29	55½	54¾	55	
27⅛	26½	UTch pf2.55	9.5		234	26¾	26⅝	26⅝	+ ⅛
21¼	17⅛	UniTel 1.52	7.3	7	321	20⅞	20¾	20¾	— ⅛
26¼	22	UnT 2pf1.50	5.8		4	26	25⅞	26	+ ⅛
29½	12	Unitrod .50	1.8	11	122	27¾	26⅞	27¼	+ ¾
19¾	6⅛	Univar .56	5.7	6	17	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
22	14½	UnivFd .96	6.2	7	26	15⅜	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
24½	15⅞	UnLeaf 1.20	5.2	8	27	23	22¾	22⅞	+ ⅛
55⅛	40	Upjohn 1.52	3.3	10	416	46½	45⅝	46⅛	+ ⅜
28	17	USLIFE .66	2.6	7	291	25⅞	25⅜	25½	— ⅛
11⅛	9	UslifeFd .96a	9.5		6	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
19⅞	17	UtaPL 1.76	9.7	9	209	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
30⅞	27¼	UtPL pf2.80	10.		6	27¾	27½	27¾	— ¼
26¼	25⅛	UtPL pf2.36	9.5		1	24⅞	d24⅞	24⅞	— ¼
		— V—V—V —							
21	16½	VF Cp 1.40	7.6	6	10	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
33½	14	VSI Cp .60	1.7	11	414	u36¼	32½	36¼	+3½
9	4⅛	Valleyin .40	5.0	18	54	8⅛	7⅞	8	— ⅛
15½	10½	VanDrn .92	6.6	5	8	14	13⅞	14	+ ⅛
25⅞	11⅛	Varian .40	1.7	28	784	24⅛	23⅛	23⅞	+ ⅛
13⅛	7½	Varo .40	4.0	9	96	10½	10	10	— ⅛
33¼	16⅛	Veeco .50	1.5	12	275	u34⅛	32⅞	34⅛	+1⅛
13⅝	11⅛	VestSe 1.36e	11.		11	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
34	18⅝	Viacom .32	1.0	15	15	32¼	32⅛	32¼	+ ⅛
14⅛	12	VaEPw 1.40	11.	7	381	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
99⅛	84¼	VaEP pf8.84	10.		z500	85¼	85¼	85¼	+1
99¼	88	VaEP pf8.60	9.8		z1150	87⅞	d87⅛	87⅝	— ⅜
104⅛	92	VaEP pf9.75	10.		z2110	94	94	94	
29½	25⅛	VaEP pf2.90	11.		3	26¼	26¼	26¼	
84¾	72⅛	VaE pfJ7.72	10.		z110	77	75½	75½	—2½
81	67	VaEP pf7.20	10.		z1000	70¼	70¼	70¼	—1⅛
29⅛	7⅛	Vornado .60	2.4	39	79	25¼	24⅝	24⅞	— ⅜
15⅛	11⅛	Vulcinc .75	5.2	5	1	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	— ⅛
37⅛	26⅛	VulcnM 1.60	5.0	7	15	32	31⅞	31⅞	+ ⅛
		— W—W—W —							
41¼	17½	WUI .80	2.1	12	60	39½	39	39	
22½	12	Wabash .50	3.0	5	27	16½	15⅝	16½	+ ⅛
21	15½	Wachov .76	3.9	7	20	19½	19⅝	19½	+ ⅛
55⅛	42½	Wach pf2.20	4.2		3	52	52	52	— ½
7⅛	3½	WachRty			93	6½	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅛
34½	19⅞	WalMrt .30	.9	14	12	32	31⅞	32	
30⅞	23½	Walgrn 1.40	4.8	6	39	29⅞	29	29⅞	+ ⅛
43⅛	29⅞	WlkrA g1.60a		9	42	u43½	43¼	43¼	+ ⅛
33⅛	21⅞	WallBus .84	3.1	8	68	27	26⅞	27	+ ½
27⅞	17⅜	WalMu 1.60	6.0	5	98	27	26⅝	26¾	+ ¼
35⅞	26⅛	WallJm 1.80	5.2	6	583	34⅞	34½	34⅞	+ ⅛
11⅞	10	WaltJ pf 1	10.		z440	10	10	10	
12¼	7⅛	WardFd		9	99	10⅞	10¼	10⅞	+ ¼
13⅛	7⅛	Warnaco .20r	1.7	5	37	11⅞	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
37	21¼	WarnS 1.80	5.0	8	112	u37½	36	36⅞	
41⅞	32⅛	WrnCom s1	2.5	8	859	40	38⅛	40	+2⅛
104	78⅛	WrnC pf1.25	1.2		2	104	104	104	+5½
30⅞	21½	WarnrL 1.32	5.7	8	580	23⅛	23	23	
27½	22⅛	WashGs 2.40	9.1	10	40	26½	26¼	26½	+ ⅛
39	22⅛	WshNat 1.40	4.3	7	65	32⅞	32	32¾	+ ⅞
23⅜	20⅛	WshWt 2.08	9.2	7	27	22⅝	22⅜	22½	
37¼	22¾	WasteM .70	2.0	13	62	35⅞	35¼	35⅝	+ ⅜
29⅛	15	WatkinJ .40	1.5	19	8	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	+ ⅛
7⅞	4⅛	WayGos .24	4.8	50	19	5	5	5	
19	15½	WayG pf1.60	10.		1	15⅝	15⅝	15¾	— ¼
9	4⅛	WeanUn .20	3.1	16	8	6⅝	6½	6½	+ ⅛
38	10⅞	WebbD .20	1.3	15	266	15⅜	14⅝	14⅞	+ ¼
27⅛	22⅛	WelsMk s.80	2.9	9	13	27¾	27½	27⅝	+ ⅜
33⅞	25⅛	WellsF 1.72	5.6	6	75	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞	— ¼
17⅞	10¼	WelFM 1.30e	7.9	9	12	16½	16⅛	16½	+ ⅛
40	31¼	WtPtPe 2.80	8.4	5	120	33⅝	33¼	33⅝	— ⅛
14	8⅛	WstctT g.80			37	13½	13	13⅛	— ⅜
13⅞	7⅛	WnAirL .40	3.8	3	662	10⅞	10⅛	10½	+ ⅜
34⅛	23⅛	WAir pf 2	7.4		57	26⅞	26	26⅞	+ ¼
35	23	WnBnc 1.64	4.9	7	286	33½	33⅛	33⅛	+ ⅛
44⅛	20⅛	WnCoNA .40	.9	16	140	44⅛	43	44	+ ½
60⅛	27⅛	WPocin 1	1.8	6	x154	55⅞	52½	55	+2⅛
24¾	14½	WUnion 1.40	7.0	11	160	19⅞	19⅝	19⅞	+ ⅛
54	42	WnUn pf4.60	9.4		3	49	48⅞	49	— ¼

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11⅞	9⅛	WUn dpf1.18	12.		27	10⅛	10	10	— ⅛
25¼	21	WUTI pf2.56	11.		32	22¾	22½	22¾	+ ⅛
23⅛	16	WestgEl .97	4.8	5	780	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
50½	41½	Wstg pf3.80	8.6		z650	44	43	44	+2
32⅞	23⅞	Wstvac 1.50	4.6	7	23	32⅞	32⅛	32⅛	
34⅞	23½	Weyerhr 1	3.1	8	381	33	32⅛	32¼	— ⅞
48⅛	34⅛	Weyr pf2.80	6.2		61	46¼	45¼	45¼	— ½
40½	26⅛	WheelF 1.20	3.5	9	35	34⅛	33⅞	34⅛	+ ⅛
43⅛	29⅛	WheelF pf2	5.2		10	38⅞	38⅛	38⅛	— ⅜
24⅞	9	WheelPit		1	29	21⅛	20⅞	21	
49½	38½	WhelPit pf5	13.		z300	39½	39⅛	39½	+ ⅛
24⅞	17½	Whirlpl 1.40	6.5	8	547	21½	21¼	21⅞	— ⅜
27⅛	16⅛	WhitC 1.40	5.4	6	169	26¼	26	26⅛	
43½	39½	WhitC pfA3	7.3		1	41	41	41	— ½
43⅛	37	WhitC pfC3	7.4		21	40⅛	40⅛	40⅛	— ⅜
15⅞	5⅛	WhiteMt		3	161	6½	6⅞	6½	+ ⅛
18½	9⅞	Whittak .50	2.9	6	223	17⅛	16⅞	17	— ¼
19½	11⅛	Wickes 1.04	6.6	5	90	16¼	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅜
13⅝	6½	Wiebldt .44	3.7	14	72	12⅛	11⅞	11⅞	— ½
24	14	Williams 1	4.4	18	812	23⅛	22⅞	22⅞	— ¼
13⅛	6	WilshrO .14	1.3	36	117	11⅛	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛
33⅛	25½	WinDx 1.68	5.6	9	17	30¼	30	30¼	+ ¼
6¼	2⅛	Winnbgo		138	118	2⅜	2⅝	2⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	9⅞	WinterJ 1	10.	12	7	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	
29½	23⅞	WisEP 2.38	9.4	7	58	25½	25¼	25⅛	— ⅛
104¼	93	WisE pf8.90	9.5		z110	94	94	94	
25⅛	19	WisGas 2.04	8.7	6	13	23½	23¼	23⅞	— ¼
21⅛	17⅛	WiscPL 1.84	9.7	8	27	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	+ ⅛
20⅛	16¼	WiscPS 1.72	9.5	6	134	18¼	18	18⅛	— ⅛
29¼	18⅞	Witco 1.40	5.0	6	245	28½	28¼	28¼	— ⅛
17½	10	WitrR .80	6.6	8	74	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛	+ ⅛
13⅞	7½	WolvrW .36	3.5	5	72	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
24⅞	12⅛	Womelc .60	2.6	9	44	23¼	22⅞	22⅞	— ⅜
36	15⅞	WoodPt .48	1.3	19	530	u36⅞	35⅞	36¼	+ ⅞
32	17⅛	Wolwth 1.60	5.5	6	328	29⅞	28⅞	29	— ½
43	26⅛	Wolw pf2.20	5.4		14	41	40⅞	40⅞	— ⅜
11⅛	5	WorldAir		5	12	6⅞	6⅛	6⅞	+ ⅛
76⅜	56⅛	Wrigly 2.40a	3.3	8	24	73⅛	71½	73⅛	+1⅛
19⅞	8⅛	Wurlitzr .48	4.4	9	73	11	10⅞	11	— ⅛
19	10⅞	Wylain .80	5.4	7	84	15	14⅛	14⅞	+ ⅛
10⅛	7½	WyleLb s.48	4.0	18	15	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
7½	3¼	Wyly		15	44	6¼	6⅛	6¼	+ ⅛
		— X—Y—Z —							
69⅛	50	Xerox 2.40	3.7	10	1143	65	64¼	64½	— ⅛
28⅜	14¼	XTRA s.52	2.2	4	77	23⅞	23¼	23½	— ⅛
17⅜	15¼	Yates s .20	1.2	5	20	16½	16	16¼	+ ⅜
34⅛	15	ZaleCp 1.08	4.8	7	8	22½	22½	22½	+ ⅛
22⅜	10¼	Zapata .30b	1.3	17	395	u22⅛	21⅛	22⅛	+ ⅜
113	61	Zapata pf 2	1.7		2	u116	116	116	+4½
16⅞	9¼	ZayreCp		5	124	14	13½	13⅞	+ ⅛
18½	12	ZenithR 1	7.8	11	242	13	12⅝	12⅞	— ⅛
19½	12½	Zurnind .80	4.3	8	61	18¾	18	18⅜	+ ⅜

Sales figures are unofficial

d—New yearly low. u—New Yearly high.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. i—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split-up. j—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last divident meeting. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. r—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

x—Ex-dividend or ex-rights. y—Ex-dividend and sales in full. z—Sales in full.

cld—Called. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. ww—With warrants. xw—Without warrants. xdis—Ex-distribution.

vi—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies.

Yearly highs and lows reflect the previous 52 weeks plus the current week, but not the latest trading day.

Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

Chicago Futures

September 13, 1979

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
WHEAT 5,000 bu.; dollars per bu.					
Sep	4.36	4.46	4.32½	4.46	+.20
Dec	4.44	4.56½	4.44	4.55½	+.18¾
Mar	4.58	4.67	4.54	4.66¼	+.19¼
May	4.52	4.66½	4.52	4.65	+.16¾
Jul	4.34½	4.47	4.34	4.45¼	+.16¼
Sep	4.44	4.51	4.42	4.51	+.17

Sales Wed. 13,576.

Total open interest Wed. 53,114, up 179 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
CORN 5,000 bu.; dollars per bu.					
Sep	2.76½	2.82	2.73½	2.81	+.06¾
Dec	2.77	2.84¼	2.77	2.83¾	+.08½
Mar	2.91	2.96½	2.89	2.96	+.07½
May	2.98	3.04¼	2.96¼	3.03	+.08¾
Jul	3.02	3.08½	3.00½	3.06½	+.08
Sep	3.01½	3.09½	3.01½	3.09½	+.07½

Sales Wed. 24,332.

Total open interest Wed. 166,662, off 2,677 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
SOYBEANS 5,000 bu.; dollars per bu.					
Sep	7.06	7.29½	7.05½	7.27½	+.28
Nov	7.12	7.35½	7.10½	7.34¾	+.29¼
Jan	7.27	7.50¾	7.26	7.50¾	+.30
Mar	7.44½	7.67¼	7.42	7.67¼	+.30
May	7.56	7.78¼	7.53	7.78¼	+.30
Jul	7.65	7.88	7.62	7.88	+.30
Aug	7.64	7.88½	7.63	7.88½	+.30
Sep	7.58	7.81½	7.56	7.81	+.28

Sales Wed. 21,449.

Total open interest Wed. 97,808, off 386 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
SOYBEAN MEAL 100 tons; dollars per ton					
Sep	187.50	198.00	186.50	198.00	+11.80
Oct	187.50	196.70	187.50	196.70	+10.00
Dec	191.70	200.40	191.30	200.40	+10.00
Jan	194.50	203.10	193.80	203.10	+10.00
Mar	198.50	205.00	197.60	204.80	+ 7.80
May	201.50	207.00	199.90	207.00	+ 7.30
Jul	204.50	210.00	203.00	210.00	+ 7.10
Aug	203.60	210.30	203.60	210.30	+ 7.10
Sep	204.00	210.00	203.70	210.00	+ 6.80
Oct	204.30	207.00	204.30	206.50	+ 4.20

Sales Wed. 6,331.

Total open interest Wed. 45,737, off 648 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
SOYBEAN OIL 60,000 lbs.; dollars per 100 lbs					
Sep	29.10	29.80	29.00	29.75	+1.03
Oct	27.80	28.30	27.70	28.38	+1.00
Dec	27.08	27.65	26.95	27.65	+1.00
Jan	26.95	27.58	26.85	27.45	+ .95
Mar	26.90	27.52	26.85	27.51	+ .99
May	26.87	27.50	26.80	27.47	+ .97
Jul	26.85	27.52	26.85	27.40	+ .88
Aug	26.75	27.40	26.75	27.30	+ .90
Sep	26.65	27.30	26.63	27.20	+ .90
Oct				27.05	+ .90

Sales Wed. 9,836.

Total open interest Wed. 58,189, up 114 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
OATS 5,000 bu.; dollars per bu.					
Sep	1.42	1.44	1.41¾	1.43¾	+.04¼
Dec	1.55	1.57	1.54	1.57	+.04½
Mar	1.67¼	1.69¾	1.66½	1.69½	+.04¾
May	1.73½	1.76½	1.73	1.76½	+.05
Jul	1.76	1.79	1.76	1.79	+.04½

Sales Wed. 421.

Total open interest Wed. 5,691, off 58 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
LIVE BEEF CATTLE 40,000 lbs.; cents per lb.					
Oct	70.60	71.67	70.60	71.50	+1.33
Dec	72.25	73.35	72.25	73.20	+1.33
Jan	72.35	73.25	72.25	73.20	+1.30
Feb	72.35	73.20	72.35	73.02	+1.07
Apr	72.40	73.30	72.25	73.07	+1.12
Jun	72.90	73.70	72.90	73.57	+ .92
Aug	71.40	72.65	71.40	72.15	+ .95
Oct	71.45	71.70	71.00	71.25	+ .90
Dec	72.00	72.00	72.00	72.00	+ .30

Est. sales: 30,081; sales Wed. 43,208.

Total open interest Wed. 59,232, off 1,211 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
FEEDER CATTLE 42,000 lbs.; cents per lb.					
Sep	85.55	86.40	85.55	86.05	+ .97
Oct	84.30	84.85	84.10	84.80	+1.15
Nov	86.00	86.25	85.30	86.05	+ .60
Jan	86.72	87.20	86.50	87.20	+ .85
Mar	87.25	87.40	87.15	87.60	+ .50
Apr	87.75	88.10	87.50	88.00	+ .50
May	87.30	87.40	87.00	87.40	+ .40
Aug	86.75	86.80	86.00	86.40	+ .05

Est. sales: 3,160; sales Wed. 4,203.

Total open interest Wed. 14,320, off 77 from Tues.

U.S. Commodity Prices

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
LIVE HOGS 30,000 cents per lb.					
Oct	40.30	40.57	39.42	39.47	— .40
Dec	41.20	41.50	40.35	40.70	— .15
Feb	43.25	43.60	42.45	42.97	+ .27
Apr	42.25	42.56	41.70	42.20	+ .43
Jun	45.00	45.70	44.50	45.78	+ .63
Jul	45.50	45.95	44.90	45.78	+ .10
Aug	43.00	43.50	43.00	43.50	+ .18
Oct	42.20	42.25	42.00	42.20	— .12
Dec	44.25	44.25	44.25	44.25	— .45

Est. sales: 6,736; sales Wed. 11,869.

Total open interest Wed. 27,892, off 834 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
PORK BELLIES 38,000 lbs.; cents per lb.					
Feb	51.50	51.75	49.30	49.87	— .53
Mar	52.00	52.00	49.65	50.27	— .38
May	51.60	52.42	50.40	51.27	— .13
Jul	52.70	53.25	51.30	52.30	— .20
Aug	51.40	52.00	50.35	50.80	— .30

Est. sales: 7,961; sales Wed. 10,024.

Total open interest Tues. 22,282, off 393 from Mon.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
ICED BROILERS 30,000 lbs.; cents per lb.;					
Sep	38.50	38.60	38.45	38.55	— .05
Oct	38.15	38.15	37.90	38.00	— .15
Nov	38.10	38.70	38.00	38.70	+ .40
Dec	39.40	39.50	39.40	39.50	+ .20
Jan				41.60	+ .45
Feb				42.75	+ .50
Mar	43.00	43.00	43.00	43.00	
Apr				42.85	+ .70

Sales Wed. 28.

Total open interest Wed. 1,498, off 11 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
SHELL EGGS 22,500 doz.; cents per doz.					
Sep	48.60	49.30	47.25	47.30	—1.95
Oct	52.10	52.10	51.00	51.70	—1.05
Nov	56.95	57.10	56.00	56.00	— .80
Dec	59.60	60.70	59.50	59.55	— .15
Jan				58.50	

Est. sales: 48; sales Wed. 60.

Total open interest Wed. 224, up 15 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
LUMBER 100,000 bd. ft.					
Sep	272.70	275.50	270.20	270.20	—5.00
Nov	249.80	253.00	248.00	251.00	+ .90
Jan	237.80	239.70	235.10	239.30	+2.20
Mar	231.00	232.80	228.80	231.80	+1.30
May	225.50	227.20	223.20	227.10	+2.30
Jul	219.50	221.50	218.20	221.00	+2.50

Est. sales: 3,786; sales Wed. 4,375.

Total open interest Wed. 10,322, up 302 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
PLYWOOD 76,032 sq ft; dollars per 1,000 sq ft.					
Sep	201.50	205.40	201.50	206.00	+4.00
Nov	197.80	199.00	195.80	198.10	+1.10
Jan	196.50	198.20	195.10	196.50	+ .50
Mar	196.00	198.00	195.50	196.70	+1.20
May	197.00	198.20	196.20	197.50	+1.20
Jul	197.50	199.50	197.50	199.00	+ .60
Sep				199.00	+ .60
Nov	200.50	200.50	199.50	199.50	+ .50

Sales Wed. 835.

Total open interest Wed. 4,034, off 362 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
U.S TREASURY BILLS $1 million; pts. of 100 pct.					
Sep	89.57	89.65	89.56	89.61	—.05
Dec	89.79	89.80	89.71	89.72	—.12
Mar	90.27	90.32	90.20	90.25	—.07
Jun	90.79	90.82	90.73	90.76	—.08
Sep	91.11	91.17	91.04	91.09	—.06
Dec	91.38	91.42	91.30	91.39	
Mar	91.44	91.60	91.43	91.50	+.01
Jun	91.55	91.67	91.55	91.60	+.02

Est. sales: 7,237; sales Wed. 12,288.

Total open interest Wed. 36,569, off 3 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
GNMA (8 pct. $100,000 prin., pts. & 32nds of 100 pct.)					
Sep	84-12	84-14	84-09	84-11	—09
Dec	84-09	84-10	84-02	84-04	—10
Mar	84-09	84-11	84-03	84-05	—10
Jun	84-10	84-11	84-03	84-05	—10
Sep	84-06	84-08	84-03	84-04	—10
Dec	84-06	84-06	83-28	83-30	—10
Mar	83-31	83-31	83-20	83-22	—09
Jun	83-17	83-19	83-14	83-15	—08
Sep	83-10	83-15	83-08	83-12	—05
Dec	83-06	83-10	83-03	83-04	—08
Mar	83-00	83-02	82-28	82-28	—07

Sales Wed. 18,205 contracts.

Total open interest Wed. 74,307, off 763 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
90-DAY COMMERCIAL PAPER LOANS ($1 million, annualized discount rate)					
Sep	12.05	12.10	12.05	12.10	+ .10
Dec	12.08	12.08	12.02	12.02	+ .06
Mar	11.47	11.53	11.47	11.51	+ .08
Jun	10.88	10.88	10.87	10.87	+ .07
Sep				10.65	+ .09

Sales Wed. 194 contracts.

Total open interest Wed. 1,293, up 34 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
LONG TERM TREASURY BONDS (8 pct.—$100,000 prin.; pts & 32nds of 100 pct.)					
Sep	88-28	89-06	88-28	88-29	—07
Dec	88-14	88-24	88-11	88-15	—05
Mar	88-14	88-21	88-07	88-13	—05
Jun	88-11	88-18	88-06	88-10	—05
Sep	88-10	88-14	88-06	88-07	—07
Dec	88-02	88-09	88-00	88-01	—09
Mar	87-29	88-00	87-26	87-28	—10
Jun	87-26	87-26	87-25	87-25	—09
Sep	87-20	87-23	87-20	87-21	—09
Dec	87-17	87-18	87-16	87-17	—09
Mar	87-19	87-19	87-14	87-14	—08

Sales Wed. 16,210 contracts.

Total open interest Wed. 63,399, off 610 from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
BRITISH POUND, $ per pound.					
Sep	2.2125	2.2130	2.1970	2.2015	—105
Dec	2.2000	2.2030	2.1840	2.1900	—110
Mar	2.1950	2.1970	2.1780	2.1830	—105
Jun				2.1730	—210
Sep				2.1630	—250

Est sales 4,159; sales Wed. 2,840.

Total open interest Wed. 7,257, off 463 from Tues. Net change quoted in points. 1 point equals $0.0001.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
CANADIAN DOLLAR, $ per dlr.					
Sep	.8592	.8609	.8589	.8591	—16
Dec	.8615	.8638	.8603	.8619	—17
Mar	.8645	.8652	.8623	.8638	—22
Jun	.8660	.8671	.8643	.8650	—20
Sep	.8685	.8685	.8655	.8670	—25

Est sales 1,095; sales Wed. 2,237.

Total open interest Wed. 11,299, up 565 from Tues. Net change quoted in points. 1 point equals $0.0001.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
DEUTSCHEMARK, $ per mark.					
Sep	.5525	.5528	.5503	.5506	—16
Dec	.5605	.5609	.5577	.5589	—15
Mar	.5664	.5673	.5647	.5654	—16
Jun	.5723	.5723	.5713	.5713	—18

Est sales 1,641; sales Wed. 2,161.

Total open interest Wed. 9,753, up 67 from Tues. Net change quoted in points. 1 point equals $0.0001.

DUTCH GUILDER, $ per guilder. No open contracts

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
FRENCH FRANC, $ per franc.					
Sep	.23450	.23460	.23450	.23450	
Dec				.23390	

Est sales 0; sales Wed. 0.

Total open interest Wed. 4, unchanged from Tues. Net change quoted in points. 1 point equals $0.00001.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
JAPANESE YEN, $ per yen.					
Sep	.004485	.004489	.004467	.004475	—26
Dec	.004581	.004581	.004556	.004570	—31
Mar	.004615	.004615	.004593	.004604	—30
Jun	.004650	.004650	.004650	.004640	—20

Est sales 1,789; sales Wed. 951.

Total open interest Wed. 6,224, up 128 from Tues. Net change quoted in points. 1 point equals $0.000001.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
SWISS FRANC, $ per franc.					
Sep	.6123	.6134	.6100	.6100	—34
Dec	.6298	.6302	.6272	.6283	—30
Mar	.6450	.6461	.6427	.6439	—30
Jun	.6575	.6575	.6565	.6574	—18
Sep				.6690	

Est sales 1,307; sales Wed. 1,298.

Total open interest Wed. 10,268, up 56 from Tues. Net change quoted in points. 1 point equals $0.0001.

New York Futures

September 13, 1979

	Open	High	Low	Close
MAINE POTATOES 50,000 lbs.; cents per lb.				
Nov	6.33	6.33	6.25	
Mar	7.52	7.52	7.42	
Apr	9.90	9.90	9.46	
May	10.84	10.85	10.65	

Est. sales 438; sales ...

Total open interest Wed. 4,434, up ...

	Open	High	Low	Close
COFFEE "C" 37,500 lbs.; cents per lb.				
Sep	221.80	228.00	221.00	
Dec	208.00	211.50	207.75	
Mar	196.95	199.75	196.50	
May	194.90	197.00	194.00	
Jul	194.50	196.50	194.50	
Sep	194.50	196.00	194.50	
Dec	193.50	194.00	193.50	

Est. sales 3,910; sales ...

Total open interest Wed. 12,672, off ...

	Open	High	Low	Close
SUGAR NO. 11 112,000 lbs.; cents per lb. Sugar 11 spot 9.59				
Oct	9.91	10.20	9.90	
Jan	10.00	10.25	10.09	
Mar	10.84	11.25	10.75	
May	11.06	11.52	10.99	
Jul	11.33	11.70	11.27	
Sep	11.42	11.97	11.60	
Oct	11.83	12.17	11.75	

Est. sales 16,500; sales ...

Total open interest Wed. 63,03[illegible] from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close
COCOA 30,000 lbs.; cents per lb.				
Sep	143.25	143.25	143.25	
Dec	142.40	144.70	142.40	
Mar	145.97	146.70	145.00	
May	147.40	148.50	147.40	
Jul	149.60	149.85	149.60	

Est. sales 1,069; sales ...

Total open interest Wed. 6,371, up ... Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close
ORANGE JUICE 15,000 lbs.; cents per lb.				
Sep	107.50	109.00	107.05	
Nov	101.60	102.00	100.60	
Jan	102.40	102.45	101.50	
Mar	103.00	103.05	102.30	
May	103.30	103.80	102.75	
Jul	103.35	104.00	103.25	
Sep	104.20	104.20	104.20	

Est. sales 700; sales ...

Total open interest Wed. 7,452, up ... Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close
COTTON, No. 2. 50,000 lbs.; cents per lb.				
Oct	62.60	62.70	62.25	
Dec	63.50	63.80	63.27	
Mar	65.50	65.70	65.17	
May	67.15	67.15	66.60	
Jul	68.01	68.35	67.60	
Oct	67.50	68.00	67.50	
Dec	69.00	69.25	68.50	

Est. sales 8,850; sales ...

Total open interest Wed. 33,829, off ... Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close
COPPER 25,000 lbs.; cents per lb.				
Sep	85.80	87.40	85.80	
Dec	87.20	89.10	86.80	
Jan	87.70	89.00	87.70	
Mar	88.20	90.25	88.00	
May	88.90	90.80	88.90	
Jul	89.50	91.20	89.50	
Sep	89.65	91.30	89.65	
Dec	90.00	90.15	89.70	
Mar	90.50	91.70	90.50	
May	90.50	90.50	90.20	
Jul	89.90	90.80	89.90	

Est. sales 9,000; sales ...

Total open interest Wed. 58,238, off ...

	Open	High	Low	Close
N.Y. SILVER 5,000 troy oz.; cents troy oz.				
Sep	1215.0	1270.0	1212.0	1265.00
Dec	1235.0	1290.0	1235.0	1290.00
Jan	1245.5	1295.0	1240.0	1275.50
Mar	1259.0	1306.5	1256.0	1306.50
May	1269.0	1316.5	1266.0	1316.50
Jul	1271.0	1326.3	1262.0	1326.30
Sep	1293.0	1335.9	1288.0	1335.90
Dec	1298.0	1349.4	1298.0	1349.40
Jan	1309.0	1328.0	1309.0	1354.00
Mar	1321.0	1360.0	1319.0	1364.40

Est. sales 24,000; sales ...

Total open interest Wed. 161,847, ... from Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close
PLATINUM 50 troy oz.; dollars per troy oz.				
Oct	412.00	426.20	410.50	426.20
Jan	418.00	425.70	418.50	425.70
Apr	417.00	431.20	417.00	431.20
Jul	421.00	429.00	420.00	434.90
Oct	428.00	428.00	428.00	439.40

Est. sales 2,737; sales ...

Total open interest Wed. 10,092, up ... Tues.

	Open	High	Low	Close
GOLD (100 troy oz.; dollars per troy oz.)				
Sep	333.50	334.00	333.50	344.30
Oct	334.00	346.30	333.50	345.20
Dec	340.50	353.30	340.00	352.90
Feb	346.50	359.80	346.00	359.80
Apr	354.00	366.20	351.00	366.20
Jun	359.50	372.30	358.50	372.30
Aug	366.50	378.30	366.00	378.30
Oct	371.00	384.30	371.00	384.30
Dec	378.90	390.20	377.00	390.20
Feb	384.00	396.80	383.50	396.00
Apr	389.40	400.00	388.90	401.40
Jun	395.00	406.70	394.00	406.70

Est. sales 27,000; sales ...

Total open interest Wed. 179,085, from Tues.

Currency Rates

By reading across this table of the September 13, 1979's closing inter bank foreign exchange rates, one can find the value of the major currencies in the national currencies of each of the following financial centers. These rates do not take into account bank service charges.

	$	£	DM	FF	L.It.	Gldr.	BF com.	SwissF.	Dan.Kr.
Amsterdam	1.995	4.411	109.825*	47.005*	0.2445	—	6.846*	121.70*	38.04*
Brussels (a)	29.07	64.27	16.038	6.8655	3.5705*	14.613	—	17.781	5.5595
Frankfurt	1.742	3.9[illegible]	—	42.35*	2.229x	91.05*	6.236*	110.96*	34.70*
London (b)	2.20[illegible]	—	3.9975	9.345	1,800.50	4.3945	64.20	3.6085	11.545
Milan	817.[illegible]	1,801.10	459.36	192.30	—	409.16	28.017	497.70	155.70
New York (c)	—	2.201	1.81545	4.2365	816.55	1.9935	29.08	1.63675	5.22375
Paris	4.2[illegible]	9.321	232.64*	—	5.2015x	212.69*	14.562*	258.99*	80.97*
Zurich	1.63[illegible]	3.6029	90.15205*	38.60795*	0.2007	82.06985*	5.62195*	—	31.20835*
ECU	1.39108	0.62962	2.51874	5.88558	1,131.28	2.7671	40.4103	2.27299	7.2676

Dollar values: Belgian financial franc 30.265 ; Canadian $ 1.1642 ; Danish krone: 5.2227 ; Escudo: 49.?? ; Hong Kong 4.9745 ; Irish £ 2.0734 ; Nora. krone: 4.995 ; Peseta 66.06 ; Schilling: 13.02 ; Singapore $ 2.1525 ; Swedish krona 4.2062 ; Yen 222.95

a Sterling: 1.0495 Irish £

(a) Commercial franc (b) Amounts needed to buy one pound (c) Amounts needed to buy one dollar, except against Sterling (*) Units of 100 (x) Units of 1,000

ECU: European Currency Unit, as quoted in Brussels.

Closing rates are official fixings for European centers, 2pm EST rates for New York.

Eurocurrency Interest Rates

September 13, 1979

	Dollar	D-Mark	Swiss Franc	Sterling	French Franc
1 M.	12⅛ - 12⅜	7 1/16 - 7 3/16	1 13/16 - 15/16	14⅛ - 14½	12⅛ - 12⅜
2 M.	12½ - 12⅝	7 3/16 - 7 5/16	2 1/16 - 2 3/16	14 5/16 - 14 9/16	12¾ - 13⅛
3 M.	12 11/16 - 12 13/16	7⅛ - 7⅝	2⅛ - 2⅜	14⅛ - 14⅜	12⅞ - 13⅛
6 M.	12 11/16 - 12 13/16	7 9/16 - 7 11/16	2 11/16 - 13/16	14⅛ - 14⅜	13⅛ - 13⅜
1 Y.	12⅜ - 12⅝	7 9/16 - 7 11/16	2⅞ - 3	13⅞ - 14⅛	13⅛ - 13⅜

London Metals Market

(Figures in sterling per metric ton)
(Silver in pence per troy ounce)
September 12, 1979

	Today Bid	Today Asked	Previous Bid	Previous Asked
Copper wire bars:				
Spot	898.00	900.00	922.00	924.00
3 months	894.00	895.00	914.00	915.00
Cathodes: spot	868.00	869.00	885.00	888.00
3 months	873.00	875.00	892.50	893.00
Tin: spot	6,755.00	6,765.00	6,820.00	6,830.00
3 months	6,765.00	6,770.00	6,805.00	6,810.00
Lead: spot	517.00	519.00	533.50	534.50
3 months	521.00	522.00	536.00	537.00
Zinc: spot	319.00	321.00	328.00	322.00
3 months	330.50	331.00	329.00	330.00
Silver: spot	548.00	550.00	564.00	565.00
3 months	562.00	563.00	577.50	578.50
Aluminium: spot	727.00	729.00	725.00	726.00
3 months	721.50	722.00	719.00	720.00
Nickel: spot	2,570.00	2,580.00	2,580.00	2,590.00
3 months	2,625.00	2,635.00	2,610.00	2,620.00

London Commodities

(Figures in sterling per metric ton)
September 13, 1979

	High	Low	Close (Bid-Asked)		Previous (Close)	
SUGAR						
Oct	118.00	117.25	117.65	117.75	117.80	118.00
Dec	120.20	119.75	119.75	119.80	120.50	120.55
Mar	125.00	123.90	124.60	124.65	125.15	125.25
May	127.85	126.85	127.45	127.50	128.00	128.25
Aug	131.00	130.25	131.00	131.05	131.50	131.60
Oct	135.50	134.25	134.95	135.05	135.50	135.55
3,381 lots of 50 tons.						
COCOA						
Sep	1,444	1,423	1,445	1,447	1,413	1,420
Dec	1,519	1,492	1,516	1,517	1,488	1,489
Mar	1,560	1,523	1,547	1,550	1,521	1,523
May	1,575	1,547	1,572	1,574	1,544	1,545
Jly	1,598	1,570	1,590	1,592	1,565	1,570
Sep	1,618	1,597	1,610	1,615	1,585	1,595
Oct	1,625	1,625	1,638	1,655	1,610	1,630
3,183 lots of 10 tons.						
COFFEE						
Sep	1,823	1,806	1,822	1,823	1,795	1,798
Nov	1,870	1,845	1,868	1,870	1,834	1,836
Jan	1,884	1,854	1,880	1,883	1,845	1,846
Mar	1,845	1,820	1,841	1,843	1,811	1,812
May	1,830	1,816	1,826	1,830	1,793	1,794
Jly	1,815	1,800	1,812	1,815	1,782	1,787
Sep	1,810	1,810	1,800	1,815	1,779	1,785
6,427 lots of 5 tons.						

Paris Commodities

(Figures in French francs per metric ton)
September 13, 1979

	High	Low	Close (Bid-Asked)		Ch.
SUGAR					
Oct	N.T.	N.T.	1,140	1,150	—10
Nov	1,145	1,145	1,135	1,155	—15
Dec	1,183	1,175	1,175	1,175	—8
Mar	1,240	1,226	1,225	1,227	—19
May	1,280	1,260	1,252	1,260	—27
Jly	N.T.	N.T.	1,260	1,280	—25
Aug	N.T.	N.T.	1,310	1,330	—10
Oct	N.T.	N.T.	1,330	1,344	—10
221 lots.					
COCOA					
Sep	N.T.	N.T.	1,350	1,395	+18
Dec	1,418	1,385	1,403	1,409	+3
Mar	1,416	1,415	1,420	1,440	+7
May	N.T.	N.T.	1,430	—	+5
Jly	N.T.	N.T.	1,440	—	+10
Sep	N.T.	N.T.	1,450	—	+15
51 lots					

European Gold Markets

September 13, 1979

	A.M.	P.M.	N.C.
London	334.35	332.95	—4.15
Zurich	334.625	333.375	—4.00
Paris (12.5 kilo)	352.99	357.08	—3.74

Official morning and afternoon fixings for London and Paris, opening and closing prices for Zurich.
U.S. dollars per ounce.

Tokyo Exchange

September 13, 1979

	Price Yen		Price Yen
Asahi Glass	394	Matsu E. Wks	544
Canon	608	Mitsubi Hvy Ind.	149
Dai Nip. Print	566	Mitsubi Corp.	522
Fuji Bank	342	Mitsui Co.	326
Fuji Photo	665	Mitsukoshi	465
Hitachi	263	Nippon Elec.	486
Honda Motor	610	Sharp	521
C. Itoh	377	Sony Corp	1,970
Japan Air L.	3,010	Sumitomo Bank	344
Kansai El. Pwr.	890	Taisho Marine	252
Kao Soap	560	Takeda	510
Kirin Brewery	408	Teijin	134
Komatsu	351	Tokyo Marine	524
Kubota	325	Toray	180
Matsu El. Ind.	683	Toyota	900

Selected Over-the-Counter

NEW YORK (AP)—The following list is a selected National Securities Dealers Assn. over the counter Bank, Insurance & Industrial stocks.

Closing Prices, September 13 1979

Stock	Bid	Asked
AELInd	6¼	6⅝
AFAProt	8⅝	9⅝
AVMCp	4⅛	4⅝
Accuray	4⅝	5¼
AddisnW	11⅛	12½
AdvRoss	4⅛	4⅝
AdvMicr	42½	43¼
AlexAlex	30	30⅛
Alicoinc	36⅛	37⅛
AllynB	16⅛	17⅛
AFinCp	28⅛	29
AFurn	6 3-16	6 7-16
AGreet	12⅛	13⅛
AintGp	57⅜	60⅛
AMicros	27⅛	27⅛
AWelding	21	22
Amterr	4	4¼
Anadite	8¼	8⅝
AnheusB	23⅛	24¼
AntoCp	8	8½
ArdenGp	4⅛	4⅞
ArkWGs	25	26
AsdColo	23⅛	24½
AltGsLt	16⅛	17
BairdCp	6⅛	7⅛
BangHE	13⅛	13⅞
BkamRt	18⅛	18⅞
BasicRs g	9	9⅛
BassIFr	19¼	20
BaylsMk	11⅛	11⅞
Beeline	9⅛	10¼
BetzLab	33¼	34
BibbCo	14⅛	15⅛
BirdSon	23½	25
Birtchr	2⅛	3⅛
BlkHillP	26⅛	27½
Bonanza	3½	3⅞
BrookS	39½	41½
BrwTom	26⅛	27¼
Buckbee	7⅛	7⅜
Buckeye	20½	21
BurnupS	7	7⅝
CalWtSv	33½	35
ConradH	1½	2
CapSwC	15¼	15⅝
CapInAir	3⅞	4⅛
CareCp	8⅞	9⅞
CnVIPS	16	16⅛
ChmLea	38	42
ChesUtl	11	11⅛
CircleF	6	7
CitzUtA	38⅛	39½
CitzUtB	34⅛	35
ClarkJL	30½	32
ClowCp	8⅛	9⅛
ComCIH	25⅛	26⅞
CmiShr	19½	21½
CmwTel	41	43
ConPap	59⅛	60⅛
Cranfd	18⅛	19⅛
CrosTra	23⅛	24⅛
CutlrFed	2⅛	3
Cyclitron	14⅛	15⅛
DanlyM	23½	24½
DiaDes	12⅛	12¾
DavfMol	19	21
DeklbAg	29⅛	30
DeLuxC	31⅛	32½
DelCanT	12¼	13¼
DeweyEl	1½	2½
DioCrys	27¼	28¼
DixonCro	33½	35
Docutel	7⅛	7⅛
DollrGn	9⅛	10
Doniden	22⅞	23⅛
DavlDB	21⅛	22½
DunkinD	12⅛	13⅛
Durlron	16¼	17¼
EatnVnce	6	6⅛
EconLab	22⅛	22⅞
ElPasEl	18¼	18⅛
ElderBe	8	8⅜
ElecNucl	8⅛	9⅛
ElModul	5⅛	6⅛
EnrDev	9⅛	10⅛
Entwistl	2½	3⅛
EatOil	42½	43½
EthanAl	41½	42¼
Fabri	1⅞	1⅛
FidUnLf	78⅞	71⅞
FtBkSys	42⅛	43⅛
FtBostn	21⅛	22
FtEmpS	12½	13
FtWnFin	5⅞	6
Flickgr	13½	14
FloatPnt	11⅛	12½
FlaWatU	1⅞	1⅛
ForestO	20⅛	20⅞
Formiall	1⅝	2½
FrankCp	8	8½
FrankEl	14	14⅛
GaRiEst	13	14½
GaRelns	93	95
GovEFn	12⅛	13½
GreenM	12⅛	12⅞
GreyAdv	37½	40½
Gilintst	14½	16
Gyrodyn	3	3½
Hardwke	15½	16¼
HrpRow	12½	13
HarpGp	26⅛	27½
HartfNt	17¼	17⅛
HenrdF	25⅛	26
Holobm	2⅛	2⅞
Hoover	15⅞	16⅛
HarizRs	2⅛	2⅞
HyattInt	17½	18½
Infralnd	5½	6
IntelCp	57⅛	58⅛
IntrcEnr	6¼	7¼
IntmtGs	14⅛	14⅞
InBkWsh	9⅛	10¼
IwaSoUt	24	24½
JamWP h	7⅛	8⅛
Jamsby	15⅞	16½
JiffyFd	1	1⅛
JostynM	16½	17¼
KaisSt pf	18⅛	19⅛
Kaivar	4⅛	5
Koman	19⅛	20½
KmsAm	9⅛	10⅛
KateGre	16	16½
Kaysam	3⅛	4¼
KellySv	34	35½
Keuffel	17½	18½
Kimball	17⅛	17⅞
KingInt	9⅛	10⅛
KnapeV	17⅛	18¼
Kratos	16	17
LanceIn	19⅛	20½
LandRes	2⅛	3⅛
LaneCo	23½	24½
LtdStor	6½	7⅛
LinBcst	51	51⅛
Logetrn	11⅛	12⅛
MadsGE	14⅛	15⅛
MagelPet	3 13-16	4 1-16
Maitiart	32¼	33⅛
MatAsst	22	22½
MauiLP	27½	29
McCorm	18⅛	19⅛
McQuay	12	12⅛
Midasw	19½	20½
MdldCap	10	10⅛
MidlRss	3⅛	3⅞
MidlBks	29⅛	30⅛
Millipr	38	38⅛
MissVlG	14⅛	15¼
MonfCol	7⅛	8⅛
MoorePd	22	23½
MoraRes	1½	2¼
Mosink	40½	41½
MotClub	4⅛	5¼
Mueller	27	28
NaraCp	26½	28½
NatGOil	16⅛	17¼
NwldRE	16	17
NJNGas	17¼	17¼
NielsnA	24⅛	25⅛
NielsnB	24⅛	25⅛
NoCorGs	14⅛	15⅛
NoEOil un	73½	75
NwtNGs	16⅛	16⅞
NwstPS	16⅛	17⅛
Noxell	20⅛	21⅛
OgilvyM	21½	22¼
OhFerro	8¼	9¼
OtterTP	22⅛	22⅞
PCAIntl	6½	7
PabstB	14⅛	15½
PcGaR	22	22¼
PauleyP	15¼	16
PeerMf	8½	9¼
PennEnt	15½	16⅛
Petrolit	38	39
Pettibon	21	22
PierceSS	9⅛	10½
Pinkrtn	36	37½
PlanHIB	23⅛	24⅛
Plastlne	1½	2⅛
Possis	6	6⅛
Progrp	1	1⅛
PbSvNC	13⅛	14⅛
PurtBen	17⅛	18½
PutDCap	10½	11
RopesPr	10⅛	10⅜
Raychm	94	96
Raymnd	24½	25½
RecpEq	8⅛	8⅞
RoadEx	29⅛	30
RobbMy	45	47
Rosston	4½	5½
Rouse	16	16⅛
RusStov	16⅛	17⅛
Sadlier	3⅞	4⅛
ScanOt	1⅞	2⅛
ScripsH	50	53
SeisDelt	12½	14
Svcmstr	30⅛	31⅛
Shawmt	38	39
SolidSts	11	12
SCafWtr	14¼	15
SwElSv	15⅛	16⅛
Standyn	32⅛	33
StdRegs	28	29
StanHP	26⅛	27⅛
SterlSl	6⅛	6⅞
StrawCl	26	27⅛
SuperEl	9⅛	9½
TIME DC	5	5⅛
Tampax	29⅛	30⅛
TecamP	72½	74½
Tennant	28½	30½
Tiprary	14	14½
TracoCo	20⅛	21¼
TrnsOcO	25	26
TricoPd	45	48
TysonFd	10⅛	11⅛
UnMcGll	10⅛	11⅛
USSurg	23½	24
USTrck	16⅛	17⅛
UVaBsh	25⅛	26⅛
UpPenP	14½	17⅛
ValyGas	12⅛	12⅞
VanDus	15⅛	16
Velcro	12⅛	12⅞
VideoCo	9⅛	10⅛
VaNBsh	15⅛	16⅛
WshEnr	14⅛	14⅞
WebbRs	32	33
Weldtrn	2⅛	3
WigtnMo	10⅛	11⅛
WellsGa	2	2⅛
WmWds	4⅛	5⅛
WmorC	32½	33⅛
WoodLot	24½	25⅛
WWEng	11⅛	11⅞
WrightW	8⅛	9⅛
ZionUtc	24	25

Market Summary

NYSE Most Actives

September 13, 1979

	Sales	Close	Chg.
TWCorp	772,800	24⅜	+3⅜
Gulf Oil	616,700	33	— ⅛
Cook Unit	608,300	9	— ¼
Searle GD	548,600	17⅛	+1⅛
Clorox Co	487,300	22	+1⅛
IBM s	399,200	66⅛	+ ½
SouthindCo	382,400	29	— ⅛
Howrd John	370,300	23⅛	— ⅜
DowChem	351,600	31½	+ ⅜
Pittston Co	343,700	27	— ⅜
LouLd Exp	343,200	40½	+1⅛
NLT Corp	323,800	29	—1⅛
Mobil s	279,000	47⅛	+ ⅜
Am Cyan	278,300	31	+ ⅜
Northrop	257,900	37	+1

	Today NYSE Close	Prev. Nationw Close
Volume (in millions)	35.39	45.41
Advanced	734	816
Volume Up (in millions)	17.29	22.35
Declined	778	635
Volume Down (in millions)	12.90	11.82
Unchanged	430	404
Total Issues	1,874	1,875
New highs	69	51
New lows	20	32

Dow Jones Averages

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
30 Ind	870.22	876.37	864.93	870.72	—8.17
20 Trn	261.44	265.68	260.96	263.93	+3.07
15 Util	107.38	108.19	106.94	107.48	—0.71
65 Stk	307.91	310.82	306.42	308.80	+0.66

NYSE Index

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
Composite	61.58	61.35	61.53	+0.05
Industrials	68.67	68.51	68.59	+0.06
Transp.	52.54	52.34	52.54	+0.68
Utilities	38.58	38.52	38.58	+0.05
Finance	66.97	66.86	66.95	+0.08

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

	Buy	Sales	*Short
September 12	134,876	344,446	2,278
September 11	143,567	346,464	1,865
September 10	137,367	356,153	1,809
September 7	113,298	361,039	909
September 6	110,654	296,217	2,124

*These totals are included in the sales figures.

American Most Actives

	Sales	Close	Ch.
DomePetr gs	431,200	43⅛	—4
McCull Oil	342,100	8⅜	+ ½
GulfCan g	200,400	85¼	—1
BowValley g	149,200	34½	— ⅜
CKPet	112,000	17⅛	— ⅜
ResrtIntA	109,500	39⅛	+1⅛
Syntex Corp	105,800	41⅛	— ½
Damson Oil	88,900	11⅛	+ ⅛
KeralCp	79,000	16⅛	+ ⅛
Hess'sInc	72,300	35	+10⅛

	Today AMEX Close	Prev. Nationw Close
Volume (in millions)	5.07	5.31
Advanced	297	306
Volume Up (in millions)	2.43	3.61
Declined	307	295
Volume Down (in millions)	2.06	0.98
Unchanged	242	236
Total issues	807	850
New highs	N.A.	24
New lows	N.A.	13

AMEX Index

High	Low	Close	Chg.
233.29	231.38	232.41	—0.82

FUTURES DOW JONES
Through New York Industrials Index Fund
Prices in U.S.$

Maturity	bid/offer quotes Sept. 13 14.00 hrs.	Business done last week low/high
Sept. 27	866/872	863/879
Oct. 25	865/872	862/879
Nov. 29	865/873	862/880

PIERSON, HELDRING & PIERSON NV
Herengracht 214, AMSTERDAM
Tel. 211188 Telex 12116

Cash Prices

September 13, 1979

Commodity and unit	Thu
FOODS	
Coffee 4 Santos, lb	2.08
TEXTILES	
Printcloth 64-30 38½, yd	0.87
METALS	
Steel billets (Pitt.), ton	347.00
Iron 2 Fdry. Phila. ton	227.36
Steel scrap No 1 hvy Pitt.	92-93
Lead Spot, lb	0.58
Copper elect., lb	92⅛
Tin (Straits), lb	7.5164
Zinc, E. St L. Basis, lb	.35⅛
Silver N.Y., oz	12.240
Gold N.Y., oz	333.29
New York prices.	

Commodity Index

September 13, 1979

	Close
Moody's	1,119.40f
Reuters	1,589.40
Dow Jones Spot	407.31
D.J. Futures	413.30

Moody's : base 100 : Dec. 31, 1931. p—preliminary; f—final
Reuters : base 100 : Sep. 18, 1931.
Dow Jones : base 100 : Average 1924-26.

Thursday's New Highs and Lows

NEW HIGHS—49

AVXCp wi, AlcanAlum, Am Cyan, Am Hosoil, Am Sterliz, AnalogDvs, AtlRichfl, AtlRch 3pf, AtlRh 2.80pf, Bausch Lb, BauschLb wi, Bendix pf, BinleySm, CinPocs, Carter Hawl, CartHawl pf, CentLaEl, Chromal pf, Conocoinc, Cook Unit, DowChem, EchlinMfg, FedExpress, FstNatBos, FaMcK pfA, GATX Cp, GATXCp pf, Grace Co, Halliburtn, Hobart Cp, HousNa Gas, Howrd John, HudsBMn g, Inexco Oil, IntMin Chm, Kennamtl, Koppers, LouLd Exp, MCAInc, Macmillan, MercantSir, NatDistill, Natomas, Nafiatz 7.40pf, NEngNucl s, PavlsDa, Pittst…, Parek…, Reliab…, Seagr…, Searl…, Shell…, Skylin…, SthnC…, SuoG…, Supsl…, Texas…, TesGT…, TWC…, UaO…, US Gy…, USGW…, VSIC…, Veeco…, WalW…, WarS…, WoodP…, ZaleC…, Zapat…

NEW LOWS—20

AmPw 7.40pf, BaltGE pfB, CBI Ind s, CwE 8.40pf, CwE 7.24pf, ConGa 4.50pf, CraigCorp, CullbroCp, DillonCos s, duPnt 3.50pf, EmpDist El, Itel 1.44pf, Kellwood Co, LomasSesfi s, Lonel…, Minn…, PSEG…, UtaP…, UtaPL…, VaEP…

BANQUE ROTHSCHILD PARIS

FLOATING RATE NOTES 1977-1980/82
Denominated in U.S. Dollars
March Issue

For the six months
September 13th, 1979, to March 13th, 1980,
the Notes will carry an interest rate
of 13⅞% per annum.

The Agent: CREAFIN S.A.
Zollikerstrasse 181, 8034 Zürich, Switzerland.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF SALE
OF
APPROXIMATELY 8,617 CARATS OF DIAMONDS

Security Pacific National Bank owns approximately 8,617 carats of round, brilliant cut diamonds. The Bank proposes to sell these diamonds in a sealed-bid private auction sale on September 18, 1979 at its Headquarters Building, 333 South Hope Street, Los Angeles, California. The sale of the diamonds will be subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the sealed-bid form which is to be used for this sale. This sale will be open only to dealers engaged in the business of buying and selling jewels or jewelry at wholesale or retail.

Parties interested in inspecting the diamonds prior to entering a bid should make arrangements through Mr. Durward Howes III, B.D. Howes and Son, the Bank's agent for this sale, 336 South Lake Avenue, Pasadena, California, telephone 213/796-2653. Copies of the sealed-bid form can be obtained from Mr. Howes, or at the Bank's Headquarters Building in Los Angeles, Room 1100, or at the Security Pacific International Bank, 245 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y., Ninth Floor Reception Area.

Questions regarding this sale should be directed to Mr. Howes at 213/796-2653, or to Mr. Walter S. Fisher at the Bank, telephone 213/613-6059.

SECURITY PACIFIC BANK

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

Bank of Tokyo and Detroit (International) Limited

We wish to advise you that we are moving to larger premises in the adjacent building and that our new address with effect from 17th September 1979 will be :-

16 FINSBURY CIRCUS
LONDON EC2M 7DJ

Telephone : 01-628 3000
Telex No : London 883254
Cable Address : BOTDIL London EC2
(*All remain unchanged*)

هكذا من الأصل

EX Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Sept. 13

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div. in $	Yld.	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
25	15½	EDO	.60	2.5	10	18	23⅝	23½	22⅝	— ½
14⅝	8⅛	Ehren	.10a	1.0	9	72	9⅞	9½	9⅞	
7¼	3	ElAudD			4	5	3⅝	3¼	3⅝	
28⅛	15⅝	Electrsp	1	4.3	8	5	23⅜	23½	23½	— ½
32	23⅛	ElecAm	1.40	4.4	6	2	31⅞	31⅝	31⅝	+ ¼
16⅜	11⅝	Elsinor n			19	237	12⅝	11¾	12⅛	+ ⅛
9½	6⅜	EmrRd			6	42	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
11¼	5⅝	EngyRs	.24	2.2	24	63	11⅝	10⅞	11	+ ⅛
3⅝	2⅛	Era Ind				14	2⅝	2½	2⅝	+ ⅛
10⅝	6	Espey	.15e	1.7	14	3	9	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
19½	11⅛	EsqRd	.57e	3.5	6	2	16½	16½	16½	+ ¼
7⅝	2⅛	EtzLav	.20e	2.7	8	5	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
21⅝	13	EvansAr	.40	2.9	9	8	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ¼
4⅝	4⅛	Exactve			8	3	4½	4½	4½	
		— F—F—F —								
16⅝	6⅞	FPA	.40	2.5	4	72	16½	15	15⅞	+ ¾
8½	3⅝	FSF Ind	.12	2.5		48	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	+ ⅛
12	9⅞	Fabind s			4	8	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
6⅛	3⅛	FairTex			3	14	4	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛
3⅛	1	FairNob				1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
8½	2⅝	FalrmC	.15	3.4	22	10	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
16⅝	8⅞	FannyF	.50e	3.4	5	28	15	14⅝	14⅝	— ½
13⅝	8⅛	FayDrg	.24b	2.0	8	12	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
21	14⅛	FedMart	.30i			7	15⅞	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
19¼	14⅝	FedRt	1.36	7.9	19	2	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
8⅞	4⅝	FedRes			25	51	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
40⅝	18⅝	Felmnt	.25	.6	19	4	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	+ ⅛
6⅞	3⅝	Fidelco			9	23	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
19⅝	12⅛	FloGen	.40b	2.2	8	15	18	17⅝	18	+ ⅛
3⅝	3⅝	Fstmrk				2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
17	10	FlschrP	11	8.3	7	26	12	12	12	
29	17⅛	FlightS	.16	.6	21	58	26	25⅝	25⅞	+ ⅛
15	7⅞	FloRck	.22e	1.5	9	142	u15⅛	14⅝	14⅞	— ⅛
29	9¼	FlowGen			19	57	26⅝	26	26	— ¾
22⅝	15⅝	FlukeJ s			14	13	21	20⅝	20⅝	— ¼
8¼	5⅞	Foodrm	.50	7.8	5	20	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	+ ⅛
10⅝	6	FooteM	.45e	4.6	11	3	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	+ ⅛
37½	28	Foote pf2.20		6.3		5	35	35	35	+ ¼
21⅝	9⅞	ForestC	.10	.6	18	13	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
10⅝	3¼	ForestLab				43	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
18⅝	4⅛	FranklnRt			32	35	u18½	18⅛	18½	+ ⅛
10⅞	5⅝	Franks	.36	4.2	6	12	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	+ ⅛
15⅞	3⅝	FriendFr			325	7	6⅝	6½	6½	— ⅛
13	8	Friona s	.40	4.4	3	16	9	9	9	
9	5⅞	Frischs	.30b	4.1	5	36	7⅝	6⅞	7⅝	+ ⅜
19⅝	9⅝	FrontA	.20b	1.5	6	19	13⅛	13	13	— ¼
9⅝	4	FrontA wt				1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
		— G—G—G —								
3	1⅛	GIExpl			14	37	2⅝	2⅛	2⅝	— ⅛
6½	3	GIT				1	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	
10⅝	4⅛	GRI	.30	6.3	7	25	4⅞	4⅞	4⅝	
2⅝	1⅛	GTI				1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
9⅝	4⅛	Galaxy	.06i	1.0	6	63	6⅛	5⅞	6	+ ⅛
13	6⅛	Garan	.60	6.4	6	31	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
28½	15	GatLlet	.40b	1.5	10	202	27⅝	25⅞	26⅝	+ ⅝
4	2⅛	Govtrd	.05e	1.9	2	22	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
3⅝	1	Gaynor			7	1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
28	18⅞	GelmSc n			22	8	24⅞	24½	24½	— ⅛
5	2⅝	GnEmp	.32b	7.1	5	13	4½	4¼	4½	+ ⅛
10½	4⅛	GenExp				24	6⅝	6½	6½	
5½	2⅞	GnHous			4	18	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
5⅝	2⅝	Genisco			8	6	4⅛	4	4	+ ⅛
41	13⅞	GerbSc	.20	.6	14	54	37⅝	35⅝	35⅝	— ½
19⅝	15⅝	GiantF s	1	5.4	6	2	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	
13½	7⅞	GntYell g.60e				90	10⅝	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
12⅝	5	Glasrock	.15	.8	22	36	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
34⅝	21⅛	Glatflr	1.20	3.8	6	3	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	
32⅝	16⅝	Glnmr	.88	2.8	8	27	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	— ⅛
11½	7¼	Glosser	.44	4.7	6	8	9⅝	9⅜	9⅜	+ ⅛
3	1	Glover				1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
5⅝	3	Gldblatt				5	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
36⅛	13⅛	GldNugt	.08	.4	40	217	18⅝	18	18⅛	+ ⅛
12⅝	7	GoldWH	.44	6.8	6	9	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
1⅞	⅜	Goldfield				27	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	
2⅛	⅝	Gdrich wt				7	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
26	19	GormR	1.20a	4.9	8	7	24½	24⅛	24½	+ ⅛
13⅝	7⅛	GrandAu	.33e	2.9	6	2	11½	11½	11½	
16⅝	9⅞	GrndCtl	.50	4.8	7	4	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ¼
17⅝	8⅝	GranerA			118	20	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
11⅞	5⅝	GtAmInd			4	13	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
16⅝	4⅛	GtBasinP			79	111	16⅛	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
34½	18⅝	GtLkCh	.32	1.8	14	2	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅝	Greenmn			17	33	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
11	6⅛	GREIT	.40	3.7	21	12	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛
27⅛	14⅛	Guilford	.88	3.8	3	27	23⅛	23	23	— ⅛
86⅛	25⅝	GlfCan g1.40				2004	u87⅛	84	85⅛	—1
12⅞	5	Gultstrm			8	67	12½	12	12¼	+ ¼
		— H—H—H —								
3½	1⅛	HalcoPd				8	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
15	9⅛	HallsM	.88	5.9	5	9	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ¼
8⅝	5	Hamptn	.65t	11.	4	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
15⅝	12	Hanfrd	.88	7.3	5	1	12	12	12	— ⅛
9½	5⅛	HanSqRt				10	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
34½	22⅛	Harland	1	2.9	12	12	34⅝	34	34⅝	
5⅝	2⅛	Harvey			7	63	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
9½	3⅝	Hasbro	.05i		7	15	7⅝	7½	7½	+ ⅛
13½	8⅝	Hastng	.60	4.7	6	2	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	
7½	3⅝	HawatA				2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
8½	3⅝	HlthCh			19	140	6	5⅝	6	+ ⅛
18⅝	6	HelthM	.20	3.2	5	6	9⅞	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
10⅝	7⅛	HelnWr	.39e	4.8	7	9	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
6½	3⅛	Helnick	.10	1.6	11	157	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
3⅝	1⅛	HeltmMtg				26	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
17⅝	10⅛	Hess's	.60b	2.4	12	773	u26	25	25	+ 10⅛
11⅝	5⅝	HIGInc	.06r	.7	7	11	8⅛	7⅝	8⅛	
15⅝	8	HIShear	.40	3.0	6	60	13½	13⅛	13⅛	
8½	4⅝	Hiptronic	.20	2.7	9	2	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+ ⅛
7⅝	3⅝	Hofman	.20	5.0	9	5	4	4	4	
13⅝	5⅝	HollyCp			11	65	10⅝	10½	10⅝	+ ⅛
39	15	Hormel	1.48	4.2	6	15	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅛
19⅝	6⅝	HornHar			22	11	17	16⅝	17	— ⅛
13¼	8⅛	HospMt	.60	4.4	2	29	u13⅝	13⅛	13⅝	+ ⅛
21	15⅝	Hotel	1.85e	9.3	11	11	20	20	20	
8⅛	3	HousRon	.50b	7.2	4	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
5⅝	3	HouseVl			11	13	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
27½	13⅛	HouOM	.30	2.8	14	604	21⅝	20⅝	21	+ ⅛
26	15⅝	HouO pf1.69		8.0		77	21⅝	20⅝	21⅛	+ ⅛
26⅝	6⅝	HowelC	.40	1.6	8	33	25½	25⅛	25½	+ ⅛
5⅝	2½	Howell	.15e	3.0	26	15	5⅛	5	5	
31⅝	24	HubellA	1.56	5.0	7	1	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	+ ⅛
31⅝	23⅝	HubellB	1.56	5.0	8	15	31⅝	31	31½	+ ⅛
18⅝	9⅝	HuckMf	.32a	1.8	8	8	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
79¼	33⅝	HudBG g	2			88	77⅝	75⅝	77⅝	+ ⅛
8½	3⅝	HonfH	.20	3.0	7	9	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
59	27⅝	HuskyO g			7	289	u59⅝	58⅝	59⅝	+ ⅛
		— I—I—I —								
6⅝	3½	ICH	.20	3.6	4	11	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
13⅝	7⅝	ICM	.50e	4.4	15	8	11⅝	11⅛	11⅝	— ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	IFS Ind	.10	2.8	8	54	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
10⅝	7	IRT Pr	.57e	5.6	14	51	10⅝	10	10¼	+ ⅛
1⅝	⅝	ITI			9	9	15-16	15-16	15-16	
25-16	1⅛	ImpGp	.09e	4.1	7	30	23-16	23-16	23-16	
5⅝	5	Imperlnd s			4	50	5⅝	d 4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
36	17⅝	ImprOil A g1.20				367	35⅝	35⅛	35⅝	— ⅛
26⅝	11⅛	Instron	.40	1.9	8	3	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
2	1	InstrSys			21	298	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
19⅝	9⅝	InsSy pf.25t		2.0		31	13⅛	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
14	5⅝	InteqRes			13	433	u14⅛	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
14⅝	6	IntCtyGs g.32				312	14⅛	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
20⅝	10⅝	Intrmk	.20r	1.0	4	30	20⅛	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
4½	2½	IntBknt			8	293	3	2⅝	3	+ ⅛
7⅛	5⅝	IntCtrls n			7	45	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
3½	1	IntFdSvc				1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
36⅞	17⅝	IntGent	1.40	4.1	5	27	34⅝	33⅝	33⅝	— ⅛
8⅛	4½	IntProt	.30	4.1	4	60	7⅝	7	7⅝	+ ⅛
9⅝	6⅛	IntSeaw	.60	8.7	8	5	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
2⅝	⅜	IntStrtch				1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
3⅛	⅝	Interphot				5	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
12⅝	7⅝	Intplast	.40	3.8	9	14	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
4⅛	1½	InvestFla			2	19	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
28⅝	15½	Ionics			12	5	26½	26½	26½	
34½	14⅛	IroqBrd	.36	2.4	7	219	15⅛	14⅝	15⅝	+ ⅛
9⅝	6⅛	IsraelD	.67e	8.1		16	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
		— J—J—J —								
17⅝	11	Jacobs	.58b	3.7	7	18	13½	13⅛	13⅝	
11½	4½	Jensen	1.50t	29.	5	6	5⅛	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
4⅝	2	Jetero	.05a	1.1	20	8	4½	4½	4½	— ⅛
4½	1⅛	Jetronic			6	7	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
10⅝	2⅛	JupiterP				83	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
16⅝	7⅝	Jupiter			3	41	u17	16⅝	17	+ ⅛
		— K—K—K —								
8½	3⅛	KTelin	.30e	4.8	39	53	6⅝	6	6⅛	+ ⅛
7⅝	2	Kaisin	.75c			37	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
2⅝	5-16	KaneMil wt				20	7-16	⅜	7-16	+1-16
49	40⅝	KnGs pf4.50		10.		z100	44	44	44	+ 2
8⅛	3½	KapokT			17	21	4	3⅝	4	
17⅝	7⅛	KenaiCp			16	795	17	16⅛	16⅝	+ ⅛
12⅝	8⅝	Keinwin	.60	5.5	5	5	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	
6½	3⅝	Ketchm	.17t	3.4	19	1	5	5	5	
7	3⅛	Key Co	.30e	5.0	5	2	6	6	6	— ⅛
31½	18⅛	Key Ph n			57	38	19⅝	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
3⅝	2⅛	KinArk			9	187	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
25	15⅝	KingRd s	.32	1.5	6	18	21⅝	21⅛	21½	
29⅛	15⅝	KirbyEx			8	9	26⅝	26⅛	26⅝	— ⅛
4⅝	2⅝	KlearVu			11	1	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
11⅝	4⅛	Kleinerts				7	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
20⅛	17	Knogo n			12	36	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
6½	5⅝	KuhnStr			4	126	5⅝	5⅝	5½	
		— L—L—L —								
6	3	LSB	.23t	5.9	7	1	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
3⅝	1⅛	LaBarge	.06	2.8	19	31	2⅛	2	2⅛	+ ⅛
6⅝	3⅝	LaMaur	.20	3.2	8	136	6⅛	5⅞	6⅛	+ ½
4⅝	2⅛	LaPnt				3	2⅝	2½	2⅝	
5⅝	3⅝	LafyRad				10	4⅛	4	4	
3⅝	2	LakeSh g				64	3⅛	31-16	31-16	—1-16
18⅝	4⅛	Landmk			34	10	8½	8½	8½	
9⅝	4⅝	Laneco	.20a	2.4	4	1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
16¼	13	LazKap	n.48	3.0	5	8	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
24	15⅝	LeaRnl	s.40	2.6	9	34	22⅝	22⅛	22⅝	
6⅝	3⅛	LeePh			9	64	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
15⅝	9⅛	LehighP			4	5	13⅝	13⅝	13½	
8	3⅛	LeisureT			4	27	4⅛	4	4	— ⅛
12	5⅛	LibtyFb	.39t	5.9	4	37	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
11	5⅛	Lightolr	.24	2.1	7	115	u11⅝	10⅝	11⅝	+ 1
10½	3⅝	LincAm			9	15	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
4⅝	1⅝	LloydsE				8	2⅝	2½	2½	
4⅛	2⅛	Lodge	.08e	2.8	9	22	3	2⅞	2⅞	
33⅝	17½	Lohmn	1.20	5.7	8	31	21	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
37⅝	9⅝	LoewT wt				368	32⅝	30⅝	31⅝	+ ⅛
18⅝	9⅝	Logicon			9	15	16	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
26	15⅝	LoGenS	1.05	4.3	7	2	24½	24⅛	24½	— ⅛
8½	3⅛	LundyEl			8	6	7⅝	7	7⅝	— ⅛
14⅝	9⅞	Lydall	.70	7.3	6	16	10⅝	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
5¼	2⅝	LynchCp			3	11	4⅝	4¼	4⅝	
		— M—M—M —								
9⅝	4⅝	Macks	.20	3.3	5	10	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
3	1⅛	Macrod			35	118	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
20	17⅝	MePS	1.84	9.8	5	16	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	
11⅝	4⅛	ManrC	.48	5.5	8	7	11	11	11	
1 11-16	⅛	Marlnde			8	50	1⅛	13-16	13-16	
17⅝	8	Marine	.28e	1.6	6	82	17	16⅝	17	
22⅝	20	Marm pf2.25		11.		19	20½	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
8⅝	4⅛	Marshln			11	37	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
23⅝	11⅝	MartPr	.40	3.3	6	12	12	12	12	
15⅝	8⅛	Masind	.20	2.1		3	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
34	16⅛	MtlRsh	s.20	.6	16	8	33	32⅝	33	+ ⅛
17⅝	9⅝	Matrix s			14	3	17	17	17	
5½	2⅝	MaulTec			10	4	4	4	4	— ⅛
8⅛	3⅝	McCulO			33	2421	u 8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ½
6⅝	3⅛	McKeon			4	16	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
23½	14⅛	Means	1.20	5.5	6	48	22⅛	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
11⅝	7⅝	Medalst	.56	5.4	5	2	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
7	2⅝	MediaGe			15	254	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
27⅝	17	MediaG	.72	2.7	9	22	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	+ ⅛
19⅝	10⅝	Meenan	n.24	1.6	9	22	15⅝	14⅝	15	— ⅛
13½	7	Megalnt	.24	2.4	5	21	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
25⅝	12⅝	MEMCo	1	6.6	7	6	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
13⅝	8⅝	MercSL	.50b	4.3	5	6	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	
12	6⅛	MetPro	.15	1.5	9	41	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
13⅝	7⅝	Metex	.40	3.6	6	2	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	
27⅝	20	Metsth	.32	1.3	23	103	25⅛	24⅛	25⅛	
3⅝	1⅝	MichGen			12	24	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
11⅝	5	MchSug	.40	3.7	19	86	11⅛	10⅝	10⅞	— ⅛
5⅝	3⅛	Micklbry	.16	3.1		2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
13⅝	6	MidldCo	.30	3.2	4	18	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ½
23⅝	13⅛	MidlBls	.48b	2.4	10	29	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
52	46⅝	MissP pf	5	11.		z50	48⅛	47½	47⅛	+ ⅛
8	2½	MlsenIT			7	172	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝	+ ½
25⅝	23⅝	MitchlE s			13	186	25⅛	24⅝	25	
24½	12⅝	MiteCp	.60	2.7	8	14	22½	22⅛	22¼	+ ¼
46⅝	38⅝	MonP pf4.40		11.		z100	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	+ 1½
19⅝	11	Moog	.40b	2.4	10	1	17	17	17	
10½	6	MtgGth	.76e	7.5	15	7	10⅛	10	10⅛	
9	4½	MortnSh	.32	5.4	4	11	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
27	16⅛	MtVMll	1a	4.2	4	1	24	24	24	+ ⅛
13⅝	8⅛	MovStr	.60	5.3	5	1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
7⅝	1⅝	Movielab			5	46	5⅝	5	5⅝	— ⅛
		— N—N—N —								
18⅝	11	NFC n	.20	1.3	9	17	15⅛	15	15	
17⅝	9⅛	Nasco	.20	1.7	7	21	12⅛	12	12	
11⅝	4⅛	Nardo	.20	1.9	9	3	10½	10½	10½	+ ⅛
14¼	11	NCmSt	n.50	4.0	8	27	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	
12⅝	5⅛	NatEdu	.68t	6.1	7	38	11⅛	11	11⅛	— ¼
16½	10	NHltE			8	12	16	16	16	
4	1⅝	NKinney				45	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
10½	4⅝	NtPatent				96	8⅝	8⅛	8⅝	+ ⅛
7	5	NtSecR	.60	8.9	10	1	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	NtSilvr	.20e	4.1		3	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞	+ ⅛
7	3	NtSpinn	.24	4.2	6	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
14⅛	3	NelsLB	.72i	6.5	10	191	11½	10⅝	11⅛	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅞	NestLM	.05e	1.5	9	3	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
2⅛	1⅛	NHdrlo	.04e	3.7	8	29	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
19⅝	9	NMxAr	.30e	1.7	59	9	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+ ½
10⅝	5⅝	NProc	.55e	6.9	8	36	8⅝	8	8	
30⅝	23	NYTim	.90	3.4	18	45	26⅛	24⅝	26⅛	+ 1⅛
12½	5⅝	NewbE	.50	4.3		37	11⅝	11⅛	11½	— ⅛
14⅝	10⅝	Newcor	s.56	5.1	5	2	11	11	11	
⅝	3-16	Newcrp wt				11	5-16	¼	¼	
5	3	Nexus			6	16	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
31½	17⅝	NiagFSv	.80	3.1	7	4	25⅝	26	26⅛	— ⅛
6½	3⅝	Nichols	.02r	.5	4	103	4⅝	3⅞	4⅛	+ ½
3¼	1⅛	NoelInd				1	2	2	2	+ ⅛
11⅝	3⅛	Nolex				17	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
12⅝	7½	Norin	.40	3.4	4	6	11⅝	11½	11⅝	— ⅛
13½	10⅝	Norl pf 1.50		12.		6	12⅝	12⅛	12⅝	+ ¼
25	6⅝	Nortek	.08	1.0	5	96	8⅛	7⅝	7⅝	
25⅝	13⅝	NoARoy	.24	1.4	5	28	17⅝	17	17	— ⅛
15	7⅝	NoCdO g			19	89	12⅝	12⅛	12⅝	
48	40⅝	NIPS pf4.25		10.		z100	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	+ ⅛
19⅝	10	NuclDta			10	9	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
41⅝	18	Numac g.07i				206	38⅝	37½	37⅝	— ⅛
		— O—O—O —								
9⅝	2⅝	OEA	.10e	1.4		6	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	
17⅛	9⅝	Oakwd	.12b	.8	6	15	14⅝	14½	14½	
9⅝	4⅝	OhArt	.24	4.5	12	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
18	5⅝	OilaInd	.40e	4.5	8	43	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ¼
25	13⅝	OnLine	.24	1.0	15	15	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	
14	7½	OriolaH	.40a	3.3	5	2	12⅝	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
18⅝	13⅝	OSullvn	.80	5.0	5	2	16	16	16	— ¼
7⅝	1⅝	OxfordFl			11	18	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
9⅝	4½	OzarkA	.15e	2.4	6	53	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ¼
		— P—Q —								
3⅝	⅜	PF Ind				70	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	
17¼	14¼	PGEpfA	1.50	10.		13	15	14⅝	14⅝	
16	13	PGEpfB	1.37	10.		2	13½	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
14⅝	11	PGEpfD	1.25	10.		15	12⅝	11⅝	12¼	— ¼
14⅝	11⅝	PGEpfE	1.25	10.		2	12¼	12¼	12¼	+ ¼
14⅝	11⅝	PGEpfG	1.20	10.		6	11⅝	d11¼	11⅝	— ⅛
29½	24½	PGEpfW	2.57	10.		62	25⅛	25	25	
26½	21⅝	PGEpfV	2.32	10.		11	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	
29⅝	24⅝	PGEpfT	2.54	10.		10	25⅝	24⅝	25¼	— ½
30⅝	25	PGEpfS	2.62	10.		17	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	
13½	10¼	PGEpfR	1.12	10.		1	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
27⅛	22¼	PGEpfR	2.37	10.		2	23	23	23	— 1
24⅝	19⅝	PGEpfP	2.05	9.9		1	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	— ¼
23	19⅝	PGEpfO	2	9.9		5	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	
26	20⅝	PGEpfL	2.25	10.		5	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
24	19⅝	PGEpfK	2.04	10.		5	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	
26	21⅝	PGEpfJ	2.32	10.		4	23⅛	23⅛	23¼	+ 1⅛
27⅝	13⅝	PacTrst	1	4.8	11	9	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	+ ⅛
21	9⅝	PacScle	.40	2.7	8	43	15⅛	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
38⅝	27⅝	PallCp	.52	1.4	16	69	u38⅝	38	38	— ⅛
5⅝	3⅝	Panfast	.30	7.5	8	29	4⅛	4	4	— ⅛
22⅝	13⅝	Paradyn n			27	65	21⅝	21	21¼	— ⅛
6¼	3⅝	ParaPk				1	6	6	6	
19¼	11	ParkCh	.60	3.9	5	2	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
7⅝	2⅝	ParkEl			13	47	u 8⅛	7⅝	8	+ ⅛
24½	23⅛	Parsons s			9	22	25	24½	24½	— ½
14	6½	Patagon			6	12	13½	13½	13½	
16⅝	7⅝	PatoC	.2e	12.	6	14	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
10⅝	5⅝	PeerTu	.32	3.3	5	2	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
3	⅝	PennDix wd				15	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
20⅝	18⅝	PenEM	.60	3.0	7	16	20	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
17½	13⅝	PenTr	1	6.7	5	1	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
4⅝	2⅝	PECp	.55t	15.	10	24	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
22⅝	14⅝	PenRE	1.65	7.4	9	4	22⅝	22¼	22⅝	
2⅛	⅝	Penlron			11	7	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
33¼	24⅝	PepBoys	1b	3.2	6	1	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	— ¼
23⅝	16	PepCom	.60	3.6	6	40	17	16⅝	16¼	— ⅛
15¼	8½	Pertal	.40	2.8	14	18	14⅝	14	14⅝	— ⅛
19⅝	6½	PetLew			15	159	19⅝	18⅝	19⅝	+ ⅛
13⅝	13	PetLe pf1.65		12.		68	13⅝	d12⅝	13	
10⅝	7½	PhilLD	.68r	8.5	4	46	8	8	8	+ ⅛
5⅛	2	Phoenix				21	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
16⅛	7	PicNPay	.32	2.1	9	56	16	15½	15½	— ½
6⅝	3⅝	PlonrSys			1	125	5	4⅝	5	+ ⅛
6⅝	5⅝	PIttWVa	.56	9.7	7	19	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
38½	23⅝	Pittway	1.65	4.4	7	14	38⅝	37⅝	37⅝	— ⅛
7⅝	4⅝	Pizzatn n			9	60	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
10	4⅝	Planttod			23	31	9	8⅝	9	+ ⅛
11⅝	6⅝	PlyGm	.40b	4.3	4	21	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
3⅛	⅜	Polaron			2	9	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
22	18⅝	PrairleO g			18	24	19⅝	19	19⅝	+ ⅛
14⅝	10½	PrattLmb	1.10	8.5	6	1	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
7⅝	4⅛	PrattRd	.30	4.6	9	4	6½	6½	6½	
28	22⅛	PreaHa	1.36	5.4	9	99	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
5⅝	2⅛	PresRlA			1	5	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
5⅝	1⅝	PresRlB			1	34	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
21⅝	14⅝	Preston g.90				12	u21⅝	21½	21⅝	+ ⅛
22⅝	7	PrimMt			13	17	16½	16	16	— ¼
15	10⅝	PrpCT	1.34e	9.0	11	8	15	14⅝	14⅝	
13⅝	9½	ProvGas	.92	8.4	6	1	11	11	11	
7⅝	3⅝	PrdRE	.07i		39	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
19⅝	3⅝	PrudBld	.24	5.2	9	13	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
25⅝	21⅝	PsSP pfC2.34		11.		5	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
16⅝	7⅝	PutteH	s.24	1.7	4	29	14⅝	14⅛	14⅛	
13⅝	4⅝	PuntaG			11	2	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
13⅝	9⅝	Punta pf1.10		8.7		73	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+ 1⅛
8⅝	6⅝	Quallnn	n.30e	3.9	6	38	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
		— R—R—R —								
14⅝	9	RBInd	.24	1.8	9	54	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	
4⅝	2	REDM			5	21	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
3⅝	1⅝	RET				21	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
45⅝	42½	RET pf	4.38	9.5		1	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	
18	8⅝	RHMed	.20r	1.5	8	3	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	
4⅛	2⅛	RSC	.10	3.1	13	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
8⅝	5⅝	Ragan	.10e	1.4	9	1	7	7	7	— ⅛
28⅝	12⅝	RnchEx	.30e	1.6	6	63	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+ ⅛
28⅝	10⅝	RangrO g				603	u29⅛	27⅝	28⅝	+ 1
32⅛	21⅝	Ransbrg	1.20	3.8	8	18	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	
4⅛	1½	RapAm wt				50	3	2⅝	3	
5⅝	2	RathP				54	4½	4⅛	4½	+ ⅛
27⅝	13½	Raylnd	.40	2.2	14	5	18⅝	18	18⅛	+ ⅛
5⅝	2⅝	Reading			8	22	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
21⅝	14½	REInv	1.60	7.7	11	2	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
13⅝	10	RflacT	1.40	12.	4	5	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
2⅛	1⅛	Redlaw				12	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
5⅝	2⅛	ReevesT			250	4	5	5	5	
8½	4	RefaTr	.28	5.1	4	10	5½	5½	5½	
16⅛	8⅛	RegalB	.72	4.7	9	13	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ½
22½	14⅛	RemAr	1a	4.5	7	44	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
9½	7⅝	RepGyp	s.24	3.1	4	7	7⅝	d 7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
42½	32	RepNY	2	4.9	5	5	40⅝	40½	40½	+ ⅛
24⅛	22	RNY pf 2.12		9.3		3	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	
25⅝	11⅝	ResbCot	.24	1.6	9	53	15⅝	15	15	
40⅝	20½	Resrt A			6	1095	39⅝	38⅝	39⅛	+ 1⅝
22⅝	16⅝	Resrt wt				364	19⅝	18⅝	19	+ 1
108	27	Resrt B			9	z9080	61⅛	55	57½	
5⅝	2⅝	RestAsc			8	8	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
13⅝	5	RexNare			8	40	9⅝	9½	9⅝	— ⅛
22⅝	14⅝	RioiOil n				51	20⅛	19	19⅝	+ ⅛
9⅝	3⅝	RibletP	.12	2.1	4	24	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
10⅛	4⅝	Richton	.44	6.8	14	108	7	6½	6½	— ½
56⅝	27½	RileyCo			10	47	55½	55⅛	55½	+ ½
15⅝	8⅝	Robntch				48	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ½
7½	4½	Roblin	.12	2.0	5	12	6⅛	6	6	
28⅝	20⅝	Rogers	s.12	.4	16	13	27⅝	27	27⅝	— ⅛
7⅝	4⅝	Rossmr			4	4	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
6	1⅝	RoyPalm			31	15	2½	2½	2½	
3	1⅛	Rusco			44	68	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
6	2½	RBW Cp			5	9	4	3⅝	4	
19	10⅝	Russell	.48	4.0	4	4	12⅛	12	12	
		— S—S—S —								
13½	8¼	SGL	.25b	2.5	6	4	10⅛	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
3½	1⅝	SMD			4	14	2	2	2	— ⅛
9½	4	SSP				10	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
3¼	1⅝	SCarlo				8	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
81½	70¼	SDgo pf7.88		11.		z100	72¼	72¼	72¼	— ¼
24⅝	14⅝	SFrRE	1.60	7.1	17	5	22⅝	22½	22½	— ⅛
3	7-16	SFRE wt				2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
23⅝	18⅝	SonJW	1.60	7.3	8	3	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
14⅛	5½	Sandgte	.40	4.4	4	3	9	8⅝	9	+ ⅛
8⅝	5	SchelbE	.56	11.	21	25	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
20⅝	12⅝	Schault	1	5.1	4	7	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
9	2⅛	Schiller			10	107	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
6	2⅝	Schrodr	.04i		7	2	3	3	3	
9⅝	6⅝	Schwab	n.30	3.5	8	7	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
5⅝	2⅛	SciMgt	.10	2.8	8	1	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
44⅝	29⅝	Scope	.50	1.1	8	2	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	
52	20⅛	ScurryR g			16	11	44⅝	43½	43½	— 1⅝
13½	3⅝	Sealctro	.94t	7.7	8	36	12⅝	12⅝	12¼	+ ⅛
2⅝	1	Seaport				11	1⅝	1⅝	1⅛	
5⅝	2⅝	SearsInd			6	3	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
4⅝	2⅝	SecMtg			27	13	4⅝	4	4	— ⅛
9⅝	6⅛	Selas	.36	4.5	9	12	8⅝	8	8	— ⅛
8⅛	4⅝	Srvisco	.40	5.9	5	Q1	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
5⅝	2⅝	Servo				5	4½	4½	4½	
8⅝	4	ShaerS	.40e	5.5	5	5	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
10½	8½	Sharon	s.50	5.3	7	17	9⅝	9½	9⅝	+ ⅛
8⅝	5	Showin	.40	7.4	5	14	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
7⅝	2½	SheltrR			5	13	3⅝	3½	3⅝	
7	3⅛	Shbowatl			9	12	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
26⅝	19	Showbt	1	4.5	7	45	22½	22	22¼	+ ⅛
28⅝	13⅝	Slerrcli	.30	1.3	11	8	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅛
8¼	7⅛	Slfco s	.28	3.3	7	4	8⅝	8¼	8⅝	— ⅛
20½	10	Sigma	.40	2.4	7	2	15⅝	15½	15½	+ ⅛
10⅝	7⅛	SikesA	.45e	5.6	4	7	8	7⅝	8	
18½	10⅛	Sllolnc	.40	2.3	5	87	18	16½	17⅝	+ 1½
13	5⅝	Silvrcst			38	10	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
5⅝	3⅝	SImcoS	.25b	6.1	9	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
7	2⅝	Solitron			16	194	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
27½	20⅝	SonderB	.40	1.6	8	30	25½	25⅝	25½	+ ⅛
14⅛	5⅝	SorgPap	.33e	2.7	3	1	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
13⅛	10	SCEd pf1.06		10.		10	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
13	10	SCEd pf1.08		10.		2	10½	10½	10½	+ ⅛
13⅝	11⅛	SCEd pf1.19		10.		3	12⅛	11⅝	11⅝	
28	24⅝	SCEd pf2.48		9.2		z50	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	— ½
17⅝	13	SCEd pf1.45		9.8		5	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+ ⅛
19⅝	16⅝	SCEd pf1.30		6.8		3	19	19	19	
27⅛	20⅝	SCEd pf2.30		9.3		4	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	+ ⅛
10⅝	7¼	SwFlBk	.50	5.9	6	46	8½	8½	8½	
27⅝	24	SwFIB pf2.18		8.7		1	25	25	25	+ ⅛
15⅝	9	SpectyR			7	2	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
15	6⅝	Spector	.42e	3.4	4	38	12½	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
6⅝	3½	Spectro	.19t	3.7		51	5⅛	5	5⅛	— ⅛
6⅛	3	Spencer	.16	3.8	8	40	4⅝	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
5⅝	4⅝	Splentex	.24	5.1	8	3	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
26⅝	15⅛	StaffrdL			13	4	26½	26⅛	26½	
27	20½	StCoasa	1.60	6.8	8	5	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅛
15⅝	6	StdMetl			158	23	14⅝	14⅛	14⅛	
31⅝	20⅝	StdShr	.60t	1.9	8	25	u31½	31⅛	31⅛	+ ½
12⅝	4⅝	Stonge	.29	2.9	8	18	7⅝	7	7	— ⅛
6⅝	3⅛	Stonwd			3	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
14	11⅝	StarSup	s.80	5.9	4	12	13⅝	13½	13½	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅛	Stardust			1	3	1½	1½	1½	
8⅝	4	Steelml	.24b	2.9	8	234	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ½
23⅝	16	StepnCh	.80	3.6	8	11	22	21⅝	22	+ ⅛
1⅞	15-16	SterlEl			7	36	1⅝	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
4⅝	2⅛	Stevknll				15	3	3⅝	3	+ ⅛
18⅝	6½	StrutW	.30b	1.8	20	48	17½	17	17	— ⅛
17⅝	7	Sunalr	.60	5.5	6	12	11⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
31⅝	14	Sundnc	.16b	.5	148	394	u32⅝	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅛
8⅝	5⅛	SunshJr	.40	4.6	6	10	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
12¼	8⅝	SusInd	s.25	3.0	5	30	8⅝	d 8¼	8¼	— ⅛
11½	6	SupSurg	.32	3.0	7	15	10⅝	10½	10½	+ ⅛
36¼	29½	Supron s			24	96	32½	31¾	32	
9⅝	4⅞	Susqueh			6	21	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
13⅝	9½	Susan pf	1	10.		3	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
1⅛	⅝	SutrMtg wt				7	1	1	1	
7⅛	3½	Synloy	.30b	4.5	13	27	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
44¼	24½	Syntex	1.10	2.6	11	1050	42	41½	41⅝	— ⅝
23½	19⅝	Sysco s	.40	1.8	8	74	22⅝	22½	22⅝	+ ⅛
23⅝	10⅝	SystEng			10	36	13⅝	13½	13⅝	— ⅛
8⅝	3⅞	SysPln	.20	4.4	4	6	4⅝	4½	4½	
		— T—T—T —								
12½	6⅛	TEC	.40	4.6	9	38	8⅞	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
4⅛	1⅞	TFI			8	20	2¾	2½	2¾	+ ⅛
19⅝	8⅝	TabPd	.20	1.1	9	79	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝	+ ¼
5⅝	3⅝	Tollevin wt				14	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
14⅛	7	Tonnel	.28	3.9	5	9	7¼	7⅛	7¼	+ ⅛
16⅝	11⅛	Tasty	1.20b	9.9		3	12⅛	11¾	12⅛	+ ⅛
3½	1¼	TechSym			12	468	3⅝	3	3¼	+ ⅛
13⅝	4	TechOp			8	14	10⅞	10¼	10⅝	+ ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	TechTp	.07r	3.3	10	24	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
7	3⅝	Teclrol	.24	4.1	6	2	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞	+ ⅛
53⅝	19⅝	TelonR			44	20	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	+ ⅛
18	7⅝	TeleCm	.60	3.6	5	28	16½	16¼	16½	+ ⅜
32	15⅛	Telflex	.40	1.4	13	29	29¼	29	29¼	
22¼	12	Telsci	.60	3.5	11	17	17¼	17	17	
6	1⅞	Tenna				33	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
10⅝	4⅛	TerraC	.10i			43	8½	8¼	8¼	
15	5⅝	TetraT			16	44	10⅝	10	10½	+ ⅛
15⅝	7⅞	TexiAir	.16	1.4	12	159	11⅞	10⅝	11⅝	+ ⅜
53½	48	TxPL pf4.56		9.5		z200	48	d47	48	
22⅝	13⅝	Textron wt				1	18	18	18	+ 1
1⅝	½	ThorCp				5	13-16	13-16	13-16	
5⅝	2⅝	Thorofar			11	17	4¼	4	4½	— ⅛
27⅝	14½	Thriftm	1.20	4.8	5	3	25	25	25	— ¼
7	3	Tidwell			4	13	5¼	5	5¼	+ ¼
8⅝	4⅝	TobKtz	n.25	2.9	5	44	8⅝	8⅝	8½	— ¼
46¼	37⅝	TolEd pf4.25		11.		z250	39	38⅝	38⅝	— ⅛
80	71	TolEd pf7.76		11.		z100	73	73	73	— 1
107½	90	TolEdpf	10	11.		z10	90	90	90	— 1½
14	6⅛	ToppsG	.28	4.4		16	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
17⅝	10⅝	TorlnCp	.80	5.6	6	13	14⅝	14	14⅝	+ ⅛
27¼	9⅝	TotlPet g.32				393	25¼	23¾	24⅝	— 1
19¼	4¾	TotPet wt				221	17	15⅝	15⅝	— 1⅛
5⅝	2	TownCtry			9	15	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
8½	4¼	TrnsLux	.10e	1.4	8	59	7½	7	7⅜	+ ⅜
12⅝	7⅝	TransOil	.05e	.5		97	10⅝	10½	10½	— ¼
8⅝	4⅝	Tredwy	.20	2.9	12	55	7¼	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
18⅝	9⅝	TrioCo	.20	1.8	7	20	10⅞	10⅝	10⅞	+ ⅛
12¼	8½	TrltnOG n				251	11⅝	10¾	10¾	
40⅝	6½	TubaM			14	98	31¼	30⅝	30⅝	+ ⅜
8⅝	7¼	TuboM wt				137	7¾	7⅝	7¾	+ ⅛
7⅝	3⅛	TwinFr	.20	3.6	8	13	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ¼
		— U—U—U —								
12½	7¼	U&I			57	5	10¾	10½	10¾	+ ¼
3⅝	1⅝	UDS				10	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
5⅝	2⅝	UIP	.24	4.5	9	191	5½	5⅛	5⅝	
7⅝	2⅛	UNA	.20	3.0	5	26	6⅝	6½	6⅝	+ ⅛
7⅞	4⅛	URS	.40b	5.8	8	107	6⅞	6¾	6⅞	+ ⅛
8¼	4⅝	Unimax			10	14	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	
7⅛	6¼	Unimax pf				5	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
15⅝	11⅝	UAirPd	.64b	4.8	7	5	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
17½	11	UnCasF	.66a	4.2	8	76	15⅝	14⅝	15⅝	+ 1½
3⅝	1⅝	UnFoods	.05e	2.1	119	71	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	+ ⅛
17⅝	9⅝	USFIIr	.32	2.2	8	153	14½	14¼	14¼	+ ¼
11⅝	7¼	UnRlIT	.83e	7.5	13	32	11	11	11	
¼	1-32	UnRlIT wt				62	1-16	1-16	1-16	
4⅛	2⅛	USRdium			7	3½	3⅜	3⅝		— ⅛
20	13¼	USRbR	1a	5.0	9	39	20	19½	20	+ ⅛
12½	6½	UnityB			14	63	11	10½	11	+ ⅜
6	3⅝	UnivCig	.05	.9	4	4	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
17½	10⅝	UnivRs	.32	1.8	17	441	u18	16⅝	17⅝	+ 1
		— V—V—V —								
16¾	10⅝	Valmac	.80	7.9	11	14	10⅝	d10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
8¾	5⅛	Valspar	.36	4.5	6	6	8	7⅞	8	+ ⅛
3	2	ValueL	.06e	2.0		11	u 3⅛	3	3	
4¼	1⅝	Veril			6	5	2⅛	2	2	— ⅛
33⅝	16½	VermtA	.32b	1.6	8	3	20	20	20	
9⅝	4¼	Vernitrn	.10	1.3	7	128	8⅛	7⅝	7⅝	
8	1½	Vesely			29	123	u 9⅝	8¼	8⅜	+ ⅜
4	1⅛	Viatech				24	2	2	2	— ⅛
7¼	2⅛	VintageE			2	33	3½	3⅛	3½	+ ⅛
12⅝	7	Vishay			7	10	9⅞	9½	9⅞	+ ⅜
6⅝	3¼	VisualG	.16	2.9	8	33	5½	5⅛	5½	+ ¼
5⅝	2½	ValMer	.12e	2.3	5	25	5¼	5¼	5¼	+ ⅛
16¾	9½	Voplex	.52	4.8	5	17	11⅛	10⅝	10⅞	
7⅛	2¾	VulcCp	.20	2.9	5	25	7	6⅝	6⅞	
		— W—W—W —								
7½	2⅝	WTC	.02i		73	58	3¾	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
9⅝	6⅝	Wackht	.40b	4.8	7	54	8⅝	8¼	8¼	
25⅝	10⅛	Walnoco	.12	.5	18	69	24⅝	23¾	24¼	+ ½
25⅝	18	Walco	.80b	3.6	7	11	22½	22	22½	+ ⅜
11¾	4⅝	Wallcs	.12	2.3	16	66	5¼	5	5⅛	— ¼
24½	17	Wang B	s.16	.7	19	126	22⅝	22⅛	22¼	+ ⅜
25¼	18⅝	Wang C	s.06	.3	20	14	23	22⅞	22⅞	
17⅜	9¼	WardsCo	.20	1.8	3	14	11½	11⅛	11¼	— ½
3½	1⅝	WshHm			21	13	2½	2⅛	2½	+ ⅛
26¾	21⅝	WshPst	s.36	1.4	10	5	24⅝	24⅛	24⅝	+ ¼
31⅝	20⅝	WRIT	2.12	6.9	16	1	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	
8⅝	5	Watsco	.30	4.1	9	3	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
19¾	17¾	Withrd n			16	58	18⅝	18	18	
19½	7¾	WeldTu	.30b	1.7	7	11	18⅛	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
5¼	3½	Wellco	.12e	2.2	30	26	u 5½	5⅜	5⅜	+ ⅛
21⅝	19⅝	Wstbrn	g 5.70	3.6		83	20½	d19½	19⅝	— ⅛
38⅝	11½	WstFin	.52	1.6	5	92	32⅝	31⅝	32¼	+ ¼
15⅝	10⅝	WPacRR n			3	36	12⅛	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅜
17¾	3⅞	Whippny	.20	1.9		16	10½	10	10⅜	+ ¼
7½	4¼	WhitCbl	.40	7.0	4	25	6	5¾	5¾	— ⅛
7⅝	3⅞	Whitehall			7	11	6¼	6⅛	6¼	+ ⅛
9⅝	2	Wichita	.45t	4.8	36	72	9½	9	9⅜	+ ⅜
20	8⅞	Wmhous	.60	3.0	13	44	20	19⅝	20	+ ¼
4	1⅞	WilsnB	.15i			12	2⅛	2	2	
22	10¼	Wincorp	.40	2.1	52	5	19¼	19¼	19¼	— ¼
10½	6¼	Winkim	.44	5.2	6	2	8⅝	8½	8½	+ ⅛
51	44	WisP pf 4.50		10.		z20	43¾	d43⅝	43¾	— ½
3⅝	2	WollHB	.10e	3.5	11	5	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
14½	10⅛	Wdstrm n	.60	5.7	5	36	10⅝	10½	10½	— ⅛
11½	4¼	WkWear	.40	4.0	6	66	10	9⅝	10	+ ⅜
18⅝	10	Wrathr	.10e	.6	81	6	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
17-16	¾	WrightH g				46	1 3-16	1⅛	1 3-16	
33½	17⅝	Wynnin	.60	2.2	8	77	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	— ⅛
16	11½	WvmBn	.72	5.1	7	22	14⅛	13⅞	14⅛	+ ⅜
		— X—Y—Z —								
8	2	Xonics				11	4¼	4⅛	4¼	— ⅛
22⅝	11⅛	ZeroCp	.46	2.4	9	13	20⅝	20	20¼	
17	7	Zimmer	.36	4.6	3	8	7¾	7⅝	7¾	— ⅛

Sales figures are unofficial.

d—New yearly low. u—New Yearly high.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. i—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split-up. j—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last divident meeting. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. r—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

x—Ex-dividend or ex-rights. y—Ex-dividend and sales in full. z—Sales in full.

Toronto Stocks

Closing Prices September 12, 1979

Quotations in Canadian funds. All quotes cents unless marked $

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Close	Ch'ge
15638	Abitibi	$20⅝	20	20	— ¼
200	Acklands	$16⅝	16⅛	16⅝	
9117	Agnico E	$7⅝	7½	7½	— ⅛
1459	Agra Ind A	$6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
24255	Alta Gas A	$24⅞	24¼	24¼	— ½
2300	Alta Nat	$70	69	70	+ 1
705	Algo Cent	$21½	21	21½	— ½
12875	Am Barza	$21⅝	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
1340	Andres W A	$13¼	13	13¼	+ ⅛
550	Argus C pr	$9⅝	9¼	9⅝	— ⅛
787	Asbestos	$42¼	42	42⅛	— ⅛
5250	Atco A	$19½	19⅛	19½	+ ¼
48588	BP Can	$36½	34½	36¼	+ 1½
16004	Bank N S	$24¼	24	24	— ⅛
400	Bralor Res	$17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
2275	Bramalea	$21¼	20⅝	21	— ¼
5647	Brenda M	$22⅝	22	22	— ½
1250	BCFP	$27⅛	26⅝	26⅞	— ⅛
10686	BC Phone	$17⅝	17	17⅝	+ ⅛
47142	Brunswk	$11½	11	11¼	+ ¼
2100	Budd Can	$8	7⅝	8	+ ⅛
1150	CAE	$13¼	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
4448	Cad Frv	$22⅝	22¼	22¼	— ⅛
101142	Cal Pow A	$45⅝	45¼	45½	+ ¼
3740	Camflo	$17⅝	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
50689	C Nor West	$16	15	15⅝	+ ⅛
11080	C Packrs	$29	28⅝	29	+ ½
7577	Can Perm	$18⅛	18	18	— ⅛
715	Can Trust	$25½	25¼	25¼	— ⅛
100	C Tung	$25½	25½	25½	+ ⅛
502	CCablesy A	$12⅝	12	12	
2850	Cdn Cel	$9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
200	CGE	$31	31	31	
7442	Cl Bk Com	$27	26½	27	+ ⅛
6038	Cdn Tire A	$28⅝	28	28⅝	+ ⅝
965	C Uilties	$20	19⅝	19⅝	— ¼
1806	Candel Oil	$51½	50⅝	51½	— 1⅛
10920	Cassiar	$12½	12	12½	+ ¼
2780	Celanese	$5½	5⅝	5½	+ ⅛
19820	Cherokee	$11⅝	11¼	11⅝	+ ⅛
400	CHUM	$11	11	11	— ½
21300	Con Distrb	$15⅝	15	15	— ½
35065	Cons Gas	$27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	
103	Con Fardv	380	380	380	+ 5
4625	Conwest	$7⅝	7	7⅝	— ¼
145745	Coseka R	$11⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
27190	Craigmt	$7½	7⅛	7½	+ ⅛
2710	Crush Intl	$14¼	13⅝	14¼	+ ⅛
14180	Cyprus	$16⅝	16	16¼	— ⅛
38300	Czar Res	$14⅝	14⅛	14⅝	+ ¼
8917	Daon Dev	$19⅝	19½	19⅝	— ⅛
89304	Denison	$30¼	29⅝	30¼	+ ⅜
6500	Dicknsn	$9½	9¼	9⅛	
3075	D Bridge	$38¼	37¾	38¼	
1670	Dofasco A	$35½	35	35¼	+ ½
110	Dom Store	$19⅝	19¼	19⅝	
1300	Du Pont A	$22⅝	22½	22½	
2000	Electhom A	490	480	480	— 5
2050	Emco	$11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	+ ⅛
11870	Falcon C	$8⅝	8½	8½	— ¼
3737	Fibrg Nik A	$72½	72¼	72½	— ⅛
600	Fed Ind A	$7	7	7	
1800	Francana	$13½	13⅛	13¼	— ⅛
500	Fraser	$15¾	15¼	15⅝	+ ¼
7895	G M Res	$6½	6⅛	6⅜	— ⅛
1800	G Distrb A	$7¾	7⅝	7¾	— ⅛
2300	G Distrb w	270	270	270	+ 5
21450	Gibraltar	$9⅛	8⅞	9	+ ⅛
200	Goodyear	$22	21	21	— 1
300	Graft G	$16¼	16¼	16¼	— ¼
15300	Granduc	225	215	215	— 5
2000	GL Forest	$48¾	48	48½	— ¼
950	Greyhnd	$22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	+ ¼
500	H Group A	430	430	430	
1900	Hard Crp A	293	290	290	— 2
9717	Harlequin	$16⅝	16	16⅛	+ ⅛
15820	Hawker	$17	16½	16½	— ⅛
2156	Hayes D	$9⅝	9½	9½	+ ⅛
12650	H Bay Co	$27½	27¼	27¼	— ⅛
17883	IAC	$16¼	15⅝	16	
2850	Indal	$14⅝	14	14¼	+ ¼
400	Indusmin	$18	18	18	— 1
621	Inland Gas	$14	14	14	
633	Inl Mogul	$6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
8970	Inlpr Pipe	$18½	18⅝	18⅝	+ ⅛
166	Inv Grp A	$17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
2700	Ivaco	$17½	17	17⅛	— ⅛
558	Jannock	$14	14	14	
102580	Kaiser Re	$34	32	34	
14550	Kam Kotia	$6⅛	5⅝	6	— ⅛
100	Kelsey H	$23½	23½	23½	
6125	Kerr Add	$11½	11⅛	11¼	— ⅛
6244	Labatt A	$24	23¾	24	+ ¼
6000	Lacana	$6⅝	6¼	6½	— ⅛
2670	LOnt Cem	$5¼	5¼	5¼	
8022	LL Lac	430	415	420	+ 5
332	Lob Co A	420	420	420	— 5
4193	Lob Co B	425	420	420	— 5
1630	Mclan H A	$22½	22½	22½	— ⅛
12875	MB Ltd	$28½	28¼	28¼	— ¼
1341	Est Mirtic	185	170	180	
4191	Molson A	$27⅝	27¼	27⅝	
270	Molson B	$25⅛	25	25⅛	— ⅛
8538	Moore	$38¾	38½	38½	— ¼
10850	Murphy	$27¼	26⅞	27	+ ⅛
82351	Noranda	$18⅝	18¼	18½	
501877	Norcen	$30	28⅝	29¾	+ ½
1221	N Tecm B w	$27	26½	27	— ⅛
600	Nowsco W	$39	39	39	
24937	Oakwood P	$15¼	14⅞	15¼	+ ½
55065	Ocelot B	$20⅝	19⅞	20⅛	+ ¼
22500	Oshawa A	$8⅝	8	8	— ¼
4320	Page Pet	$17¼	16½	17	— ½
6400	Pamour A	$8	7⅞	7⅞	
2260	PanCan P	$60⅝	60⅛	60⅛	
100	Patino N V	$22⅝	22¼	22¼	
12050	Pembina	$10½	10¼	10½	
6775	Petrofina	$43	42½	42½	— ⅛
13500	Peyto Oils	$16⅝	15⅝	16	
520	Pine Point	$36½	36¼	36¼	— ¼
18910	Place G	305	295	300	— 5
6918	Placer	$36⅝	36	36	— ¼
5370	Ram	$10¼	9¾	9¾	— ¼
300	Redpath	$14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
1575	Rd Stenhs A	$9½	9½	9½	+ ⅛
634	Reichhold	$14¼	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
13740	Revnu Prp	184	177	183	+ 3
2560	Roman	$38¾	38½	38¾	+ ¼
745	Rothman	$19⅝	19½	19½	
15890	Sceptre	$9⅛	8¾	9⅛	
850	Scotts A	$12⅝	12½	12⅝	+ ⅛
36425	Shell Can	$29¾	27¾	29½	+ 1
28926	Sherritt	$12⅛	11⅞	12	
200	Sigma	$30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	— ¼
14223	Simpsn S A	$8	7⅞	8	
5300	Slater Stl	$17½	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
1400	Southm	$26½	26⅛	26½	— ⅛
13298	Stelco A	$29½	28⅞	29¼	+ ⅜
900	Steep R	405	400	405	
17700	Sulpetro B	$16¼	15⅝	16⅛	+ ⅛
20175	Suncor pr	$27	26¾	26¾	— ¼
1000	Tara	$13¼	13⅛	13¼	+ ¼
9090	Teck Cor A	$19	18¼	18⅝	+ ⅜
9880	Teck Cor B	$17½	17⅛	17⅛	
525	Teledyne	$11	11	11	— ¼
2170	Tex Can	$80⅝	80	80	
7950	Thom N A	$15¼	14⅞	15	— ¼
2097	Tor Dm Bk	$24⅞	24½	24½	— ½
1058	Torstar B	$21½	21½	21½	— ¼
9517	Traders A	$16	15¾	16	+ ⅛
6018	Trns Mt	$11⅝	11	11⅝	+ ⅛
16651	TrCan PL	$23⅛	22¾	23⅛	+ ⅛
10700	Turbo Cl B	$15⅝	15	15	— ⅛
17050	UGas A	$11⅞	11¾	11⅞	+ ⅛
17550	Union Oil	$35⅝	34¼	35⅝	+ ⅞
2450	U Keno	$18	18	18	— ⅛
22070	U Siscoe	$11	10½	11	+ ⅜
315	Un Carbid	$23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	
1600	Van Der	$6	6	6	— ¼
3450	Versil Cor	$22¾	22¼	22¼	— ⅜
1900	Vestgron	$16½	16⅜	16⅜	
2140	Weldwod	$25⅝	25½	25½	
2420	West Mine	$7¾	7½	7⅝	— ¼
6300	Weston	$26¼	26	26	— ¼
9815	Woodwd A	$25½	25	25½	+ ¼
9250	Yk Bear	$8⅝	8⅜	8½	+ ¼

Total sales 8,404,166 shares.

Montreal Stocks

Closing Prices September 12, 1979

Quotations in Canadian funds. All quotes cents unless marked $

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Clos	Chg.
1475	Algoma St	$30¼	30	30	
3706	Bnk Mont	$24⅛	24	24	— ¼
300	Con Cmt	$13⅝	13⅛	13⅝	+ ⅛
975	Con Bath	$14⅝	14¼	14¼	+ ⅛
3900	Dom TxlA	$14	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
4100	FCA Int	330	315	325	
2946	Power Cp	$15	14⅝	14⅝	— ¼
1835	Royal Bk	$42⅝	42½	42⅝	
2549	Roy Trst Co	$15⅛	14⅞	15⅛	— ⅛
100	Steinbrg A	$27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	+ ⅛
14700	Utd Asbest	470	440	460	+ 15

Total sales 787,580 shares.

Canadian Indexes

September 13, 1979

	Close	Previous
Montreal	N.A.	310.58
Toronto	N.A.	1,727.10

Montreal: Stock Exchange Industrials index. Toronto: TSE 300 index.

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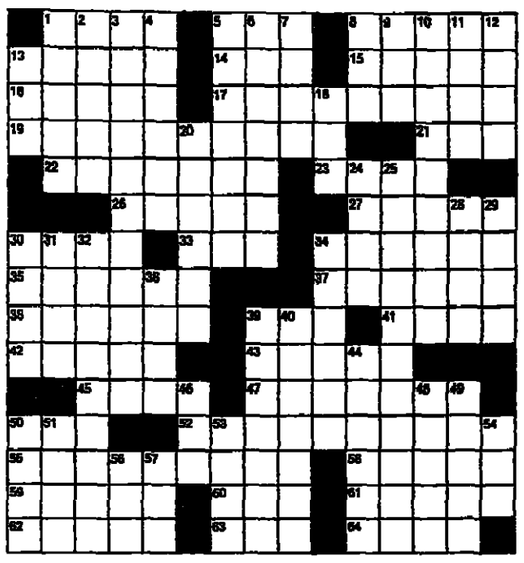
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2 —— mundi (vital force)
3 Part of H.R.E.
4 Omni and Cobo
5 Forced out
6 Trade route
7 Dotted with stars
8 Average
9 Sky sighting?
10 Type of facial feature
11 OPEC nation
12 Repair
13 *Relative of* blacktop
18 Sternward
20 *Estimate*
24 Nebraska Indian
25 *Type of* footwear
28 Over again
29 At the tail end
30 Pumpkin or cucumber
31 Rock entertainer Clapton
32 Actress from Boston
34 General assembly of legislators
36 ——off (annoyed)
39 Corrupt
40 Slavered
44 May from Philadelphia
46 Aggregate
48 Mouthlike opening
49 Scar on the seed of a bean
50 Conclude, with "up"
51 Word with run or spun
53 The "new gas"
54 The Oakland was one
56 ——loss (bewildered)
57 Nothing

Solution to Previous Puzzle

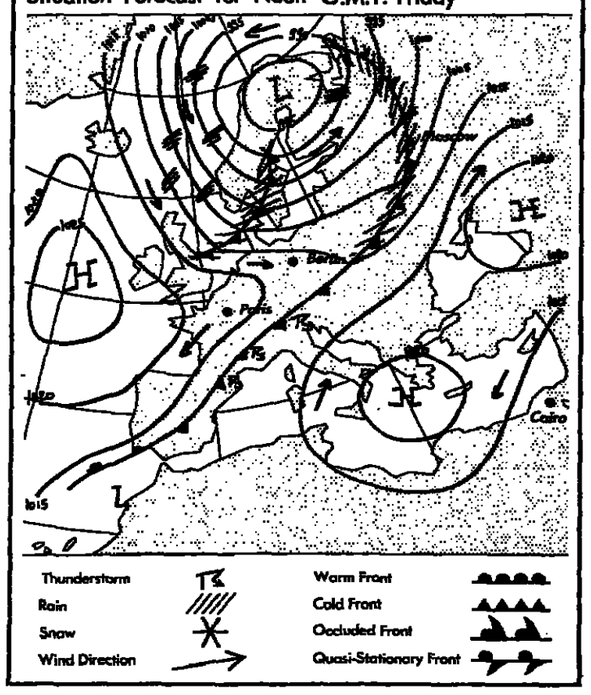
D	A	C	H	A	■	A	M	I	D	■	F	A	L	A
A	P	R	O	N	■	P	A	R	A	D	I	S	A	L
W	E	E	W	I	L	L	I	E	W	I	N	K	I	E
S	T	E	L	L	A	■	■	D	E	S	I	S	T	S
■	■	■	E	V	A	S	■	S	P	A	■	■	■	■
S	A	N	G	■	A	L	P	■	■	O	L	M	A	N
T	R	A	Y	■	L	O	O	T	E	R	■	A	L	I
R	U	M	P	E	L	S	T	I	L	T	S	K	I	N
I	L	E	■	N	E	T	T	L	E	■	P	O	K	E
P	E	D	A	L	■	■	E	E	G	■	Y	S	E	R
■	■	■	R	A	M	■	D	R	I	P	■	■	■	■
A	S	T	O	R	I	A	■	■	A	I	S	L	E	S
T	H	E	U	G	L	Y	D	U	C	K	L	I	N	G
T	E	N	S	E	■	N	E	S	S	■	E	A	T	I	T
Y	A	T	E	■	E	S	T	O	■	S	P	A	D	S

WEATHER

	C	F			C	F	
ALGARVE	20	68	Misty	MADRID	23	73	Cloudy
AMSTERDAM	17	63	Overcast	MIAMI	28	82	Cloudy
ANKARA			N.A.	MILAN	25	77	Misty
ATHENS	30	86	Fair	MONTREAL	18	58	Cloudy
BEIRUT	31	88	Fair	MOSCOW	13	55	Cloudy
BELGRADE	28	82	Fair	MUNICH	24	75	Fair
BERLIN	20	68	Overcast	NEW YORK	22	72	Cloudy
BRUSSELS	18	64	Overcast	NICE	25	77	Fair
BUCHAREST	27	81	Fair	OSLO	18	64	Cloudy
BUDAPEST	27	79	Fair	PARIS	21	70	Fair
CASABLANCA	24	75	Overcast	PRAGUE	24	75	Fair
COPENHAGEN	17	63	Overcast	ROME	27	81	Fair
COSTA DEL SOL	26	79	Overcast	SOFIA	23	73	Misty
DUBLIN	15	59	Cloudy	STOCKHOLM	14	57	Rain
EDINBURGH	15	59	Cloudy	TEHRAN			N.A.
FLORENCE	28	82	Misty	TEL AVIV	29	84	Fair
FRANKFURT	22	72	Misty	TOKYO	24	75	Fair
GENEVA	24	75	Misty	TUNIS	29	84	Cloudy
HELSINKI	13	55	Rain	VIENNA	23	73	Fair
HOUSTON	27	81	Cloudy	WARSAW	22	72	Fair
ISTANBUL	26	79	Fair	WASHINGTON	24	75	Cloudy
LAS PALMAS	25	77	Fair	ZURICH	23	73	Misty
LISBON	22	72	Cloudy				
LONDON	17	63	Fair				
LOS ANGELES	29	84	Cloudy				

(Yesterday's readings U.S. and Canada at 1700 GMT, Houston and Los Angeles at 2000 GMT; all others at 1200 GMT.)

Situation Forecast for Noon G.M.T. Friday



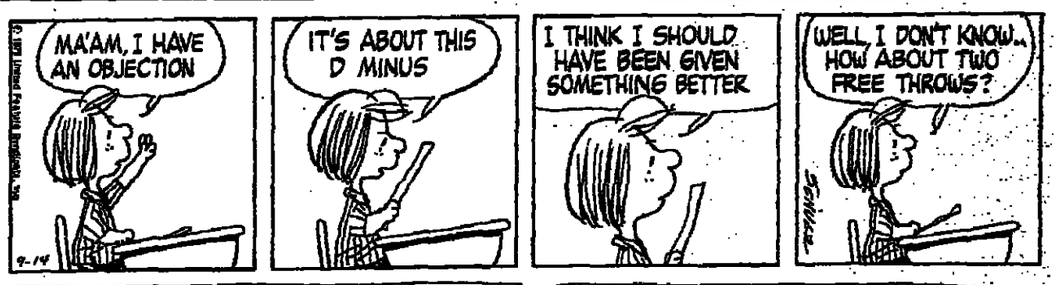
Italian Mafia Revives Old Custom In Etiquette for Vendetta Victims

BOVALINO, Italy, Sept. 13 (*UPI*) — Police said Tuesday the Mafia in this southern Calabria region has returned to its old custom of leaving a small wooden cross on the chest of its vendetta victims.

Officers said the practice, abandoned for decades, turned up again in the killing Sunday of Giovanni Zirilli, 27, of nearby Caraffa del Bianco. They said police found Mr. Zirilli's body in a group of trees where he had been killed by multiple gunshot wounds in an apparent vendetta.

They said Mr. Zirilli was apparently not killed because he had turned police informer. In such cases, Mafia killers usually place a large rock in the victim's mouth.

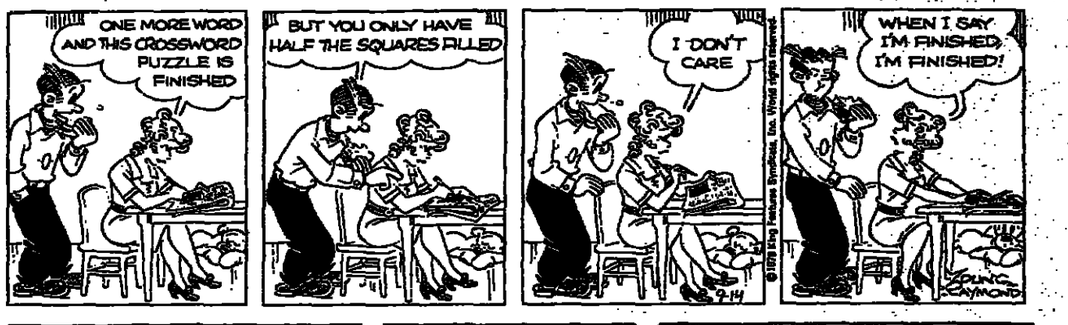
PEANUTS



B.C.



BLONDIE



BEETLE BAILEY



ANDY CAPP



WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN



DOONESBURY



JUMBLE. THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

POSOW

SHOWE

ENNKLE

UNBOAD



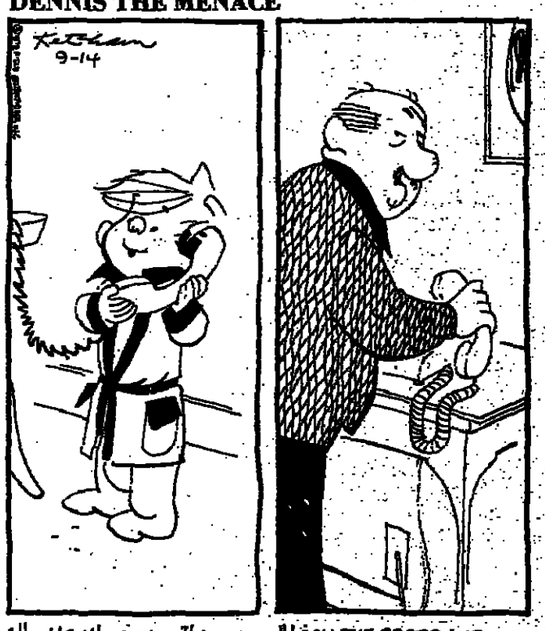
Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Answer: ____ HIS "____"

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: EPOCH CREEK FAMOUS ROBBER
Answer: What the monster visited his astrologer for—HIS "HORRORSCOPE"

DENNIS THE MENACE



"Registered as a newspaper at the Post Office"
"Printed in Great Britain"

BOOKS

SMALL FUTURES

Children, Inequality and the Limits of Liberal Re

By Richard de Lone, for the Carnegie Council on Child
Foreword by Kenneth Keniston. Harcourt Brace Jovano
258 pp. $12.95.

Reviewed by John Leonard

EVERYTHING in "Small Futures" is obvious. It is also radical. The obvious tends to sound radical after decades of systematic self-deception. We, in the United States, have deceived ourselves into thinking that we are a classless society, a "meritocracy" constructed according to egalitarian principles. To be sure, some of us are poor, but our children need not be. Just wait a generation. The public schools, related family services, various constitutional amendments and much legislation, most of it enacted in the 1960s, insure equality of opportunity for all our children. If, then, our children don't make it up a couple of rungs on the status ladder, it's their fault, or ours. Society is not to blame.

The facts — painstakingly gathered, efficiently organized and briskly reported by Richard de Lone, on behalf of the Carnegie Council on Children after seven years of research — tell a different story.

Fact: Jimmy and Bobby are second-graders in the same town in the United States, at different schools. Both pay attention in class, enjoy school, read slightly above grade level and score above average on IQ tests. Bobby is four times more likely than Jimmy to enter college, 12 times more likely to finish college and 27 times more likely to land a job that will pay him enough to put him in the top tenth of U.S. annual incomes. Jimmy has one chance in eight at earning a median income. Bobby's father is a lawyer making $35,000 a year. Jimmy's father is a high school dropout, a part-time messenger or custodial assistant, making $4,800 a year.

Fact: There is a perfect correlation between mean family income and how students score on their SAT's, or College-Board exams. In 1973-74, the mean family income of students scoring between 750 and 800, the top score, was $12,124; for students scoring between 200, the lowest score on the examination's bell curve, and 249, it was $8,639.

Fact: In the United States, white workers earn 50 percent more than black workers. The best-paid fifth of all white workers earns 600 percent more than the worst-paid fifth of all white workers. The best-paid of all workers black or white earns 800 percent more than the worst-paid fifth of all workers, black or white.

Fact: The relative position of the poor and the affluent in the United States hasn't changed significantly since the 19th century, and hasn't changed at all since World War II. Upward mobility is the exception, not the rule — a serendipitous conjunction of the right teacher in the right school at the right time with the right student.

How can this be, after the liberal reforms of the Jacksonians, the Progressive era of Theodore Roosevelt, the Great Society of Lyndon Johnson, food stamps and Head Start? We decide, conveniently, that the fault is not in the system, but in the individual, matriarchy, the "culture of poverty," the gene pool, black English or just plain laziness. If John Locke was right about the tabula rasa, and Adam Smith was right about the mechanisms of the free market, there is no excuse for failure except lack of talent and lack of will. Maybe if we abolished welfare, they, whoever they are, would have to "get their act together." One can imagine the Social Darwinians down at Commentary magazine nodding their heads off.

Mischievously, de Lo that just before World Wa al reformers like Henry decided, on the basis of that 83 percent of all i Jews were "feebleminded" mischievously, he points the federal government ington gives 15 times as m ey to the affluent, in the exemptions from taxation tal gains and municipal than it does to the poor, in of Aid to Families With D Children.

"Small Futures" treats pool, matriarchy and "c poverty" theses with the they deserve. These thes the victim — instead of t system that "quantifie "credentials," and "trac children into the appro predictable niches of t hierarchy; the welfare age lice procedures and juven that "stigmatize"; the psyc who invent "hyperkinesis plain boredom; the econo managerial arrangements ety that is all right with its and flat-out discriminato basis of race, sex and class

Obviously — there's g again — a child's develo conditioned by the history her situation, by the dom stitutions and their requ by a social context far la the family. A child's aspira limited to his or her exp We have it backward. I Lone says, change th change the society.

How? "Small Futures" proposals. The first is a velopmental psychology, t here from the findings of Cole, the psychologist an pologist, and there from ries on justice of Harva Rawls, to place children and history. The secon dalously, is to redistribu income, by means of full ment, meaning a guaran and tax credits — $1,40 and $2,800 an adult, wi body paying 50 percent in earned income, without rigged exemptions. Thus, fifth of all workers in th States would be making times as much as the bot This won't change the wo *measure of the world w* though, that such a reco tion sounds radical, in *sounding like the beginnir* ty and fairness.

John Leonard is on the st New York Times.

Calder Airpla To Be Repair

DALLAS (AP) — An that was painted by the l ander Calder and became the world's biggest "flyi ture" will soon become jus Braniff International jetli plane is scheduled to be o and repainted.

The DC-8's multicolo stract paint job — in brigh red, orange, yellow and bl designed by the artist and who personally supervi painting in 1973. Braniff plane on the South Ame and dubbed it "the flying South America."

At $100,000, the airb work was one of Braniff's pensive publicity ploys.

BRIDGE — By Alan T

ONE of the first things a beginner learns is that three no-trump is nearly always easier to make than five of a minor. The "nearly" is the tricky part, and presents difficulties to players at the highest level. Even if the hand is distinctly freakish, the no-trump game tends to be easier if one of the hands is balanced and the opponents cannot run five tricks in any suit.

An example is the diagramed deal. If North-South had been able to land in three no-trump, they would have had no trouble. There are eight *obvious* tricks available, and there is no way in which the declarer can be prevented from scoring a ninth.

At first sight, it might seem that five diamonds would come home too, since there was only one quick loser and many sources of tricks. In practice, however, there are serious problems. The reader may care to make up his mind whether this contract should succeed with best play.

North-South reached five diamonds after the sequence shown in the diagram. West made the sensible lead of a trump, and South won in the dummy. He left the heart king and played later on loser, discarding his spade nine.

West won with the heart ace, but made a fatal error by shifting to a spade. If he had persevered with a trump, he would have beaten the contract by two tricks for he would have been able to remove dummy's trumps before South could achieve a club ruff and the declarer would be left with two club losers.

As it was, South was able to win the spade ace, give up a club trick, and regain the dummy with a club ruff to discard his remain loser on the heart queen.

In the replay, Nor reached the same contract North position after a com ficial auction. East led t king, which was won with t

The declarer cashed th ace and returned a spade, ing two tricks in the No when East won with th However, another spade minous, for West had to trump trick in addition to ace.

As it turns out, five dia unmakable from either s table if the defense is re careful. However, with declarer, there is a double road to 11 tricks: North ru the spade king to win the f and he can then maneuver ruffs in his hand.

NORTH (D)
♠ J 10 6 4
♡ K Q 7 6 5
◇ K 8 2
♣ Q

WEST	EAST
♠ 3 2	♠ K Q 8
♡ A J 10 8 2	♡ 9 6 4 3
◇ J 9 5	◇ —
♣ A 7 3	♣ J 10 9

SOUTH
♠ A 9
♡ —
◇ A Q 10 8 7 6 3
♣ K 8 4 2

East and West were vulnerable. The bidding:

North	East	South
Pass	Pass	1 ◇
1 ♡	Pass	2 ◇
3 ◇	Pass	5 ◇
Pass		

West led the diamond five.

هكذا من الاصل

مكتبة من الاصل

…e and Burleson …p Red Sox Win

…Sept. 13 (UPI) — Jim …k Burleson each had …d Chuck Rainey scat… last night in leading …ed Sox to a 9-2 victory …w York Yankees in a …ng Carl Yastrzemski's …-league hit.

…i., who had failed in …ries to reach the 3,000 …gled to right with two …ghth off Jim Beattie to …15th major leaguer to …eau.

…ays 3, Orioles 2

…, Rick Cerone hit a …s-loaded single in the …o lead Toronto to a 3-… Baltimore.

…rs 4, Indians 1

… Milt Wilcox and Au… combined on a four-…ry Morales and Lance …un-scoring doubles as …ted Cleveland, 4-1.

…als 4, Twins 0

…, City, Mo., Dennis …hed a three-hitter and …rove in two runs to …, City to a 4-0 victory …ta.

…s 13, Mariners 3

…n, Texas, Willie Mon… in five runs with a …omer and a single as …attle, 13-3.

…ewers 7, A's 0

…kee, Cecil Cooper and … hit home runs and …ll pitched a two-hitter … defeated Oakland, 7-…

Sox 11, Angels 5

…, Jim Morrison drove …and Mike Colern hit a … to lead Chicago to an …ver California.

…ls 7, Astros 4

…ional League, in Cin-… Knight and Doug Col-… hits apiece as the …oe Niekro and defeat-…7-4.

…pos 6, Cubs 3

…al, Tony Perez drove in two runs with an eight-inning double, starting a three-run rally that carried the Expos to a 6-3 victory over Chicago.

Pirates 2, Cardinals 0

In Pittsburgh, RBI singles by Ed Ott and Phil Garner led Pittsburgh past St. Louis, 2-0.

Dodgers 5, Padres 2

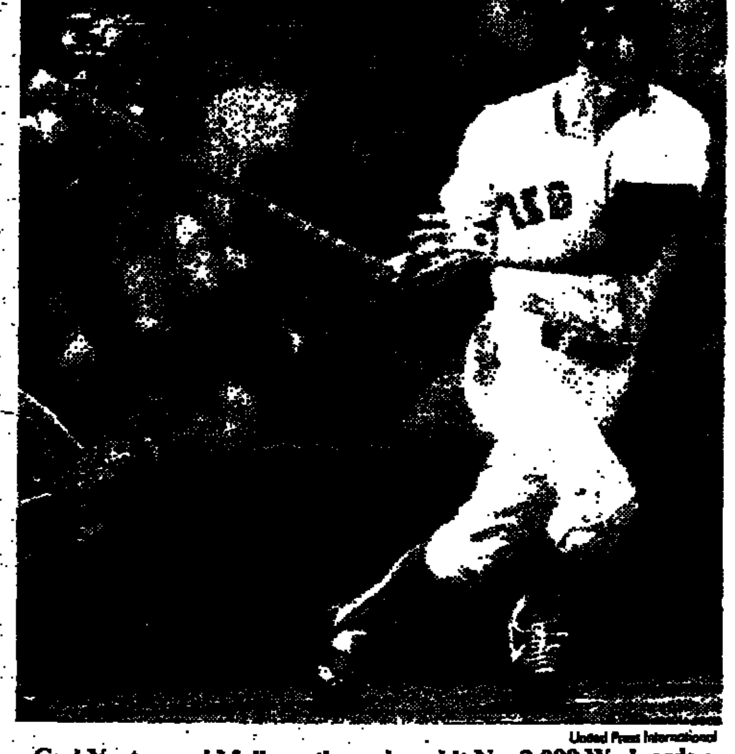
In Los Angeles, Bill Russell and Steve Garvey had three hits each to back the eight-hit pitching of Charlie Hough and Bobby Castillo as the Dodgers defeated San Diego, 5-2.

Giants 4, Braves 3

In San Francisco, Vida Blue's bunt single helped ignite a two-run third-inning rally as San Francisco nipped Atlanta, 4-3.

Phillies 4, Mets 0

In New York, Randy Lerch tripled in two runs in a three-run second inning and Philadelphia defeated New York, 4-0.



United Press International

Carl Yastrzemski follows through on hit No. 3,000 Wednesday.

Single in 8th off Yanks' Beattie

Yastrzemski Gets 3,000th

By Murray Chass

BOSTON, Sept. 13 (NYT) — Carl Yastrzemski, with an assist from Dwight Evans' infield single, ended three nights of growing frustration last night by grounding a single to right field off Jim Beattie with two out in the eighth inning for the 3,000th hit of his 19-year major-league career.

The 40-year-old Boston captain thus became the first American Leaguer to reach both the 3,000-hit and 400-homer plateaus. Henry Aaron, Stan Musial and Willie Mays were the only other players to achieve those totals.

Yastrzemski is the 15th player to record 3,000 hits. Lou Brock of the St. Louis Cardinals became the 14th on Aug. 13.

Chasing Their Pitches

"The only explanation I can think of," said a happy and relieved Yaztrzemski, about why it took him three games to get the historic hit, "is the way the fans reacted the last three days. I wanted to get the hit for the fans in the stands that day. I was chasing pitches, going after pitchers' pitches. I was anxious."

The long-awaited hit led to Boston's final run in a 9-2 victory over the Yankees and Catfish Hunter, the Yankee starter who received a standing ovation and a demand for an encore appearance on the field when he left the game in the fifth inning.

This was the final appearance in Boston for Hunter, and the Fenway Park crowd of 34,337 wanted to express its appreciation for the pitcher's 15 years of a career filled with class.

Hunter, of course, was not the pitcher who threw the pitch that Yastrzemski hit for No. 3,000. Beattie, who was 6 years old when Yastrzemski got his first major league hit in 1961, was the man.

Evans, the Boston right fielder, earned an assist in the heightening Fenway drama because his infield single in the seventh inning snapped Beattie's string of six consecutive outs and insured an additional time at bat for Yastrzemski in the eighth.

Yastrzemski, who had added three hitless times at bat to the seven he had amassed since stroking his 2,999th hit Sunday, swung at Beattie's first pitch in the eighth, a sinking fastball, and grounded it between first and second.

Willie Randolph, the Yankees' second baseman, darted several steps to his left toward first base and reached down for the ball, but it scooted just beyond his glove into right field.

Instantly, fans hurled pink, blue, orange, yellow and green streamers onto the field. Yastrzemski's teammates raced from the dugout and mobbed him. A microphone was set up near first base for an instant ceremony, which lasted 15 minutes.

Reggie Jackson, who had fielded the hit, stood between first and second, waiting for a chance to give the ball to Yastrzemski. Finally, he broke into the mob, handed Yastrzemski the ball and embraced him. Before he began to speak to the fans, Yastrzemski handed the ball to Vince Orlando, the Red Sox' equipment man, who put it in his pocket for safekeeping.

Ovations Are Fun

"I know one thing," Yaztrzemski told the crowd after manager Billy Martin had led the Yankees over to congratulate him. "The last hit was the hardest of all 3,000. It took so long because I really enjoyed all these standing ovations you gave me the last three nights."

For his achievement, Yastrzemski received a scroll from the American League office and a trophy from the Red Sox. He also received a salute from Beattie, a Dartmouth graduate, who grew up in South Portland, Me.

"I'm trying to get the guy out," said Beattie, who did get him out on a grounder to Randolph in the sixth inning. "I know it's been a long week for him. This must be quite a relief. When it first happened, I thought I just gave up a hit. Then I remembered. At that point, I turned into a fan. When I was growing up in Maine, I can't remember the Sox without Yastrzemski."

Yastrzemski, who grew up in Southampton, N.Y., playing baseball on the same team as his father, thanked a host of people, including his teammates, Manager Don Zimmer and Carl, Sr.

He concluded emotionally by thanking "the two people who probably were my biggest boosters, my mother and Mr. Yawkey.

"They deserve to be here," he said. "I'd like to thank God for giving me a great body and the desire to achieve 3,000 hits." His mother and Tom Yawkey, the longtime Red Sox owner, are dead.

Beattie recalled meeting Yastrzemski for the first time last January when they attended a dinner in Manchester, N.H.

No Identity Problem

"We were riding in a limousine," said the 25-year-old right hander. "He was sitting in the front seat, and I was in the back. He turned around and introduced himself. He didn't have to — I knew who he was."

Hunter, who gave up Boston's first seven runs, was not the one because he walked Yastrzemski in the first inning ahead of Jim Rice's 36th homer, then retired him on a fly to the warning track in right-center field in the third and a hard grounder to first base in the fourth.

When Beattie set down the left-handed hitter in the sixth, Yastrzemski was faced with a mushrooming slump. Since he registered his 2,998th hit last Friday night in a three-hit flurry, the Red Sox had amassed 42 hits, but he had only one of them in 18 tries.

As he walked to the plate in the eighth, thanks to Evans's single the previous inning, the crowd once again cheered and clapped and whistled in anticipation. Bill Haller, the plate umpire, checked the ball and tossed it back to Beattie.

Most of the fans were on their feet, and Yastrzemski quickly rewarded them for their encouragement. As he ran to first, the sore-legged star watched the ball, but displayed no sign of elation or acknowledgement of the hit.

Ted Sizemore: Instant Replay

BOSTON, Sept. 13 (UPI) — Ted Sizemore will never reach 3,000 hits in his career. But he has the unique distinction of watching the only two who did attain the coveted mark this year.

Sizemore was a Chicago Cub when Lou Brock got his 3,000th hit earlier this summer against the Cubs. Later acquired by the Sox, he flied to left just before watching Carl Yastrzemksi ground a single to right to become the 15th player to reach 3,000.

"There was the same excitement and electricity. I'm glad I was a part of them. Lou's was a real thrill for me because I knew him for so long and batted ahead of him when he was setting records," Sizemore said.

Sizemore said he hadn't gotten to know Yastrzemski the person. But he had nothing but praise for Yastrzemski the athlete. "It's unbelievable, a great feat. He deserves all the accolades he gets. He has never had a 200 hit season. That's phenomenal."

Career Highlights

Hits

No. 1 — April 11, 1961, against Ray Herbert of Kansas City in Boston in his first time at bat in the major leagues.
No. 1,000 — Sept. 15, 1966, against Jack Lamabe of Chicago, in Boston.
No. 2,000 — June 9, 1973, against Steve Foucault of Texas, in Arlington, Texas.
No. 2,500 — July 26, 1976, against Stan Thomas of Cleveland, in Boston.
No. 3,000 — Sept. 12, 1979, against Jim Beattie of New York, in Boston.

Home Runs

No. 1 — May 9, 1961, against Jerry Casale of the Los Angeles Angels, in Los Angeles.
No. 100 — May 16, 1967, against Eddie Fisher of Baltimore, in Boston.
No. 200 — Sept. 23, 1969, against Mel Stottlemyre of New York, in Boston.
No. 300 — July 25, 1974, against Mickey Lolich of Detroit, in Detroit.
No. 400 — July 24, 1979, against Mike Morgan of Oakland, in Boston.

Quarterback Quick-Whistle Rule a Second-Guesser's Field Day

NFL Pocket a No-Poaching Preserve

By William N. Wallace

NEW YORK, Sept. 13 (NYT) — An example of the way the National Football League's new preserve-the-quarterback rule can change the outcome of a game came up last Sunday.

The game was between Detroit and Washington, the Redskins winning, 27-24, on Mark Moseley's 41-yard field goal with eight seconds to play. Earlier, Washington quarterback Joe Theismann fumbled when hit by Lion linebacker Jon Brooks.

James Hunter, a Lion cornerback, scooped up the ball and headed for the Redskin goal line, 85 yards away. He probably would have made it untouched. But Gene Barth, the referee, had stopped the action by blowing his whistle when Brooks had a good grip on Theismann.

That is the new rule: "Officials are to blow the play dead as soon as the quarterback is clearly in the grip of any tackler."

Saving the VIPs

The idea, of course, is to save the quarterbacks. The NFL's competition committee, the rules-making body, acted after what seemed to be increasing attrition among those playing the game's most important position.

Two highly visible incidents last season were motivations.

Minnesota's Tommy Kramer was slammed to the ground by the Rams' Jim Youngblood in a nationally televised game; Kramer lay there for minutes, unconscious, his body heaving and twitching. He proved to be unhurt, but no one knew that immediately after Youngblood had tossed him about like a sack of sugar.

Similarly, Baltimore's Bert Jones, playing with an injured shoulder and in great pain, was hit again and again by the Washington Redskins during a Monday-night TV game, but endured to complete a winning touchdown pass to Roger Carr.

The new rule creates two situations that expose the officials to second-guessing from fans and coaches.

Suppose the quarterback, in the act of throwing a pass, is in the grip of a defensive player. But the pass is thrown and completed — with the play then called back because the whistle had blown. That kind of play will not be happening anymore.

Furthermore it is all but impossible for those in press boxes — such as writers and broadcasters — or those watching on television to hear the play-stopping whistle. Exactly when was it blown?

The second situation involves a fumble, as in Theismann's against Detroit. Everybody sees the fumble and the resulting play, but few hear the quick whistle.

10-Point Play

The Theismann instance amounted to a 10-point play, because the Lions lost Hunter's touchdown and Moseley kicked a field goal immediately afterward. Last season, without the quick whistle, the 10-point swing would have gone in favor of Detroit.

The extra protection afforded the quarterback by the quick whistle does not apply when he is scrambling outside his passing pocket or carrying the ball like a running back.

Major League Line Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE

New York 010 000 010—2 6 2
Boston 200 330 01x—9 15 0
Hunter, Beattie (5) and Narron; Rainey and O'Berry. W—Rainey, 5-5. L—Hunter, 2-9. HR—Boston, Rice (37).

Baltimore 001 000 010—2 6 0
Toronto 000 002 01x—3 8 1
Palmer and Dempsey; Edge and Cerone. W—Edge, 3-2. L—Palmer, 8-6. HRs—Baltimore, Singleton (33). Toronto, Bosetti (7).

Minnesota 000 000 000—0 3 1
Kansas City 000 002 02x—4 7 1
Koosman, Redfern (8) and Wynegar; Leonard and Porter. W—Leonard, 12-10. L—Koosman, 18-11.

Cleveland 000 000 100—1 4 1
Detroit 000 200 02x—4 6 1
Waits, Cruz (8), Monge (8) and Hassey; Wilcox, Lopez (9) and Parrish. W—Wilcox, 12-7. L—Waits, 14-13. HR—Cleveland, Hassey (3).

Oakland 000 000 000—0 2 0
Milwaukee 001 320 01x—7 10 0
Morgan, Minetto (5), Heaverlo (7) and Newman; Caldwell and Moore. W—Caldwell, 15-6. L—Morgan, 2-8. HRs—Milwaukee, Cooper (23). Oglivie (26).

California 103 001 000—5 12 2
Chicago 630 001 01x—11 13 0
Knapp, Barlow (1), LaRoche (7), Ferris (8) and Downing; Kravec, Proly (6) and Colbern. W—Kravec, 12-13. L—Knapp, 3-4. HRs—California, Baylor (34). Chicago, Bosley (1).

Seattle 001 002 000—3 10 2
Texas 000 506 20x—13 18 0
Honeycutt, Lewis (5), Stelo (6), Twitchell (7), Rowley (8) and Cox, Stinson (7); Medich, Kern (9) and Sundberg, Mahlberg (9). W—Medich, 9-6. L—Honeycutt, 10-11. HRs—Texas, Montanez (5), Zisk (16).

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Atlanta 000 010 002—3 9 4
San Francisco 002 110 00x—4 6 0
Solomon, Bradford (7) and Benedict; Blue, Lavelle (9) and Littlejohn. W—Blue, 12-13. L—Solomon, 6-12. HR—San Francisco, Ivie (24).

St. Louis 000 000 000—0 6 0
Pittsburgh 010 010 00x—2 5 0
B.Forsch, McEnaney (8) and Simmons; Candelaria, Tekulve (9) and Ott. W—Candelaria, 14-8. L—B.Forsch, 9-11.

Chicago 300 000 000—3 10 1
Montreal 001 000 23x—6 6 0
Lamp, Sutter (7) and Blackwell; Rogers and Carter. W—Rogers, 13-9. L—Sutter, 4-6. HR—Montreal, Parrish (25).

Philadelphia 130 000 000—4 8 0
New York 000 000 000—0 7 2
Lerch and Boone; Swan, R.Jackson (4), Reardon (8) and Trevino. W—Lerch, 9-12. L—Swan, 12-12.

Houston 100 030 000—4 11 0
Cincinnati 300 301 00x—7 12 1
J.Niekro, Niemann (4), Lodd (5), Sprowl (6), Andujar (7), Sambito (8) and Pujols, Bochy (8); LaCoss, Pastore (5), Hume (9) and Bench. W—Pastore, 4-6. L—J.Niekro, 18-10.

San Diego 000 000 110—2 8 1
Los Angeles 002 011 01x—5 11 1
Rasmussen, Lee (5), D'Acquisto (8) and Fahey; Hough, Castillo (8) and Oates. W—Hough, 5-5. L—Rasmussen, 4-9. HR—San Diego, Winfield (30).

Major League Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

East

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Baltimore	94	49	.657	—
Milwaukee	85	60	.586	10
Boston	81	61	.570	12½
New York	78	64	.549	15½
Detroit	78	68	.534	17½
Cleveland	74	71	.510	21
Toronto	46	98	.319	48½

West

	W	L	Pct.	GB
California	80	66	.548	—
Kansas City	77	69	.527	3
Minnesota	74	71	.510	5½
Texas	73	73	.500	7
Chicago	63	82	.434	16½
Seattle	61	86	.415	19½
Oakland	50	96	.342	30

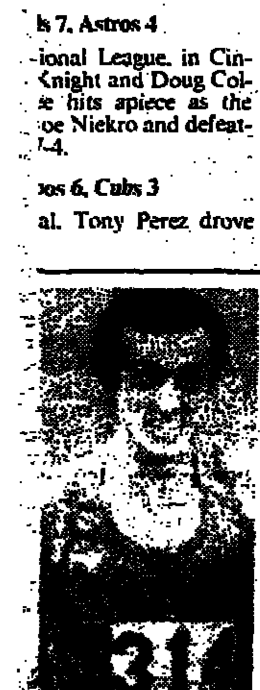
NATIONAL LEAGUE

East

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Montreal	84	55	.60431	½
Pittsburgh	87	57	.60417	—
St. Louis	76	66	.535	10
Chicago	73	70	.510	13½
Philadelphia	73	71	.507	14
New York	55	87	.387	31

West

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Cincinnati	83	63	.568	—
Houston	81	64	.559	1½
Los Angeles	69	76	.476	13½
San Francisco	64	83	.438	19
San Diego	62	84	.425	21
Atlanta	56	88	.389	26



AP

…Mennea …En route to record

Pietro Mennea Sets World Mark For 200 Meters

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 13 (UPI) — Pietro Mennea, who had been courting a world record for 11 years, yesterday achieved his elusive goal by winning the 200-meter dash in a world-record time of 19.72 seconds at the 10th World University Games here.

With a slight helping wind, the 27-year-old Italian shattered the long-standing record of 19.83, established by Tommy Smith during the 1968 Mexico Olympics.

Mennea took the lead at the 50-meter mark and never let up, apparently aware that the world record was in sight. Earlier this week, he clocked 19.96 in a qualifying heat.

"I hope that my record will last as long as that of Smith because it is a dream to break a record that has been standing for so long," he said. "Smith's record was a fantasy, something unreal, and that's why nobody had broken it before," he added.

Meyers Is Cut By NBA Pacers

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 13 (UPI) — Ann Meyers, the first woman signed to a contract by an NBA team, was cut last night by the Indiana Pacers after three days of tryouts.

Meyers, 24, a graduate of UCLA, was one of three players trimmed from the Indiana roster by Coach Bobby Leonard. She will be retained with the team in an as-yet unannounced administrative capacity.

"I'll tell you one thing," said Leonard. "From a fundamentuls standpoint she is excellent. Some of the guys in this camp can better thank God she doesn't have more height and more weight." Meyers is 5-foot-9 and weighs about 135.

England Nips Danes On Goal by Keegan

From Agency Dispatches

LONDON, Sept. 13 — Kevin Keegan's 16th-minute goal here yesterday gave England a 1-0 victory over Denmark and an almost certain place in June's European Championship playoffs in Italy.

But the Group 1 match underlined England's current lack of firepower and apparently endless struggle to break out of its sterile shell at Wembley.

England has nine points from five group matches — two more points than Northern Ireland and four more than Republic of Ireland, while Denmark and Bulgaria have already been eliminated.

Keegan lived up to his European-Footballer-of-the-Year title, but got little help from his teammates. His goal came when Steve Coppell broke down the right and sent a long center across the Danish penalty area. Peter Barnes's dummy deceived the Danish defense, and Keegan came in on the far side to hammer a thundering left-foot shot into the roof of the net.

In Athens, midfielder Nikoloudis scored a 24th-minute goal to give Greece a 1-0 victory over the Soviet Union and effectively close the door on Russian and Hungarian hopes of qualifying for the champions ip playoffs.

The win left the Greeks at the top of Group 6 with seven points from their six-match program. Only Finland, with five points from four matches, can overhaul Greece, but the Finns face two tough away matches against the Soviet Union and Hungary.

In Lausanne, Poland defeated Switzerland 2-0 in a qualifying Group 4 game before 25,000 spectators here. Stanislaw Terlecki of LSK Lodsz scored both goals, in the 35th and 63d minutes, from 16 and 20 meters out respectively.

In Reykjavik, East Germany beat Iceland 3-0 in another Group 4 match. All three goals came in the second half. The Netherlands remains the group leader with 10 points from five games: undefeated Poland has eight points from four games.

In friendly matches, in Glasgow, Scotland and Peru drew 1-1, and in Berlin, West Germany beat world champion Argentina 2-1. Allofs and Rummenigge scored for the winners; Argentina's goal came from Castro.

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(Continued from Back Page)

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PAGES 18 & 15 FOR MORE CLASSIFIEDS

William Saroyan

Hinky Dinky . . .

PARIS (IHT) — One of the most amazing songs I have ever heard was a French version of the American doughboy's Mademoiselle From Armentieres, which as you may remember contains the refrain hinky dinky parley voo.

Well, suddenly on a car radio in California, somewhere between Yettem and Armona, I came wide awake because a young woman with a voice loud with joy and laughter was singing in the French language that famous song.

And whenever she came to the American doughboy's version of the French language, hinky dinky parley voo, this singer made hinky dinky parley voo sound like pure French, not American. And yet none of the comedy of the absurd phrase was lost, nobody felt belittled, and everything was high spirits and American-Gallic cordiality.

Well, I stopped the car so that I might better appreciate the young lady's superb usage of the failure of American soldiers to get the hang of French language boy-girl small talk.

I failed of course.

I might have seized and kept the song had I had a tape recorder handy, but in those days I had no tape recorder and indeed nobody had.

It was not until a few years later that I heard that Bing Crosby Enterprises was in possession of a revolutionary breakthrough in sound recording — not by means of discs but on plastic tape. Until then, the only tape I had known about was black for bicycle handlebars, and Scotch for mending torn paper.

* * *

How had that girl, whoever she was, whenever she had made the record, played by a small radio station in Visalia, where in the Public Square stood the original sculpture called The End of the Trail, which finally the Cowboy Museum bought and installed in the entry hall at Oklahoma City, paying good money and replacing the original with a replica many people considered better than the original — newer, fresher, not quite so tattered and torn by the winds of the area and the affectionate usage of small boys with dreams of glory — how had that unknown and nameless singer managed to make American gibberish sound like the veriest, the most delightful, and the naughtiest French ever spoken by laughing human mouth?

Well, however it may have been, I have added the expectation some day of hearing the record again to the other things that I have lined up in the gallery of my heart as being possibilities to make drab time luminous and numinous, for there is such a word, as I recently found out in Bulgaria. Numinous means something enough like luminous to prevent me from ever again using it. Why should I? It would only cause questions and answers.

I want to hear that girl belt out hinky dinky parley voo in French again, and until I do I have no choice but to look after my health, because one of these days it's going to happen.

* * *

Long before Edith Piaf came along singing profane songs as if they were hymns, I was addicted to a dozen 78-rpm records made by Lucienne Boyer, whose style was anything but hymnic. On the contrary, it was a very blue style, melancholic, virtually hopeless, with a male chorus now and then growling in the background that gave the imagination the image of vaudeville performers in apache dives. You probably know the scene, which surely inspired the writing of the song My Man, as sung by Fannie Brice in one of the big Broadway shows of 50 years ago.

Well, Lucienne Boyer for my money was the best singer among the French girls, ever.

Only Miss Machado of Lisboa singing fado delivered anything at all like the kind of hopeless despair that somehow all the same was the opposite of depressing, while her daughter, same name, took to singing in clubs in Paris, and perhaps even in New York, but I never saw her and never heard a record of hers on a car radio.

But in Paris itself, in all of France itself, I have still to see a real apache somewhere or other, or even in a nightclub act, so where are they?

What happened to the slim fellow who treated his woman as if she were so much blubber?

Is this another case of hinky dinky parley voo?

But who was *that* girl? *Where is she?* What's her name, how did she ever happen to make a record of that song?

Mary Blume

The Postcard and the Avant-Garde

'A Medium That Can Be Used By Anybody, Even Art Critics'

PARIS (IHT) — Picture postcards have been circulating through the mails since 1869, but only recently have they become prey for collectors. Prices have reached such zany heights that an old postcard of a detail of Georges de Feure's lithograph, "Retour," fetched more on sale this year than the original lithograph.

Artists, too, have been attracted to the postcard format as far back as Schiele, Kandinsky and Klee. In the 1960s the art card took a new turn with Mail Art, in which the passage of the card through the post office (and past the eyes of nosy neighbors or concierges) is considered a part of the work. Certain artists specialize in making costly postcards in limited editions; others make cards for cheap reproduction that sell for less than 50 cents.

Collectors

Inevitably, these cards have their collectors (collectors of the new art cards especially like cards in series) and their exhibitions. There have been shows as far away as New Zealand; in New York the art card thrives; in London it has died, at MIT there was a show of Copy Art: cards made on a Xerox color photocopy machine. In Paris now and until the end of the month there is, in the entrance hall of the Musee des Arts Decoratifs, the first French show of the new art postcards: Le Premier Festival International de la Carte Postale Avant-Garde.

The Arts Decoratifs show, which includes 800 works by 294 artists, is part of a movement to show art cards in accessible spots in France and Italy.

"We put up shows in museum entrances so the public can see them without charge and they can't miss them on their way to something else," says Christian Rigal, who helped organize the show. "We also show them in restaurants and places like the Palace."

Artists in the show include the famous (Miro, Tamayo, Motherwell), others equally well known but not for their graphics (Martha Graham, John Cage, Bob Wilson), those who work only in postcards, such as Harvey Redding in New York, and people who are not artists at all.

"It shows that the postcard is a medium that can be used by anybody, even art critics and museum directors and two kids in mental institutions," Rigal says.

Since well-known establishment figures are included in the show, the word avant-garde in its title applies to the attitude that postcards can be original art form.

"We use the word avant-garde to distinguish these cards from the kind you can see everywhere," Rigal says. "They haven't yet been accepted by the general public, they are still confined to the art world. They are a good way to introduce the public to avant-garde work because the public isn't scared by postcards. A postcard is less intimidating than a large canvas."



"Intrusions" by Jean Louis Gaillemin

The show has examples of Copy Art (one artist copied his profile with a Xerox machine, another settled for a crumpled Coca-Cola can) and Mail Art from the Fluxus group who began sending each other original postcards in the 1960s. There is also work by a Chicago artist named Barbara Rubin who is currently working on a show called "Send a Card to Barbara."

There are art card artists who specialize in typography, others who use rubber stamps. One artist, Bruce Schnabel, designs luxurious packages for postcards; one made from Japanese mulberry paper with knotted linen cords is on view. Several cards are on sale at the museum.

"We hope that the people who buy them will send them," Rigal says.

"One group of eight French artists over the space of one year sent each other more than a thousand cards, which got wierder and wierder. Ninety percent of them got delivered." These included a Kleenex, a face cloth, a plastic bag of sand and a laminated T-shirt. Which leads to the obvious question: What, then, is a postcard?

Definition

"Like sculpture, which now can be most anything, there is no longer a precise definition of a postcard," Mr. Rigal said. "You can define a postcard by what it is not. It is not a letter, it is not a package, it is not a telegram. It is everything else.

"According to postal regulations a postcard should be a certain size, but even this no longer applied. A French Metro ticket travelled as a postcard in Italy although it is well below legal size."

The art card artist's imagination is as boundless as the postman's patience. One artist not only made his own card, he also made his own stamp. And sent it, successfully, through the mail.

'You can define a postcard by what it is not. It is not a letter, it is not a package, it is not a telegram. It is everything else.'

PEOPLE: *Prince Andrew Follows Family Naval Tradition*

Britain's Prince Andrew follows family tradition today by embarking on a career in the Royal Navy. The prince, 19, son of Queen Elizabeth, has entered the Royal Naval College in Dartmouth, England, as a midshipman earning £3,200 ($7,000) a year. Prince Andrew's elder brother, Prince Charles, and their father, Prince Philip, also began their naval careers at Dartmouth. The prince plans to train as a helicopter pilot and will stay at the college until next April.

* * *

Joan Kennedy says she's been around politics so long that the thought of becoming first lady and living in the White House does not bother her at all. "At least I think so," the wife of Sen. Edward Kennedy said in an interview with the Quincy (Mass.) Patriot Ledger. "You don't really know until you actually do something. But the thought of the White House doesn't frighten me. After all, I've been in the political world for years. In 1958, when I was 21 and engaged to Ted, I ran around campaigning for Jack, who was running for re-election to the Senate. I've been at it for a long time," she said, referring to the campaign of her husband's late brother, President John F. Kennedy. . . On the other hand, former First Lady Betty Ford said in Chicago that she does not want her husband to run again for president but would support him if he did. "I don't think he's going to do it," she said of her husband, former President Gerald Ford." Mrs. Ford made the comments on the Phil Donahue Show, where she also spoke candidly about her bout with prescription drugs and alcohol.

* * *

The Tennessee Board of Medical Examiners has charged that Dr. George Nichopolous, a Memphis physician, "indiscriminately" prescribed "uppers, downers and painkillers" for Elvis Presley for two years prior to his death on Aug. 16, 1977. An audit of drugsale records of Memphis pharmacies revealed that Nichopolous prescribed for the rock singer such drugs as Quaalude, Dilaudid, Amytal, Percodan, Demerol and Biphetamine, a spokesman for the board of examiners said. The charges were contained in a "thick legal file in which Nichopolous is also accused of "indiscriminate prescription of prescription drugs" to 15 other persons. Nicol[illegible] who will answer the charg[illegible] later date, said after Presley [illegible] the singer "abused dru[illegible]dentally" but did not di[illegible] overdose.

* * *

James Farrell, author "Studs Lonigan" trilogy, bulk of his small estate to friend instead of his wife, to his will, filed in Surrogate Court. Farrell, Aug. 22 at the age of 75. Cleo Paturis as the primary, as well as executor will. She was described only as "my friend." She the same building where had lived. Farrell's third wife, Sidie Farrell, also was in the will, but it was said the estate would be divi[illegible] and Farrell were married and separated in 1958. Clifford Foster said the e[illegible] valued at less than $10[illegible] consisted mainly of some author's manuscripts. Fo[illegible] that while Farrell was [illegible] manuscripts had been give[illegible] University of Pennsylvania.

* * *

Playboy magazine is ce[illegible] 25th anniversary, and [illegible] Hugh Hefner is doing it [illegible] own Hollywood palace. A[illegible]grim was the star of the Tuesday's kick-off party, featured in the magazine Playmate centerfold — in and the only model ever t[illegible] folded three times. Says H[illegible] his career as the sultan of [illegible]ism, "It's been a man's fa[illegible]tasy come to life . . . a lar[illegible] filled wall-to-wall with so[illegible] most beautiful women [illegible] world."

* * *

Five years ago actor Rod [illegible] played Benito Mussolini in [illegible]ian production "Mussolini: [illegible] Last Act," which depicted [illegible]ian dictator's final days [illegible] being killed by partisans. [illegible] has signed to play Mussolini [illegible] this time at the height of [illegible] The 52-year-old actor will [illegible] American producer-director [illegible]tapha Akkad's $25 million [illegible] "Omar Mukhtar," about the [illegible] invasion of Libya and the [illegible] resistance led by Mukhtar [illegible] by Anthony Quinn.

—SAMUEL JUS[illegible]

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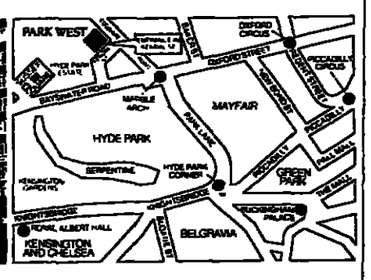
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